The Chicago Daily Tribune.

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CHICAGO AFTER BIG CONVENTION.

Hamilton Club and Other Organizations Planning Campaign to Win Over National Committee.

MONEY CHIEF NECESSITY.

Belief in Washington Is That Perry S. Heath Will Cease to Be Secretary After Next Meeting.

[BY RAYMOND.]

Washington, D. C., Nov. 30.—[Special.]—Elaborate plans now are being made by the Hamilton club and other Chicagoans interested in securing the next national republican convention for Chicago. A red hot campaign will be inaugurated here two or three days before the national committee meets, and Representative Mann, acting for Gale Blocki, secretary of the Hamilton club and of the committee on arrangements, today engaged public and private headquarters at the Arlington hotel for the accommodation of the Chicago contingent.

He also engaged rooms at the Willard, Raleigh, and other leading hotels, and while the principal headquarters will be at the Arlington, where the national committee will meet, branch headquarters will be established at other leading hotels in order to enable those engaged in this work to confer with members of the national committee.

Public Headquarters Chosen.

Public headquarters are to be located on the ground floor of the Arlington hotel, a large room on the left of the women's entrance to the hotel having been engaged for this purpose. A large suite of rooms on the second floor has been engaged as private headquarters, where the real work of the Chicago committee will be done.

A large delegation from Chicago, headed by James J. Sheridan, president of the Hamilton club, will arrive in Washington two or three days before the committee meets. Secretary Blocki will arrange for elaborately decorating the headquarters, and the visitors will have ample funds with which to make a good showing.

The delegation will consist of about fifty members, and immediately upon its arrival here will begin work upon the members of the national committee, soliciting their support for Chicago and showing exactly what the people of that city are willing to do liberally to secure the convention.

Committee Is Favorable.

The work in securing pledges for support has been greatly simplified by the fact that most thirty members of the national committee have already signified that they are favorable to Chicago and will undoubtedly vote for that city, providing it comes forward with the necessary funds. Not only are a majority of the national committee in favor of Chicago but many leading politicians would like to have the convention held there, as it is conceded by all to be the most desirable place in the United States for this purpose.

Under these circumstances Chicago should have smooth sailing and the work of the delegation should be easy, and Chicago will capture the prize if the Hamilton club and those working for the convention come to Washington equipped with gilt edged pledges for a subscription of $100,000 or that amount of money in cold cash.

It has been impressed upon this delegation it is useless for them to come here unless they are fully prepared to convince the national committee that Chicago can produce the $100,000 when it is needed.

Funds Alone Are Needed.

They have been told by friends of Chicago that the conventions both in 1896 and 1900 were lost simply because Chicago's representatives did not come to Washington with satisfactory pledges. They have been warned the same thing will occur this year unless $100,000 in cold cash or its equivalent can be produced and shown to the members of the national committee.

If this is done Chicago can have the convention almost for the asking, but if it is not done it cannot have it, notwithstanding a majority of the committee would be glad to have it held in the city on Lake Michigan.

St. Louis will also enter the race and representatives from that city have engaged headquarters at the Arlington, directly opposite to those which will be occupied by the Chicago contingent.

Smith Would Select Chicago.

"If I had the authority to name in which city the next national republican convention should be held I would select Chicago without the slightest hesitation," said Representative Smith of Illinois. "It is the best place in the country for such a purpose, being centrally located, and therefore convenient for the delegates from all sections.

"Chicago has had much experience in caring for conventions, and all politicians who have attended meetings of this kind will be glad to return. They know they can secure first class hotel accommodations at reasonable rates.

"The railroad and street car service is such as to make it possible for the delegates and visitors to reach Chicago, and leave with comfort and convenience. The city has halls suitable for the accommodation of large gatherings, and altogether the city is so well equipped that all others should not be considered."

Heath Is Expected to Get Out.

There is a general understanding here that Perry S. Heath has already resigned from the republican national committee. At least it is believed he wrote out his resignation some time ago and left it in the hands of some friend like Gen. Dick or Senator Hanna, to be presented or not as circumstances shall dictate.

It is admitted on all sides that the reflections against Mr. Heath contained in Assistant Postmaster General Bristow's report are such as to render a change in the position of secretary of the national committee absolutely certain. It is not necessary, however, that this change should be made at a meeting of the committee next week. The committee does when the next national convention is permanently organized. Neither the chairman nor the secretary now in office has the slightest thing to do with the conduct of the next national campaign.

Every member of the committee must be elected anew and officers chosen at a meeting held after the conclusion of the convention. Neither Chairman Hanna nor Secretary

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SUMMARY OF The Daily Tribune.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1903.

THE WEATHER—

Partly cloudy Tuesday and Wednesday, with possibly light snow flurries, slight change in temperature, variable winds, mostly fresh northerly. Temperature, max., 29; min., 19. Wind, N. W., max. 28, at 1:30 a. m. Sunrise, 6:59; sunset, 4:20. Moonset, 8:19 a. m.

WASHINGTON:—

Headquarters engaged for Hamilton club's campaign to secure republican national convention for Chicago; members practically assured by committeemen they will succeed if $100,000 is guaranteed. **Page 1.**

Leonard Wood accused by Gen. John R. Brooke before senate committee with insubordination and disrespect to superiors while he was governor of Cuba. **Page 1.**

Kansas law fixing day's labor on state, county, and city work, or on public contracts, at eight hours upheld by federal Supreme court; personal liberty not involved. **Page 1.**

President Roosevelt asked by Fred Busse and Dan Campbell of Illinois to aid C. S. Deneen's gubernatorial candidacy; president praised him, but will be neutral. **Page 4.**

LOCAL:—

Union Traction company accused in city council by transportation committee with secretly fighting City railway ordinance; present franchise extended. **Page 1.**

Public convicted of being fad crazy by Irving Park Woman's club; historical novels, burnt wood, kangaroo walk, food tablets, and microbes included in list. **Page 1.**

Graft committee's saloon ordinance practically killed by city council, which sent it to license committee, on Ald. Cullerton's motion; latter organization hostile. **Page 2.**

Chicago Orchestra's new building in Michigan avenue practically assured by next year; title to proposed site taken by Bryan Lathrop, J. J. Glessner, and D. H. Burnham. **Page 16.**

Brode B. Davis, attorney for city graft investigating committee, threatened with death unless crusade is stopped; police department inquiry to be resumed today. **Page 2.**

Car barn bandits arraigned before Judge Kersten; plea of guilty made only by Marx; innocence maintained by others in order to see him hanged for confessing. **Page 3.**

A. W. Graham tried all day to withdraw $300 deposited by him in John A. Dowie's bank, and failed; court's aid to be asked if check is refused payment today. **Page 3.**

Trial of Hiram B. Sherman and John J. Kelly, on charge of permitting election frauds, begun with Kelly dying and Sherman absent on wedding trip. **Page 16.**

Cashier Francis D. Wright of defunct Dundee (Ill.) First National bank arrested for alleged embezzlement of $60,000, and placed in jail; speculation blamed. **Page 5.**

Forty-two persons killed in Cook county during November by steam, electric, and cable cars; 105 injured by electric cars, against 136 in October. **Page 16.**

Thomas and Truman Patrick assaulted and robbed at Grand and Western avenues by three men whom they probably kept from holding up trolley car. **Page 3.**

Cheering over fancy cattle and horse exhibits at International live stock show led by college boys; 10,000 spectators present, and horses worth $1,500,000. **Page 4.**

DOMESTIC:—

Prizes totaling $750 offered by Helen Gould for essays on history of version of bible approved by Roman Catholic church, and of American version of English Bible. **Page 1.**

Lant K. Salsbury, in testimony on Grand Rapids (Mich.) bribery scandal, swore that three newspapers received $3,000 to $10,000 each, and ex-Mayor Perry, $13,725. **Page 8.**

Trial of Thomas W. McGregor and Columbus E. Upton, postoffice department employés, for alleged frauds begun at Baltimore, Md.; $8,000 rakeoff charged. **Page 7.**

Three negroes lynched at Belcher (La.) for murder of Robert Adger, white man; mob of 1,200 aided by many blacks. **Page 3.**

Thirteen persons killed during 1903 deer hunting season, against ten in 1902, and twenty wounded, against sixteen last year; Michigan law of no effect. **Page 8.**

Plans for New Jerusalem predicted by Prophet Zachariah made by 2,000 descendants at New York; property in Manhattan worth $1,000,000 is claimed. **Page 7.**

FOREIGN:—

Assassination of United States Minister Beaupré urged at meeting of Colombian government committee in Bogota; legation under stant armed guard. **Page 5.**

Mme. Zola, widow of famous novelist, in interview at Rome declared prospective revision of Dreyfus' case a triumph for her husband's struggle for him. **Page 5.**

Gen. Alexieff, in speech at Port Arthur, reported to have said Russia would fight Japan if former had three docks there. **Page 5.**

LABOR:—

Clara De Witta, who took place of striking Rand, McNally & Co. pressfeeder, Chicago, attacked in Michigan avenue by supposed strike picket, who escaped. **Page 2.**

Chicago City railway peace compact reported still unsigned by union officials; reinstatement of eight strikers depends on their acquittal of violence charges. **Page 2.**

Discharge of employés begun by large firms throughout the country to prevent decreased profits during winter; union men chief sufferers; strikes threatened. **Page 2.**

Framing of new national wage scale attempted by President Buchanan of structural ironworkers' union and representatives in Chicago; $4.50 daily now paid. **Page 2.**

TRADE AND INDUSTRY:—

Dividend on Republic Iron and Steel preferred shares postponed by directors because of unsettled trade; John W. Gates elected director vice August Belmont. **Page 15.**

Illinois state labor commission charged with favoring certain mines in its annual report; special attention called to output of Consolidated and other concerns. **Page 2.**

Eastbound grain shipments from Chicago last week only half those of 1902; miscellaneous business heavy; J. H. Barrett will go to Rochester and Pittsburg line. **Page 11.**

Chicago money market quiet, with rates at 6 to 7 per cent; western banks practically out; easier condition predicted by Henry Clews because of cotton exports. **Page 14.**

New York stock prices strengthened after early selling movement; call loan rate advanced to 9 per cent; Pennsylvania reached 115; Louisville and Nashville 1⅜. **Page 15.**

December wheat closed 1¼ cents higher, at 62 bid, on light northwest receipts and open buying by Armour; May, 1¼ cent higher, at 81⅝; December corn up ¼-⅝ cent. **Page 14.**

November fire loss in west estimated at 50 to 60 per cent for all insurance companies; Chicago losses below normal. **Page 15.**

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
CHERBOURG		W. d. Grosse
GIBRALTAR		Hohenzollern
LIVERPOOL	Armenian	Winifridian.
LIVERPOOL	Cymric	
LIVERPOOL	Teutonic	
LIVERPOOL	Roman	
LIZARD		Kroonland.
LIZARD		Rotterdam.
MOVILLE	Parisian	
NAPLES	F. Bismarck	
NEW YORK	Astoria	
NEW YORK	Aurania	
NEW YORK	Victorian	
NEW YORK	Finland	
PLYMOUTH		G. Walderssee.
S. FRANCISCO	Ventura	

WOOD ACCUSED OF IGNORING ORDERS

Maj. Gen. Brooke Tells of Insubordination, Disrespect, and Disobedience to Superiors.

OFFERS PROOF OF CHARGE

Officer Under Fire May Return from the Philippines to Testify in His Own Behalf.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 30.—[Special.]—Maj. Gen. John R. Brooke today accused Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood of insubordination, violation of orders, and disrespect to his superior officers. The alleged misconduct took place while Gen. Brooke was military governor of Cuba and Gen. Wood governor of the province of Santiago.

Gen. Brooke made his charges while testifying before the senate committee on military affairs, before which Leonard Wood's appointment to be a major general is pending.

As a result of Gen. Brooke's serious charges it is believed that Gen. Wood will be permitted to return from the Philippines for the purpose of testifying in reply to the accusations.

Testimony Backed by Documents.

Gen. Brooke was before the committee more than two hours, and occupied the entire time in telling of Gen. Wood's conduct at Santiago. The witness offered in support of his statements many documents taken from records at the war department, and several papers from his personal collection.

One of the charges made by Gen. Brooke is that Gen. Wood violated the order which required him in making improvements in Santiago to submit estimates to the governor general. Gen. Wood built the barracks at Santiago without first giving notice to the department at Havana.

Gen. Brooke said, also, that Gen. Wood continually sent communications to the war department over the head of his commanding officer. The witness assured the committee that he cared nothing for the ignoring of his authority, but said that the proceeding had been detrimental to military discipline.

Disrespect to Superiors.

Gen. Brooke called to the attention of the committee in support of an allegation that Gen. Wood had neglected to work in harmony with the military government the matter of Gen. Wood's attitude toward the newspapers at Santiago, which repeatedly made attacks on Gen. Brooke's administration. He read an extract from the Independencia, published at Santiago, containing a bitter denunciation of Gen. Brooke under the caption of "God Save Cuba." The article was based on Gen. Brooke's order for the centralization of affairs of the island, by which receipts from all custom houses were ordered sent to Havana. Gen. Brooke asked the war department that Gen. Wood be instructed to prohibit the publication of such articles during the period of military government. He also read Gen. Wood's reply to the adjutant general, which, the witness said, had been sent over the head of his superior officer.

Gen. Brooke declared that the attitude of Gen. Wood was responsible to a great extent in adding to the disquiet of the Cubans.

More Witnesses Summoned.

Maj. Rathbone was before the committee for half an hour this afternoon. The committee asked him if he desired to have additional witnesses summoned, and as a result of the conference a number of subpœnas were issued.

Dr. Pablo Desvernenie, who was secretary of finance under Gen. Brooke's administration, will be called to tell what he knows concerning orders issued to the courts by Gen. Wood, which are alleged to have brought about the conviction of Maj. Rathbone. It was decided also to recall Gen. Tasker H Bliss of the general staff of the army.

Records Are Called For.

The committee will make requisition on the war department for all correspondence and documents between the war department and Gen. Wood regarding the Castoneada electric lighting and power concession for Havana.

A subpœna was issued today for Burt A. Miller of Canton, O., an agent at Havana, for a Maryland bonding house. He will be asked concerning Gen. Wood's alleged influence on court instructions.

A subpœna was issued for Corydon M. Rich of Muncie, Ind., who was chief of the bureau of finance, department of posts, during American occupation of Cuba. The committee adjourned until Thursday.

ConfirmsRuncie's Testimony.

Earlier in the day Horatio Rubens of New York gave testimony to corroborate the statement made by Maj. J. E. Runcie in reference to the article in the North American Review, written by Runcie at Wood's instigation, reflecting on the military administration of Gov. Gen. Brooke.

Mr. Rubens also told the committee that when the break occurred between Runcie and Gen. Wood he brought them together and tried to patch up their differences in a manner that would exonerate Runcie of the onus attached to his name by the report made to the war department by Gen. Wood.

The witness also said that when Runcie wrote to Gen. Wood begging him to set Runcie right before the country, that Runcie showed him the letter. He told the contents of the letter to the committee, and it supplied the missing link in the correspondence that had previously been filed with the committee with the Rathbone charges.

Exploits His Own Deeds.

In answer to questions from the committee, Mr. Rubens told of the relationship between Gen. Wood and newspaper men, saying it was understood that he attempted to use the newspaper men to exploit his own deeds. Regarding Gens. Ludlow and Wilson, Mr. Rubens said Gen. Wood was quoted as saying that he had to get rid of them. While this was hearsay evidence, it was admitted, as the witness told the committee how it could obtain evidence to prove the truth of the statements.

At the conclusion of Mr. Rubens' testimony a member of the committee asked him his opinion of Gen. Wood's veracity in any matter in which the general had a personal interest. Mr. Rubens answered he was sorry to say that he could not accept Gen. Wood's statement under such circumstances

THE FAT STOCK SHOW.

Two years ago Mr. Morgan had a couple likely entries, but they were attacked with dropsy and dy-pepsia—

And now are not qualified to enter.

UPHOLDS 8 HOUR LAW

Kansas Labor Statute Approved by Federal Supreme Court.

SAYS IT IS CONSTITUTIONAL.

Opinion Declares That if Mischievous, Legislature Is to Blame.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 30.—The United States Supreme court today affirmed the constitutionality of the eight hour law of the state of Kansas regulating labor on public works. Justice Harlan said in handing down the opinion of the court that if the statute is mischievous the responsibility rests with the legislators and not the courts. Chief Justice Fuller and Justices Brewer and Peckham dissented.

The Kansas law, whose validity was called into question in the suit, was enacted in 1891, and provided that eight hours should constitute a day's work for workmen employed by or on behalf of the state, or by any county or city or other municipality in the state. It also prohibits contractors from requiring laborers engaged on work for the state to perform more than eight hours' labor in a day. Both fine and imprisonment are provided for violation of the law.

The case decided today was that of W. W. Atkins vs. The State of Kansas. Atkins had a contract with the corporation of Kansas City, Kas., for paving, and he was charged with requiring a workman named Reese to labor ten hours a day. He was prosecuted in the state courts, where the decisions were uniformly against him.

Fought on Constitutional Grounds.

Atkins appealed from the decision of the State Supreme court to the Federal Supreme court, alleging that the statute is in violation of the first section of the fourteenth amendment to the constitution in that it denied him due protection of the law and deprived him of his property without due process.

The opinion was based on the theory that all the municipalities of a state are the creations of the state; that work for them is of a public character and does not infringe on the personal liberty of any one, and that it belongs to the state, as the guardian and trustee for its people, to prescribe the conditions upon which it will permit public work to be done.

Question of Public Policy.

Taking up the question of public policy, Justice Harlan said:

"If it be contended to be the right of every one to dispose of his labor upon such terms as he deems best—as undoubtedly it is—and that to make it a criminal offense for a contractor for public work to permit or require his employés to perform labor upon that work in excess of eight hours each day is in derogation of the liberty of employés and employer, it is sufficient answer that no one is entitled, of absolute right and as a part of his liberty, to perform labor for the state; and no contractor for public work can excuse a violation of his lawful agreement with the state by doing that which the statute under which he proceeds distinctly forbids him to do."

Concerning the principal plea of the plaintiff against the law the court holds that its constitutionality is beyond all question.

The opinion goes on to say that if the act proves mischievous in its workings, the legislature that enacted it must be blamed and not the courts. The judiciary, it is held, has only the legality of the measure to consider.

Does Not Take Up Private Employment.

On the point of the validity of a similar statute affecting private employment, Justice Harlan said: "Whether a similar statute applied to laborers or employés in purely private work would be constitutional is a question of large import, which we have no occasion now to determine or even to consider."

ASKS LIGHT ON BIBLE

Miss Helen Gould Offers Prizes for Best Essays on Versions.

GROWS OUT OF CONTROVERSY

Says She Wants Statement Which Will Be of General Use.

New York, Nov. 30.—[Special.]—Resulting from the ban of the Roman Catholic church placed by the Rev. T. J. Earley on her class of 300 girls at Lyndhurst, Miss Helen Gould has offered $750 in prizes to be awarded for the best essays on the double topic, "The Origin and the History of the Version of the Bible Approved by the Roman Catholic Church" and "The Origin and History of the American Revised Version of the English Bible."

Competition Is Open to All.

This competition will be open to the world, and the offer is made through the bible teachers' training school, organized by the regents of the University of the State of New York.

Four hundred dollars will be given the writer of the best essay, $250 for the second best, and $100 for the third.

Ever since she was a child Miss Gould has had a sewing class in Lyndhurst. At an annual party given the class by Miss Gould a few weeks ago sandwiches were served. As it happened to be on Friday, the Rev. Father Earley was much disturbed, because children of Roman Catholic families were permitted to break the rule of the church relating to the eating of meat.

Notice was served on the clergyman that in future scriptures would be read before the class, and attention was called to this by Miss Gould, who wrote:

"The church you represent discourages the reading of scriptures or the bible."

Father Earley replied, denying the allegation, but adding: "But the Roman Catholic church does object to reading the Protestant version, which goes back only to the days of Henry VIII. of England and was then got up for obvious reasons."

Miss Gould Adds to Controversy.

Miss Gould now adds another word to the controversy by writing through her secretary to Dr. W. W. White, president of the Bible Teachers' school: "It is strange that any one acquainted with ordinary facts in history could make such a statement concerning the versions of the bible."

So Miss Gould has decided to offer prizes for the best essays regarding the origin and history of the two versions of the bible.

Dr. White expressed the opinion that the offer made by Miss Gould would do more to stimulate the study of the bible than any other thing that has happened in recent years.

"In case Roman Catholics will consent to take part in the contest," said Dr. White, "their members certainly will be added to the committee.

"It is my idea the length of the essays should be limited to 5,000 words. The conditions of the contest will be made public as soon as possible."

FLAT DWELLERS IN FIRE PANIC.

Midnight Blaze in Garvey Factory Causes Scare in Vernon Park Building.

The occupants of the Vernon Park flats were thrown into a panic at midnight by a fire in the basement of the Garvey company's factory, 86 Norton street.

Hearing the cries of "Fire," scores of the flat dwellers ran through the hallways shouting. Many persons fled into the street in their night clothes and others went out on the fire escapes. They finally were reassured by the janitor.

The fire, which was several doors from the flat building, caused a loss of $2,500.

FIND 'FADS' RAMPANT

Irving Park Women Declare the General Public Is "Guilty."

CLUB MAKES OUT A LIST.

Modern Hobbies of All Mankind Are Discussed and Ridiculed.

The public was convicted yesterday; convicted of being "fad crazy." The verdict was returned by the members of the Irving Park Woman's club after two hours spent in discussing fads. The prevailing fads were enumerated by Mrs. H. M. Carter, Mrs. D. R. Stockley of the Twentieth Century club of Evanston, and City Attorney Mattison of the same city.

The compressed food tablet and the breakfast foods were pointed out as the possible solution of the servant girl problem, and the prediction was made that before long men would go around with their socks hanging loosely about their shoetops, with their gloves turned back, and their trousers rolled up.

Enumerate Every Day Fads.

Here are some of the fads which were decried:

Yellow journalism.	Books with rough edges.
Turned up trousers.	The kangaroo walk.
The athletic girl.	Compressed food tablets.
Authors with long names.	No breakfast fad.
Lillian Bell.	Uncooked food notion.
Side talks with girls.	Soaked raw wheat craze.
Dinners for monkeys.	Angel-cake powder fad.
Burnt wood.	Peanut cure for insomnia.
The historical novel.	Microbe in everything.
Different treatments to make women beautiful.	
Fish dinners with live fish on the table.	
Use of the title "foreword" in books instead of "preface."	

†Present shape of trousers.

Visiting Waldorf-Astoria when in New York and the Annex when in Chicago.

Attacks the Microbe Scare.

Mrs. Stockley urged that the microbe scare had become so general that foods that have been eaten for ages are now being regarded with suspicion.

"Small fruits," she said, "even the beautiful, luscious strawberry, have become a fruitful source of controversy. The one man eats figs for the fine mechanical effects of their small seeds upon his internal machinery; his neighbor firmly believes that every small seed that passes through his lips makes a beeline for his appendix.

"Drinks, too, are in great variety, and each is liable to its share of fame and popularity. THE TRIBUNE some time ago published an interesting article upon 'fashionable drinks' and I was much entertained to read of 'Columbian Sours,' 'Gin Rickeys,' 'Mamie Taylors,' 'Horses' Necks,' 'Hazy Moments,' 'White Caps,' and 'Alphonses.'"

Mrs. Stockley said that the compressed tablets would be convenient for shipment to the missionaries in the far east, but urged that the American housewife was not ready for the innovation.

Modern Novels Catch It.

Mrs. Carter ridiculed the makeup of the present day novel, the uncut rough finished pages, the glaring covers, and the long named authors.

"Are the writers afraid they will be forgotten," she asked, "unless they impress the public with a lengthy name?

"One fears to contemplate the fate which would await them were some new books to appear written by plain Charles Dickens or John Milton or William Shakspeare. What a pity that these names were not written Charles Gadshill Dickens or John Montmorency Milton."

†P. S.—When "the present shape of trousers" topic was reached words failed utterly to express the derision of the speakers. "We should treat them with silent contempt," declared the chairman—"ignore them if possible.

"They have one good point—the pockets," said one married woman, but the club passed over her jest in silence and adjourned.

SOUTH SIDE ROAD FINDS HIDDEN FOE

Union Traction Is Accused of Working to Block Franchise Legislation for City Railway.

CHARGE MADE IN COUNCIL

Ninety Day Extension Is Granted After Ald. Foreman Tells of Secret Influences at Work.

The charge that the Union Traction company secretly is seeking to defeat the Chicago City railway franchise ordinance was made last evening in the council.

The assertion was made by Ald. Jackson and afterwards sustained by other members of the local transportation committee. While a vote was being taken on an amendment to the ordinance extending the present ordinances ninety days, which was passed, Ald. Jackson said:

"Back of all this, you will find the Union Traction company, with the reins in its hands, trying to defeat anything attempted in the way of franchise legislation."

Afterwards, in explaining the statement, Ald. Jackson said it was notorious in the local transportation committee that the Union Traction company was trying to stop any action looking toward an ordinance for the Chicago City railway.

Ald. Foreman Explains Motive.

Ald. Foreman explained the motive by saying:

"The Union Traction company wants to put the Chicago City railway in the same boat with itself. If it can stop a franchise being given the south side company, then the latter must go into court to protect itself from being thrown off the streets.

"If the Union Traction company has any rights under the 'ninety-nine year act,' those of the Chicago City company are five times as strong, and the former company would have valuable aid in its present troubles."

When Ald. Bennett called up the ordinance extending the ordinance of the Chicago City company, which expired at midnight, for ninety days, Ald. Scully at once moved to amend by changing the date to Jan. 15. Ald. Novak supported him in a speech in which he denounced any delay in settling the traction question, said that his section of the city demanded immediate relief, and cried out against the service now given by the Union Traction company.

Touches West Side Aldermen.

Ald. Cullerton followed with a like speech and then Ald. Foreman wanted to know why the west side aldermen were so excited over the question, as the Chicago City ordinance could not affect their section of the city.

"A short time ago," he said, "you were crying out for delay until after election, so the ordinance could be submitted to a referendum. Now you want the ordinance passed in a hurry. You said you were representing the people then, and you are representing the people now. Who really is representing the people here, anyhow?"

"The committee on local transportation, I suppose," sneered Ald. Novak.

"Certainly not Novak," said Ald. Foreman.

Defeat Jan. 15 Time Limit.

"A week ago," said Ald. Herrmann, "the galleries were applauding the demands of these aldermen for a postponement of this ordinance until after election 'so it could be voted on by the people.' Now, to the applause of the same galleries, they are asking that it be passed before the election, making a referendum impossible."

Ald. Bennett moved that Ald. Scully's limit, Jan. 15, be laid on the table, and it was so done by a vote of 45 to 20, all of the twenty except four being west siders. The roll call was:

Yeas—Dixon, Ailing, Jackson, Foreman, Dailey, Sloan, Young, Snow, Bennett, Zimmer, Maypole, Harkin, Bellings, Dever, Sitts, Powers, Finn, Minwegen, Palmer, Sullivan, Herrmann, Wernig, Schmidt, Ehemann, Williston Dunn, Kuester, Blake, Butler, Leachman, Raymer, Larson, Carey, Wendling, Bradley, Burns, O'Connell, Butterworth, Badenoch, Bidmann, Bihl, Ruxton, Woodward, Hunert, Race. Total, 45.

Nays—Coughlin, Kenna, Stuckart, Mooney, Moynihan, Fick, Preib, Novak, Sindelar, Moertel, Cullerton, Cerveny, Scully, Kunz, Jozwiakowski, Conlon, Brennan, Moran, Dougherty, Johnson. Total, 20.

Ald. Moertel offered an amendment providing that during the ninety days the company accept transfers from Union Traction company cars, which was defeated 44 to 21, as was an amendment offered by Ald. Cullerton making the extension for sixty days, and then the ninety day extension was granted by a vote of 56 to 9, those voting "no" being Ald. Fick, Preib, Novak, Sindelar, Moertel, Cerveny, Scully, Jozwiakowski, and Conlon.

Committee's Hearings Public.

At a meeting to be held today the committee on local transportation will decide on its program concerning the consideration of the City railway extension ordinance. As now outlined the decade to be filled in today, the plan is to hold open meetings beginning on Thursday at 10 a. m., for the hearing of opinions of all kinds regarding the ordinance. Not only will the Municipal Voters' league, the single taxers, and other similar organizations opposed to passing an ordinance of any kind be invited to send representatives to present their views, but if individual citizens have anything to offer of value the committee will be glad to hear them.

If, after the termination of this argument, it is determined to still go ahead with the consideration of the ordinance, invitations will be sent out to the Merchants' club, the real estate board, and others, to send spokesmen to the committee to discuss more particularly the question of a proper compensation to the city, which was left blank in the ordinance as now printed.

Compensation Feature Important.

It was with the compensation feature in view that the subcommittee had printed, as an addenda to the ordinance, tables bearing on the cost of construction and operation and maintenance of the road, together with estimates of profits for a term of years. These the representatives of the organizations will be asked to take into consideration in framing their arguments on the question.

The officials of the railway company will be present during these discussions to uphold their views, and, if possible, answer the position taken by citizens who may argue for a higher rate than the company is willing to pay. Then, when it is all over, the committee will report the ordinance, with the compensation clause filled in, to the council.

COUNCIL SHELVES NEW SALOON BILL

Aldermen Declare Mayor Now Has Full Power to Enforce Law Against Dives.

TO REGULATE FIREARMS.

Ordinance Is Passed Providing for the Licensing of "Mutoscope" Parlors.

WORK OF THE CITY COUNCIL.

Practically shelved the "graft committee's" ordinance regulating saloons.

Referred an ordinance to restrict the possession of firearms.

Referred an ordinance to extend the scope of the vagrancy act.

Referred an ordinance to charge for use of space under sidewalks.

Referred an ordinance to stop the use of false numbers on automobiles.

Passed an ordinance licensing "mutoscope parlors."

Referred an ordinance creating a department of sanitary inspection.

Amended the building ordinance so as not to demand fire escapes on residences.

Theh "graft committee's" saloon ordinances were practically killed by the city council last evening. These were the two ordinances framed by Ald. Herrmann's investigating committee, which were intended to give the mayor such absolute control of saloons that not only keeping open after midnight but all other infractions of the law on the part of saloons would be impossible unless the mayor himself was willing.

They were a special order for last evening, but instead of passing them the council took them out of the hands of the "graft committee" and sent them to the license committee, where they are expected to slumber peacefully if not placed on file.

Consigned to Committee.

Ald. Herrmann wanted to postpone action on them for a week, saying he had agreed to hear arguments against them by a committee of the Liquor Dealers' association before final action. Ald. Cullerton moved that the ordinance be sent to the committee on license, the chairman of which, Ald. Hunter, is known to be hostile to the measures. Ald. Carey followed with a speech in which he said for his part he would like to see the ordinance sent to the committee on lonesome roads as they ought never to be passed. The mayor had power enough, he said, as it is, to regulate dives, and decent saloonkeepers ought not to be burdened with such laws.

Ald. Kunz wanted the ordinances sent back to the "graft committee," but this was beaten on a viva voce vote, and they were consigned to license.

To Regulate Firearms.

The ordinance regulating the possession of firearms was sent to the council by the mayor. It was a reflex of the recent car barn murders, and provided that no one could own a revolver or other firearm without a license to be issued by the mayor on payment of $1. The right to own would not carry with it the right to carry.

The man getting the license must be a person of good character, answer questions as to his business, the reasons he wants the weapon, the kind he intends to purchase, and the price to be paid for it. He is not to loan or sell it without notifying the chief of police, and the person to whom he disposes of it must be known to him as a person of good character.

Accompanying was an ordinance providing that no firm or person should sell firearms without taking out a license costing $50. They could only sell to persons of good repute, and must report all sales to the chief of police. Both measures went to the judiciary committee.

For Control Over Vagrants.

The mayor also sent in an ordinance intended to give the police better control over vagrants. He explained that under the state laws the city's control over vagrants was limited, so the state law defining vagrancy was combined in the ordinance with the city regulation defining disorderly conduct and the latter heading given the composite measure. In the definition of disorderly persons is the following, which may come in handy at the next street car strike:

"All persons who shall make, countenance, aid, or assist any improper noise, riot, disturbance, breach of the peace, or diversion tending to a breach of the peace, all persons who shall collect in bodies or crowds for unlawful purposes, or for any purpose to the annoyance or disturbance of citizens or travelers."

The ordinance was sent to the judiciary committee, and still another one put in by the mayor to the finance committee. This gave a list of 162 spaces under sidewalks used by private individuals or firms and asked that some fixed rate of compensation be paid for the use.

As to Automobile Numbers.

An ordinance providing that the city issue the numbers used to distinguish automobiles was also sent to judiciary. It is intended to stop the practice some automobilists have fallen into of hanging out false numbers, those furnished by the city to be of a pattern difficult to counterfeit.

A petition of the drug clerks for an ordinance limiting their week's work to sixty hours—ten hours to a day's maximum—was referred likewise, and an order that the corporation counsel send in recommendations as to additions to and eliminations from the city code before it was printed was passed.

The ordinance proposing a department of sanitary inspection instead of placing the sanitary inspectors under control of the building department was asked for by the journeymen and master plumbers. It contemplates a chief, a deputy, and as many inspectors as necessary, and demands they be all practical plumbers. It was sent to judiciary.

The ordinance imposing a license fee of $200 on "mutoscope parlors" or "penny arcades," was passed.

Brennan, Moody, Is Present.

Ald. John Brennan, recently convicted in the Criminal court, was at the council meeting, but took no more part in the proceedings than to vote when his name was called on the roll call. He sat moodily in his seat, speaking to those who spoke to him as they went by, but in the main his conversation was confined to Ald. Conlon, who sat beside him. The aldermen as a rule kept away from him, but no other attention was paid to his presence.

TICKER ORDINANCE ON DEC. 7.

Then All Firms Having the Instruments Must Get Permits and Give Bonds.

After Dec. 7 the use of tickers in receiving racetrack information will be illegal. Mayor Harrison has signed the ordinance and it becomes effective on that date.

Between now and Dec. 7 it will be necessary for all firms having the instruments in their offices to make application to the mayor for a permit and to furnish a $1,000 bond with two sureties as guarantee that no racing news or any information that can be used in gambling will be received over the tickers.

By a mistake of former Ald. Charles Martin, the contract for establishing and operating the temporary pumping station in Thirty-ninth street for the intercepting sewer will go to his friend, Thomas Drury. Martin's bid for the work was $1,800 a month and Drury's $2,000. After the proposals had been opened and Martin's was seen to be the lowest he discovered that he had bid on the wrong form and had used specifications for the Lawrence avenue sewer. His bid accordingly was withdrawn and Drury secured the contract, he agreeing to take it at the price set by Martin.

The telephone subcommittee of the judiciary committee has taken up the question of abolishing tolls inside the city. The aldermen find that abolishing tolls will be met by an increase in the local rates in Englewood, Rogers Park, and other suburbs.

GIVES UP BISHOPRIC TO BECOME A PASTOR.

It is not often that a clergyman resigns a bishopric to become a pastor, but that is what the Rev. Dr. Frederick Courtney, bishop of Nova Scotia, has just done. Bishop Courtney, whom Chicagoans will remember as the pastor of St. Joseph's Episcopal church from 1880 to 1882, will become rector of St. James' church, New York City. He has notified the Church of England and the clergy and laity of his diocese that his resignation will take effect April 22, the sixteenth anniversary of his assumption of office. Similar action was taken some years ago by Bishop Southgate, who accepted a call to Zion church in New York City, and there have been numerous instances of the kind in England.

WORK HANGS ON VERDICTS

CITY RAILWAY WILL PUSH VIOLENCE PROSECUTIONS.

Attorney Bliss Again Assures Mayor Harrison That the Company Will Deal Fairly with the Strikers—Those Convicted Will Not Be Reinstated—Leaders Have Not Yet Signed Peace Pact, but International President Mahon Is Coming to Confer.

Attorney E. R. Bliss of the Chicago City railway yesterday made a second overture of peace to those of the employes who went out on a strike Nov. 12. He did this in an interview with Mayor Harrison, in which he promised that the company would not act unjustly toward any of the men who tied up the system.

The members of the union have been restive since the company refused to reinstate all of the men who walked out. Assertions of unjust discrimination have been made, and charges that the management is trying to disrupt the organization have been general. These allegations Mr. Bliss denied, and he protested against them in making his promise of peace.

Peace Pact Still Is Unsigned.

The officers of the union still are worried. It was reported yesterday, and not denied, that President M. C. Buckley and Secretary P. J. Skerret of the organization have not yet signed the peace agreement. Both are waiting until all the men are reinstated, saying that such a course must be taken to prove that the company intends to act "fairly."

The failure of the union leaders to sign is not causing any worry. International President W. D. Mahon of the amalgamated association is expected in Chicago today, and he will assume charge of the situation, refute the charges against those who framed the peace agreement, and see that it goes into proper effect.

While Mr. Bliss was in the mayor's office charges were filed in justice courts against eight members of the union, accusing them of intimidation, rioting, and disorderly conduct. These cases are held to be the beginning of a general prosecution against the men who led the strikers, and all are to be pushed by Attorney James David, who represents the company. The cases filed yesterday are:

For disorderly conduct—W. F. Brown, Joseph Rooney, Felix Mallon, Thomas Burns, J. Kelly.

For malicious mischief—Charles Scallan.

For disorderly conduct and malicious mischief—Harvey C. Miller.

For disorderly conduct and intimidation—A. L. Butts.

The complaining witness against Miller, Brown, and Butts is William M. Johnson, the nonunion gripman dragged from his car on Cottage Grove avenue the first day of the strike. The hearings will be next Monday.

Positions Hinge on Verdicts.

It is the plan of the company to reinstate the men found not guilty and to discharge those who are fined or sentenced to jail. The peace agreement gives the company the right to refuse reinstatement to men guilty of violence and its attorneys are taking advantage of the clause. They already have refused to give work to thirty-five men, and all will be prosecuted.

International President W. D. Mahon, writing from his headquarters in Detroit, Mich., has thanked Mayor Harrison for his services and those of the council peace commission. Incidentally he laid emphatic stress on the promise of the mayor that justice be done the men in their reinstatement.

Stockyards Workers Uneasy.

The tin can workers, coopers, and casing workers' divisions of the Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen today will send committees to the packers at the Union stockyards to reopen negotiations for an increase in wages. The officials of the divisions expect little trouble, and hope to have their demands granted, at least in part, before the close of the week.

The Associated Teaming Interests will send a letter to the International Brotherhood of Teamsters within a few days, asking that its Chicago local unions appoint seven men to represent them on the Chicago board or arbitration. This adjustment body was dissolved when the Teamsters' National union and the Team Drivers' International union combined last August. The employers have been anxious to have it reestablished, and hope to get the drivers to consent.

DAKOTA DIVORCE IS HELD VOID.

Iowa Court Decides That Decree Obtained After Residence Merely for That Purpose Is Invalid.

Des Moines, Ia., Nov. 30.—Judge Howe of the District court today held that a decree granted under the Dakota divorce statutes, if it is proved the nonresident litigant resides there merely for the purpose of securing a divorce, is null and void. The decision was given in the Fagen case, wherein a widow sued to recover her dower rights and was resisted on the ground that her husband had divorced her prior to his death.

FELLS A WOMAN WORKER.

EMPLOYE OF RAND, M'NALLY & CO. ATTACKED.

Mrs. Clara De Witta Took Place of Striking Franklin Union Presseeder Six Weeks Ago—Struck in Early Morning by Man Who Says "You Will Take the Bread from a Man and His Family, Will You?"—Lays Blame to a Picket.

An attack was made yesterday on one of the women who have taken the places of striking pressfeeders in the plant of Rand, McNally & Co. The victim and her employers place the blame on pickets or sympathizers with the Franklin union.

The victim was Mrs. Clara De Witta, and the scene of the attack was the front door of her boarding house, 1221 Michigan avenue. Mrs. De Witta, who is 26 years old, has been employed at Rand, McNally & Co.'s shop for the last six weeks—taking the place of one of the strikers. She had been warned that she might expect violence from the former workmen or sympathizers. On several occasions she had noticed a man walking behind her as she returned from work, and once she remarked to a friend that she was being followed.

Attacked as She Opens Door.

Just as she opened the front door of her boarding place at 7 o'clock yesterday morning she was accosted by a man who had been waiting on the steps. She could scarcely distinguish him in the dim light, but heard him say:

"I have you now! You will take the bread from a man and his family, will you?"

As he spoke he struck her between the eyes, knocking her down in the vestibule. Then he ran away. Mrs. De Witta cried for help, and her landlady, Mrs. J. B. Garrick, assisted her to her feet. The elder woman advised her lodger not to go to work, but Mrs. De Witta said that she would not be intimidated.

Tells Story of the Assault.

The victim's face was swollen from the blow she received as she told the story of the assault last night.

"I did not get a good look at the man," she said, "but I would know his voice again. I am sure he was a picket who had previously followed me home from the shop. He did not give me a chance to speak or defend myself. As soon as I opened the door he shouted that I was taking the bread from the mouths of his family and struck me. No one but a coward would strike a woman, and I am going to keep on working—as I shall be furnished protection. It is strange if a woman is not to be allowed to earn an honest living without being beaten."

PASTOR TO COMMAND POLICE IN JOLIET SALOON FIGHT.

The Rev. W. B. Walker Given Authority by Mayor Crolius to Make Arrests for Keeping Open After Hours.

Joliet, Ill., Nov. 30.—[Special.]—The Rev. William Bohler Walker of Christ Episcopal church has been made a sort of assistant chief of police by Mayor Croilus to enable him to conduct his anti-saloon campaign here.

The mayor has sent a letter to Mr. Walker asking him to act as the personal representative of the mayor in investigating the violations of law and offering to the pastor the use of the police department in arresting any saloonkeepers who might be found keeping open after hours or on Sundays hereafter.

Mr. Walker has accepted the proposition, and will take the police personally with him to any saloon that he is informed is violating the laws either at night or next Sunday and arrest the saloonkeeper.

Four saloonkeepers were arrested today on both city and state warrants, and on complaint of the committee of 100. They were charged with keeping their places open on Sunday. One hundred and seventeen saloonkeepers closed their places and avoided arrest.

The saloonkeepers have concluded to organize and secure a general agreement to close as long as the present hostile situation exists.

Insanity Plea in Murder Case.

Bluffton, Ind., Nov. 30.—The Terrill and Wolf murder trial began in the Circuit today before Judge John M. Smith of Portland, Ind. The defense is temporary insanity. Expert testimony on insanity will consume the greater part of the time in court.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL.

Chicago-Grand Rapids Line.

Via Kalamazoo. Trains leave Chicago 8:45 a. m., 12:35 noon, 5 p. m. and 12 night. Through sleepers and parlor cars. City ticket office, 119 Adams street. Tel. Har. 3570.

THREAT TO KILL GRAFT ATTORNEY

Brode B. Davis, of Council Committee's Lawyers, Receives Scores of Letters.

HIS FRIENDS ALARMED.

Investigation of Police Corruption Today May Have Sensational Outcome.

Attorney Brode B. Davis, counsel for the aldermanic graft investigating committee, has received nearly 100 letters threatening his life since he began the campaign against gamblers and violators of the saloon ordinances. The fact, which has been concealed carefully by Mr. Davis himself, leaked out yesterday when he was advised by his friends to guard against attack.

Mr. Davis' friends learned that he had been through the levee alone several nights last week seeking witnesses whose statements he wanted. They told him yesterday that he should protect himself to the extent of using cabs in going to and from his home in the evening, and that he should trust further detective work to his agents.

Makes Light of the Threats.

The lawyer admitted last night that he had received almost five score threatening missives. "O, yes," he said, "I have received some foolish letters, but they are not troubling me any. My friends are worried unnecessarily. I am not in any danger."

Mr. Davis' friends believed differently. They said that they had received the "tip" directly from trusted sources in the levee that he was to be "done up" by hired thugs. One of the negro saloonkeepers who lost his saloon license through the attorney's efforts also was declared to have threatened that he would kill Mr. Davis before the end of this week if his license was not restored.

The letters, Mr. Davis said, were all about alike—all telling him to stop the crusade against the low resorts or he would be killed. The missives are known to have doubled in number during the last five days. The reason is that at last the investigators have cause to believe that they have struck the trial of the "big graft."

Big Disclosures Expected.

The committee and its coworkers have had so many disappointments that they are not ready yet to speak with great freedom, but it was admitted last night that the prospect for far reaching disclosures was better than at any time.

"I feel that we are going to land some of the big grafters," was the way in which one of the chief investigators expressed himself. "Some men who were close to the 'real thing' have talked and their stories seem conclusive. All that remains now is to see whether their statements can be substantiated. I am confident that they can be. Then the results will be laid before the public. There is more than one case. The gambling graft and several kinds of protected law breaking are included."

Police Under Fire Again.

The police department again will receive the attention of the committee in public session today, after having been left in peace for a fortnight. The existence of gambling and the protection of lawbreaking saloons and resorts, the committee believes, depends on the favor of the police.

Sergeants, lieutenants, captains, and inspectors in ascending rank are to be questioned. Attorney Davis informed Chairman Herrmann yesterday that he had police material enough to occupy the committee for two or three weeks.

The opening police case today, however, is not expected to bring forth many surprises. It will be an examination into the way in which "Jim" Bailey, a sneak thief, was allowed to escape justice after being arrested for the robbery of the Wechter & Weinman diamond shop in the Masonic temple.

Members of the jewelry firm allege that Detective Morgan got the case continued a number of times and then appeared to lose interest in it. The outcome was the dismissal, they say, of Bailey. He was arrested subsequently in Milwaukee and is now serving sentence in Wisconsin.

Lieut. McWeeny last night said that he believed the police record was clear on the case.

Saloon Ordinances Put Off.

Instead of reporting to the city council last night the new saloon ordinances the committee decided to postpone action another week.

The cause was the opposition of the Liquor Dealers' Protective association. The opinion of the committee was that the association would cease hostility when it came to understand the exact nature of the measures. That body, accordingly, was invited to send representatives to the committee tomorrow afternoon to hear an exposition of the ordinances.

Planning to Ignore Law.

Ald. John Coughlin is going forward with his preparations for the annual masque ball of the First Ward Democratic club on Dec. 22, on the assumption that the bar and barroom at the Coliseum, where the dance will be held, will remain open all night, despite the midnight closing ordinance.

"You know it is customary," he said, "at these annual events to keep the bar and barroom open. The police always have allowed us that privilege."

Mayor Harrison said the date of the ball was so far off that he would give no attention for the present to any question concerning it.

CHEMIST BISBEE IS SUSPENDED

Is Charged with Accepting Money for Making Analysis of Butter—Other Employes in Trouble.

City Chemist D. B. Bisbee was suspended yesterday afternoon by Health Commissioner Reynolds, who also suspended Sanitary Inspector W. O. Cleveland, the chief tenement house inspector. The health commissioner heard that Mr. Cleveland had been soliciting loans on real estate for the First Mortgage Bond and Trust company, 181 La Salle street, and that Cleveland some time before that was a solicitor for Peabody, Houghteling & Co. at a supposed salary of $1,500 a year and commissions.

The charge against Chemist Bisbee is made by Daniel Herlihy, secretary of the board of examining engineers, who took a sample of butter to Dr. Bisbee for analysis. The analysis was made by Dr. Bisbee at his private office, 163 Randolph street. The report was given to Mr. Herlihy at the city hall laboratory, and he handed $3 to Dr. Bisbee as payment.

Chief O'Neill suspended Patrolman John J. Dunning of the Hyde Park police precinct for thirty days on a charge of intoxication, which will be heard before the trial board.

FIRE DEPARTMENT COMES NEXT

Graft Committee Has Many Charges to Investigate After the Police Inquiry.

As soon as the police department cases have been disposed of by the graft committee charges involving the fire department will be taken up. The aldermen have secured comparative statements which indicate that the prices paid for feed for horses is in excess of those paid by private concerns. This has been purchased by the department under contracts signed by the fire marshal.

"One man has supplied the feed during many years," said one of the aldermen. "The comparative tables show that his prices to the department have been excessive. The present contract, under which he is now operating, was made by the former chief, I believe."

This investigation will not be undertaken for a week, it was said, there being sufficient material for investigation in the police department to occupy that much time.

WAGES DIVIDING A UNION.

BRIDGE AND IRON WORKERS MAY FORM TWO ORGANIZATIONS.

Committee Reaches No Conclusion, New York and Chicago Men Insisting on $4.50 Scale and Representatives of Smaller Cities Holding That It Cannot Be Enforced—English Labor Leader Addresses Federation Members, Deprecating Strife.

President Frank Buchanan of the Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, the successor of Sam Parks as boss of the organization, faced a difficult problem last night when he tried to force representatives of the various locals of the union to frame a national wage scale to supersede those now in effect.

Twenty-five iron workers, holding credentials from as many locals, gathered at McCoy's hotel to adjust the wage problem of the union and they were unable to agree. The men in Chicago and New York, who are getting $4.50 a day, wanted a national rate higher than that schedule and those from the smaller cities declared it could not be enforced.

Referred to Subcommittee.

After hours of wrangling a subcommittee of seven was appointed to investigate the matter and make a report to the twenty-five. The seven, who are as follows, met last night: C. Massey, New York. C. Hopkins, Newark, N.J. Frank Thoman, Chicago. Patrick Mackin, Chicago M. Gallentine, Pittsburg. J. Brett, Milwaukee. J. Finnegan, St. Louis.

When the committee met there was trouble. The three New York and Chicago men again tried to force the others to agree to the wage rates in the large cities. They argued that when men from the New York and Chicago unions were taken to small places they should not suffer a reduction in pay. They declared that iron workers, now numbering 12,000 men, could easily compel contractors to grant their demands and make even the American Bridge company, which nearly wrecked the organization last spring, do as they bid.

Try as they would the men from Chicago and New York could not win over the others. President Buchanan undertook the rôle of peacemaker, but was unable to accomplish anything, and the gathering broke up.

The New York and Chicago men said that unless their proposition was conceded they would break away from the international organization and form independent bodies. This Buchanan is trying to prevent and will call a meeting of the committee for today.

Warns Against Internecine Strife.

James O'Grady, one of the leading trade unionists of England and a fraternal delegate to the American Federation of Labor, last night prophesied the downfall of Americans unions if they do not stop their internecine strife. O'Grady, as an invited guest of the Chicago organizations, made his forecast at a massmeeting in the Medinah temple.

"If this internecine strife does not cease," he said, "Mr. Parry and his organization will disrupt the unions and kill the prospects of the workingman. No trade union, society, or association that has a fight among its members can succeed, and the quicker the fact is known the better.

He then took up the American quarrel between the carpenters and woodworkers—he is a member of the English branch of the latter—and approved the stand of the American Federation of Labor in sustaining the woodworkers. He then took up the progress of the labor movement in England and drew comparisons with that made in America.

"Today labor in England has grown so strong," he said, "that it has forced the capitalists to cease using the army, the navy, the law, and government against it. Instead of these weapons they are now trying one more insidious. They are dragging individuals into court and punishing them under judge made laws. The same condition will soon prevail here and the fight between capital and labor will be in the courts."

SHERIFF ARRESTS IDLE MEN.

Authorities at Telluride, Colo., Take This Action to Prevent Disorder, Following Governor's Instructions.

Telluride, Colo., Nov. 30.—Carrying out the instructions of Gov. Peabody when he ordered that "agitators, idlers, and trouble breeders be driven from the camp," Sheriff Rutan today arrested twenty-eight men, the troops assisting the civil officers.

Twenty of the prisoners were discharged later by Justice of the Peace Robinson. Eight others were fined from $15 to $35 each. One man was fined for contempt of court. The sentences except in the contempt case, were suspended until Dec. 2, when the fines must be paid or incarceration in jail will follow unless the men go to work.

About fifty miners are working on the Tomboy property. No attempt will be made to resume work at any other of the idle mines until the Tomboy has secured a full force of miners and mill men.

Habeas Corpus for Miners.

Victor, Colo., Nov. 30.—Deputy Sheriff Wilson today served writs of habeas corpus for Sherman Parker, C. G. Kennison, Patrick Mullaney, W. F. Davis, and W. B. Easterly, miners, on Col. Verdeckberg, commander of the national guard in this district. The writs are returnable to Judge Seeds on Dec. 3. Col. Verdeckberg stated that the men will be turned over to the civil authorities before the time. All have been in the bull pen for over one week. Direct information against them will be filed with the district attorney.

Coal Miners Resume Work.

Denver, Colo., Nov. 30.—Nearly two-thirds of the 2,000 miners of the northern Colorado coal fields resumed work today and it is expected that within a week or two the full force will be at work.

Carmen to Strike in Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, Pa., Nov. 30.—Business Agent Williams of division No. 85 of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes of America announced officially today that a strike of street car men employed by the Pittsburg railway company would be ordered on Friday. He claims that 2,500 employes of the company will quit work.

TWO DEAD, TWO WOUNDED IN NEW KENTUCKY FEUD.

Squire Osborne and Son Killed at Their Own Fireside by Rifle Shots Fired Through a Window.

Hodgenville, Ky., Nov. 30.—[Special.]—Two men were shot dead, one mortally wounded, and another seriously hurt as the climax of a Hart county feud last night. The dead men are Squire Osborne and David Osborne, his son. Will Gardner was mortally wounded, while John Bennett escaped with a shattered arm.

The alleged murderer, Custer Gardner, a young farmer, was arrested at Elizabethtown today after a desperate fight, and was taken to Mumfordville and lodged in jail.

Neither of the Osbornes was given a chance for his life. They were seated around the fireside of their home in the Pike View neighborhood. The assassin appeared at the window, unnoticed in the darkness outside, and fired four rifle shots through the window. Squire Osborne fell dead at the first shot, and an instant later his son was shot through the heart. Will Gardner was wounded in the abdomen. John Bennett's left arm was shattered by a ball.

Squire Osborne was a district magistrate. The shooting was the result of a family quarrel, which developed into a factional fight.

WILL AID IN THE PARK PLANS.

Chicago Architectural Club Votes to Lend Its Assistance to the Commission.

After Special Park Commissioner D. H. Perkins last evening had outlined the plans of the commission for beautifying Chicago by a system of parks and boulevards, the Chicago Architectural club voted its approval. Committees were appointed to further the execution of the plan.

A Matter of Health

There is a quality in Royal Baking Powder which makes the food more digestible and wholesome. This peculiarity of Royal has been noted by physicians, and they accordingly endorse and recommend it.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

UNIONS RESENT LAY-OFF.

TROUBLED BY GENERAL RETRENCHMENT OF EMPLOYERS.

Threaten Strikes in Fox River Valley Against Increase of Hours and Reduction of Force—Chicago Breweries Following Same Policy—Protest Made to Superintendent of Harvester Company—Labor Treasuries Empty Owing to Summer Struggles.

Big firms and associations of employers throughout the country have started to retrench by discharging employes, in the majority of cases the men dropped being union members, in the hope of tiding through the winter without a large decrease of profits.

The Fox River Valley Manufacturers' association has opened its campaign by lengthening the working day from nine to ten hours so that the force of men may be cut down. The Chicago-Milwaukee Brewers' association, unable to increase the cost of beer, has dropped hundreds of its employés in order to maintain profits. Even the Citizens' Industrial association will consider the advisability of retrenchment when its executive boards meets on Dec. 3.

May Strike in Fox River Valley.

The move of the Fox River Valley association has been expected by the trade unions for several weeks. The headquarters of the organization is at Aurora and from there reports have been disseminated that labor must lengthen its working day and suffer from the discharge of a large proportion of its men. These announcements proved to be correct on Saturday, when a clash occurred at Batavia, Ill.

At that town the United States Wind Engine and Pump company, a member of the association, required its employés to work ten instead of nine hours and refused to pay them for overtime. Fifty workmen, members of the machinists and woodworkers' union, struck on Saturday night and are still out. Union leaders in Chicago assert that they will remain out and cause a spread of the trouble before the close of the week.

The trade unions in Aurora, Batavia, Elgin, and Plano are ready to begin a general fight if the association tries to enforce its ten hour proposition. All realize that the employers intend to lay off men with cards and on this account feel that in a general strike they will be fighting for the existence of their organizations.

Brewery Employes Uneasy.

While not so restive as the employés along the Fox river, the workers hired by the Chicago-Milwaukee Brewers' association are uneasy. With the coming of winter has come a falling off in the consumption of beer, and the big firms tried to prevent a decrease of profits by increasing the price. In this they were prevented by the ndependent concerns, and have made up for their failure by laying off men.

The price of beer a barrel has been steadily dropping since the war tax was taken off over a year ago. The decrease has approximated $3, and coupled with this loss has come a general increase in wages. To offset these two changes the firms have tried various schemes, and the discharge of men has proved the most effective. The unions are not complaining of mistreatment, but their officers have become worried and the members discontented.

The Citizens' Industrial association—Parry's new national organization—will develop its policy on Dec. 3, when its new executive board meets at Dayton, O. The central body of employers is out to curb the trade unions, and the consensus of opinion of its members is that this can best be done by laying off union men. The board will take up this proposition and draw up some plan of procedure.

Effect of City Railway Strike.

The result of the strike on the Chicago City railway has aroused enthusiasm among the members of the industrial association. Firms that have hesitated to join it have sent in applications for membership.

The effect out of town was equally marked. Secretary Job reported yesterday that nineteen cities have asked for organizers to form employers' associations. All were stirred up by the outcome of the strike, considering it a substantial victory for the company, backed by the Chicago Employers' association.

"We are well pleased at the result of the strike," said Secretary Job. "It was the best thing that could have happened for the employers. We have formed an association of 243 members in St. Louis, another one in Joliet, and have still another under way in Alton. Nineteen cities are clamoring for organizers."

Protest to Harvester Company.

The executive board of the Chicago Federation of Labor, at the request of the blacksmiths and helpers, visited Supt. E. A. S. Clarke of the Deering division of the International Harvester company during the day and protested against what they termed the unjust discharge of members of trade unions.

Mr. Clarke promised to take the protest under consideration and give the board an answer by Tuesday. The labor leaders have little hope of a favorable reply.

What is worrying the trade unionists most is the inability of many of the organizations to pay out-of-work benefits. Some of the unions have been through long strikes during the last summer and their treasuries are depleted. Others have made no provision for the emergency of idleness. This lack of money is expected to cause a reaction against the unions and a heavy loss in membership.

Wages of 75,000 Men Cut.

Boston, Mass., Nov. 30.—The wages of about 32,000 cotton textile operatives were reduced today. Today's addition brings the total number in New England who have had their pay cut down this fall to about 64,000, and the cut which takes effect in New Bedford next Monday will swell the total to about 75,000, and complete a general reduction in southern New England cotton mills.

Ten Per Cent Cut at Sharon.

Sharon, Pa., Nov. 30.—A 10 per cent reduction in wages goes into effect today at the Sharon works of the American Steel Foundries company.

Big Reduction at Wheeling.

Wheeling, W. Va., Nov. 30.—A 20 per cent reduction in wages goes into effect today at the Wheeling Corrugating works.

CENSURE A STATE REPORT

COAL MEN SEE FAVORITISM IN BOOK ON MINES.

Issue for Year Ended July 1, 1902, Just Out and It Gives Extensive and Favorable Notices to Some Concerns—Chicago Officials of Companies Talk of Asking for an Investigation of the Work of the Labor Commission.

In one respect the state labor commission's annual report on the coal industry has created a sensation. It is alleged that, unlike all previous reports, it shows favoritism. This has stirred up a deal of complaint.

In its compilations the board of commissioners singled out a few coal mining companies for special mention, and in terms that other companies not thus favored regard as most valuable advertising. As it is the twenty-first annual report, and for the year ended July 1, 1902, the report, which has just made its appearance in book form, was long overdue.

Lists the Big Producers.

It contains among other things a list of companies that produced over 100,000 and less than 200,000 tons during the year; also a list that produced 200,000 tons and more. This list carries the names of thirty-eight concerns.

In addition the board calls attention to the Consolidated company as heading the list and, with twenty-one mines producing 2,144,355 tons. The Kelleyville company is mentioned as having surpassed all single mines with 404,391 tons, and then follows this comment: "The first time in the history of the state where a single mine has achieved this remarkable output."

The Big Muddy Coal and Iron company, the Spring Valley Coal and Mining company, the Chicago Virden company, the Chicago, Wilmington and Vermilion company, and three or four others are given similar prominence. Three of them are favored with full page pictures of the plants.

Will Ask an Investigation.

Some of the Chicago coal men expressed great surprise over this feature of the report. They called for an investigation.

"If the matter was not paid for," they said, "then the board has been unfair. It has no right to discriminate in any such manner against the companies not included in these comments. This is an official record, in which everybody engaged in the industry should be treated on an equal basis."

Several of the local dealers interested in mines declared that they would make complaint to the governor. It is understood that David Ross, secretary of the commission, prepared the report.

Labor Commissioner Is Out.

Galesburg, Ill., Nov. 30.—[Special.]—The resignation of W. R. Boyer of this place from the state board of labor commissioners, which was presented at Springfield today, created no surprise here, as he is under several indictments and has been in the county jail for two weeks. The most serious charge is that of embezzling $1,000 of the funds of the International Broommakers' union, of which he was grand secretary treasurer for several years.

Factories Close Down.

New Brighton, Pa., Nov. 30.—Quite a reduction in the output of New Brighton factories will follow orders which went into effect today. The American porcelain works has closed down for the remainder of the year; the Dawes and Myler plant of the Standard Sanitary company will operate but four days a week until Jan. 1, and the Townsend wire mill, the Pierce Crouch engine works, and the Damascus steel works have materially reduced their forces.

Hundreds Thrown Out of Work.

Pittsburg, Pa., Nov. 30.—The Boston Iron and Steel works at McKeesport has announced an indefinite sbutdown, and hundreds of men will be thrown out of work.

"Cleaning House"

Change of Food Cleans the Soul's House

When the body is clogged up by the use of improper food and sickness sets in there is nothing so good as a "house cleaning," and the right way to do this is to change the food, for, although taking medicines may afford temporary relief, a complete change of food is much the surest and safest way.

The highest medical authority in the world, "The Lancet" of London, says of Grape-Nuts: "Our analysis shows it is a nutritive of a high order, since it contains the constituents of a complete food in very satisfactory and rich proportion and in an easily assimilable state." "About two years ago," says a resident of Springville, Ind., "I had terrible stomach trouble, and, although I tried all kinds of medicines, none of them cured me. I was so run down I could not eat, got very little sleep, and was dizzy-headed and miserable all of the time. About that time a friend told me that the only way to cure my trouble was to change my food and recommended Grape-Nuts.

"From my very first meal of Grape-Nuts my stomach began to get better and all the improvements that come from a healthy stomach in place of an unhealthy one soon followed, and this was not all, for just as great an improvement came in my brain. All of the dizziness is gone and my brain is now clear and active. I can eat anything I want, sleep well and am altogether a new man mentally and physically.

"At the time I commenced to use this food I was nothing but a skeleton, weighing 130 pounds, but now I have got back my normal weight of nearly 200." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

Look in each package for a copy of the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

BOY MURDERERS PLEAD IN COURT.

"Not Guilty" Is the Answer of Van Dine, Neidermeier and Roeski.

MARX ADMITS CRIME.

Are Taken to Jail and Last Act of the Revolting Tragedy Is Begun.

A week ago today the car barn murders were still a mystery. Arraigned yesterday afternoon before Judge Kersten for the formal hearing of their pleas, the gang of confessed boy murderers and urban outlaws passed into the shadow of their final fate, and now are prisoners in the county jail awaiting trial.

Neidermeier, with his habitual smile of indifference, Van Dine with an awed solemnity, and Roeski with a grin of incomprehension, all pleaded not guilty. Marx alone, with tense features and twitching lips, uttered the words, "Yes, I'm guilty," with a hesitation and forced composure that lent a touch of tragedy to the already impressive scene in the hushed courtroom.

The pleas of Neidermeier and Van Dine created some surprise, for a few moments before they had admitted that they expected nothing less than the death penalty as their punishment.

Want to See Marx Hanged.

It appears, however, that even in the face of death the motive of their action is in keeping with their deeds. Marx, because of his plea of guilty, may be brought to trial first and punished before the others. With this in mind Van Dine remarked to Assistant Chief Schuettler early in the day:

"Pete and I have not decided on our pleas. There is only one thing we want now—we want to see that cowardly Marx hanged, and hanged first. Are you going to hang him?"

"Well, it looks that way," replied the assistant chief.

"All right, Schuettler," returned Van Dine. "If you will hang that dog of a peacher we'll forgive you everything."

It was, therefore, in the hope of delaying their own trials long enough to gloat over the fate of the confederate who betrayed them that the two desperadoes entered their pleas of not guilty. The date of the first trial has not been set, and will probably be postponed until after the holidays.

Morbid Crowds View Prisoners.

From early morning until late a last time in their cells in the Chicago car barn murderers were the one exciting attraction of all downtown Chicago. Every curious minded person wanted to see them, and the police apparently abetted the morbid hero curiosity. The quartet were driven through the streets with no attempt to minimize the publicity of the move, and during the noon hour thousands of school children were allowed to crowd about the Harrison street police station. Late in the afternoon scores of urchins were to be seen playing hookey to get a glimpse even from afar of a real dime novel bad man.

Two patrol wagons, manned by a score of armed policemen, were in waiting at the Harrison street station when Chief Deputy Sheriff Edward Byrnes, accompanied by half a dozen additional deputies, arrived with the capiases for the prisoners. Assistant Chief Schuettler had previously scattered a hundred detectives along Clark street and as far as the jail. Then the progress to the jail was begun with crowds trailing and all the street running with excitement. A crowd at the jail larger than that at the police station had to be cleared away before the prisoners could be admitted.

Murderers Taken Into Court.

They had no sooner reached their cells than the word went forth that the prisoners would be arraigned immediately. Again the rumor spread, and the crowd streamed around the corner and up to Judge Kersten's courtroom, which was jammed to the doors before the bailiffs could stem the tide. The members of the grand jury which indicted the bandits arrived in a body, and barely secured standing room. Then Van Dine and Neidermeier were led into the courtroom.

"You, Harvey Van Dine, on Nov. 30 were indicted by the grand jury on a charge of murder. Are you guilty or not guilty?" It was John Cummings, clerk of the court, speaking.

There was silence, in which Van Dine shifted about as if seeking help in his dilemma. At that moment a man pushed through the crowd and took Van Dine aside for a whispered conversation. It was C. C. Bartlett of the law firm of Bartlett & Irving, who has been retained by the Van Dine family, and it was his first meeting with his client.

Both Plead Not Guilty.

"I plead not guilty," announced Van Dine, returning to his place before the bar. Neidermeier's smile deepened into a grin. "Not guilty," he answered when Clerk Cummings put the formal question.

Again the door opened and the bailiffs led forth Roeski, coatless, and laughing in a silly sort of way. Marx, tall, broad shouldered, and determined of eye, followed. Clerk Cummings put the question to Roeski, who answered, "Not guilty." And then:

"Gustave Marx, you were on Nov. 30 indicted by the grand jury on a charge of murder. Are you guilty or not guilty?"

Marx Admits His Guilt.

"O, I suppose I'm guilty," muttered Marx.

"Do you make that your plea, Marx?" inquired Judge Kersten.

"Yes, I do," rejoined Marx in a clearer tone.

"You know, my boy," continued the judge, "that you may plead not guilty, and if without counsel you may ask me to appoint one to defend you. Then do you still wish to make this plea of guilty, notwithstanding that the death penalty may have to be inflicted?"

"I do, I am guilty," was the simple rejoinder, and the prisoners were marched back to their cells.

Nearly Murdered by "Pals."

Aside from the fact that Marx is hated by his confederates as their betrayer, it appears that he narrowly escaped murder at their hands. Neidermeier confessed to Assistant Chief Schuettler that he wanted to kill Marx because he believed him "a peacher," but was prevented by Van Dine.

Boy Prisoners Learn a Lesson.

The startling careers of the four prisoners reached the ears of the boys in the jail yesterday Matron Cliff was questioned regarding the desperadoes. The lesson she drew had an immediate effect on the young prisoners. They listened eagerly to the words of the matron as she pointed out the many evils found in reading cheap literature, the schools, idleness, and other things. Her reference to cheap literature seemed to have great effect on her listeners, and when she had finished one boy of 17 drew forth a yellow covered novel of the blood and thunder type.

"Here, take this, matron," said he. "I don't want to become bad like those fellows and you will never again catch me reading those things."

Three other boys followed his example.

Money for Detective's Widow.

Responses to Chief O'Neill's requests for contributions to aid the family of Policeman Quinn, who was killed by Marx, began coming in promptly yesterday. The Theodore Hoel company sent $10, and E. S. Fishbach, 3355 Calumet avenue, handed the chief $5.

"Graft" Witness Is in Trouble.

Mrs. Anna Wilkinson, 22 Wilmot avenue, who recently told the Herrmann "graft" committee that Councilman Tinker of St. Louis had been blackmailed out of $20,000 in a bogus breach of promise suit, was arrested yesterday on a warrant charging her with passing a worthless check. Hermann Bros., grocers, 810 North Robey street, are the complainants.

FOIL CAR HOLDUP; BEATEN

TWO MEN ATTACKED BECAUSE THEY PREVENT A ROBBERY.

Lead a Horse from Grand Avenue Tracks, Enabling Car to Proceed—Then Three Thugs Appear with Slungshots and Take $35 from Victims—Woman Gives $23 to Boy with Revolver—Quartet Arrested Charged with Stealing Tallow.

Interference with the plans of three men who, the police believe, intended to hold up a Grand avenue car led to the assault and robbery of Thomas and Truman Patrick last night. The former was viciously beaten and robbed of $35.

The holdup occurred in Grand avenue, a few yards west of Western avenue, at 10 o'clock. The street at that point is unlighted.

The Patrick brothers are members of an express firm at 9 South Center avenue, where they live. They were returning from a trip to Austin, driving east in Grand avenue. In front of the Artesian Stone and Lime works yards they saw an open buggy standing in the path of a west bound car. No driver or attendant was near the rig, and no one appeared despite the clanging of the gong of the approaching car. The car stopped behind the buggy and the motorman and conductor started to lead the horse from the car tracks.

Three Robbers Appear.

Truman Patrick shouted that he would take care of the vehicle, and dismounting led it to one side while the street car sped on. It scarcely had passed the deserted rig when three men ran from the yard of the lime company.

"What business had you cutting in," shouted one, as he struck at Patrick with a weapon in his hand. "We'll teach you something right now."

The expressman avoided the blow but was struck down by a second man. As his brother started to dismount from his wagon he was pulled to the ground, beaten with a slungshot, and kicked. His coat was torn open and a watch and purse containing $35 taken from his pocket.

Leaving the brothers half unconscious on the street the three men climbed into their buggy and drove away.

The Patrick brothers went to the Warren avenue station and reported the robbery. They described the trio as being apparently 21 years old and well dressed.

The police believe the plan was to lure the street car crew from their places to where one man could hold them up with a revolver while his companions entered the car and robbed the passengers.

Masked Boy Robs Woman.

Called to the rear door of her home, 624 Walnut street, in the morning, Mrs. Clara Van Bergen was confronted by a young man with a handkerchief tied about the lower part of his face who pointed a revolver at her.

"Throw up your hands," he ordered, dramatically. "Utter a sound and I'll kill you."

Too frightened to scream the woman staggered to a chair and fell into it, while the man stepped inside and closed the door.

"Now give me what money you have," he said. "My life is in jeopardy for other crimes, and I must have enough to fly the city."

Mrs. Van Bergen motioned to a bureau drawer. The thief opened it and took $23. Again warning the woman not to move he started to ascend the stairs, but became frightened at some noise. As he started to run from the place the handkerchief fell from his face. He appeared to be not over 15 years old and almost as frightened as his victim. The police believe the thief was some boy influenced by the recent exploits of the car barn trio.

Use Boat to Steal Tallow.

Four men, who, under cover of darkness, lowered their booty into a flatboat tied under a window overlooking the river and then floated the boat to a spot where they could unload it at their leisure, were responsible for the mysterious disappearance of quantities of tallow taken from the plant of Heinze Bros., 4037 Ashland avenue, while detectives were watching three sides of the building. Small quantities of tallow have disappeared from the plant almost nightly. Detectives Hart and Fitzgerald of the New City station, who have been working on the case, yesterday arrested John Miller at Fifty-seventh street and Center avenue. He had ten barrels of stolen tallow on his wagon. Charles Miller and Richard Sichwitenter were later arrested. The men admitted that they had loaded a boat from the back window of the building. The total value of the tallow stolen is nearly $1,000.

Court Impeded by Holdup.

Holdups have reached a stage where they are impeding the courts. Judge Smith was obliged in the morning to adjourn the trial of the sanitary district condemnation suit, involving millions of dollars, on account of the absence of Juror Charles F. Bigelow. The latter was robbed and beaten in front of his house, 74 Maple street, Sunday morning, and on account of his injuries was unable to attend.

Harry Yee, a Chinaman, who has a laundry at 3153 State street, was held up and robbed of $30 Saturday night in his place.

Robbed of Money and Clothes.

Without hat, coat, or shoes John Bach of Indiana Harbor appeared at the South Chicago police station in the evening, and reported that he had been robbed of $12 and his clothing by two men at Ninety-second street and Harbor avenue. Bach had been visiting friends in South Chicago and was on his way home when he was attacked. He was given a bed in the police station until his friends could be notified.

Pickpocket Takes Seven Watches.

Isaac Rosenbaum, a jeweler, was robbed of seven watches worth $150 in the evening while on a south bound Halsted street trolley car. He and his wife were standing, each holding a child, when the watches were taken from his overcoat pocket. As three men jumped off the car one turned to Rosenbaum and said:

"Sorry, old man, to take so much of your time."

GET DRUNK BECAUSE "TIRED."

Social Settlements Try to Divert Laboring Men's Minds, Mr. Robbins Tells Club Women.

"A laboring man gets drunk because he is 'dead tired.' The social settlement tries to provide other diversions for him, and the women's clubs can help."

These assertions were made yesterday by Raymond Robbins of the Northwestern university settlement in addressing the Nineteenth Century club in Oak Park. He urged the club women to aid in the work.

In speaking at the reciprocity day meeting of the Oak Park women's clubs Mrs. O. T. Bright declared that the woman, unable to perform any task to which she assigns her servants "still is a savage." It was only fair to a young man, the speaker said, for him to find the girl he marries capable of managing his home.

CHILD APPLIES FOR SHELTER.

Alice O'Connell, 966 Gage Street, at the Stockyards Station Because She Tells of Beatings at Home.

Alice O'Connell, 11 years old, rapped timidly at the door of the Stockyards police station last night. The sergeant opened the door and a little girl, her hands red with the cold, asked to be admitted. She had wandered in the streets since early morning and had been directed to the police station by a messenger boy. She said she lived at 966 Gage street with her mother and two sisters. A frightened look crossed her face when she was asked why she left home.

"Because my mother beat me," she finally declared.

The child was given in charge of the matron.

Only 23 Days to Christmas.

Diamonds and Watches laid aside for Christmas. Easy payments. Lotts Bros. & Co., 92 State-st.

MUSIC AND DRAMA IN CHICAGO AND ELSEWHERE.

MISS SHANNAH CUMMING

MISS MARIE TEMPEST IN "THE MARRIAGE OF KITTY."

EDITH WALKER NEW AMERICAN CONTRALTO IN GRAND OPERA.

REFUSE TO PAY AT ZION.

OFFICIALS OF DOWIE'S BANK IGNORE DEPOSITOR'S DEMANDS.

A. W. Graham, Alarmed by the Rapidly Increasing Number of Suits for Debt, Tries to Get His $300 and Finds Unexpected Difficulty—He May Conclude to Sue—Will Try to Check Through Waukegan Institution.

One of Dowie's depositors learned yesterday that it is easier to put money in the Zion City bank than to draw it out again.

After a day of fruitless effort to secure his savings, amounting to $300, A. W. Graham of Waukegan was still determined last night to get the money. Today he will deposit a check in a Waukegan bank, and see if that institution can collect it for him. If not he will go into court.

Graham is a carpenter, and when he went to Zion a year ago to work he deposited his savings in the bank. Later he moved to Waukegan, but continued to place all his spare money in the Dowie institution. When the suits against Dowie began to pile up in the Lake county courts the Waukegan man became anxious. Yesterday he came to the conclusion that the money would be much safer in his own keeping than in Dowie's.

At noon he went to Zion City, presented his book at the bank, and said he wanted to draw out his money.

"Aren't you giving us rather short notice?" asked Deacon Peckham.

"I cannot help that. I need and want my money," replied Graham.

"We cannot pay you. You have not given us sufficient notice," said the cashier, and Graham was obliged to leave. He returned later and said: "I make a formal demand for my money," but received the same answer. He then asked for a few blank checks.

"What do you want of them?" asked the cashier. "Do you mean to draw checks on Zion bank and get your money in that way?"

"It's nobody's business but my own what I do with those checks and my money," replied Graham. When he insisted the bank officers handed him over a few blank checks, and Graham returned to Waukegan. If the checks are not honored Graham says he will resort to legal process at once.

At the bank the officials said they were acting within the law in insisting on a notice of withdrawal.

TROLLEY CARS KILL TWO MEN AND SWELL MONTH'S RECORD.

James Flarety, 70 Years Old, Fails to Hear Warning Bell and Loses His Life—Trainmen Are Arrested.

After the coroner's report for the month of November had been completed two men were killed by trolley cars in Chicago late last night. Several were injured.

James Flarety, 70 years old, 11 South Jefferson street, was struck and killed by a Fulton street car while crossing the tracks at Adams and Jefferson streets. The motorman, James White, and the conductor, John Bell, were arrested and released on bonds. It is asserted that Flarety failed to hear the warning bell.

His failure to heed the warning of his 6 year old son led to the death of Frank Root, 50 years old, at Twenty-second and Laflin streets, where he was struck by a west bound Twenty-second street car. Root lived at 2 Shelby court. He was crossing the street with his son Charles, holding his hand. When they reached the curb the child called to his father to look out for the car and at the same time wrenched his hand from his father's grasp. The father walked in front of the car. He was knocked down and died soon afterward in the county hospital.

Other victims of the cars were:

Gudal, John, 50 years old, Avers avenue and Argyle street, thrown from wagon in collision with another wagon on Milwaukee avenue viaduct; unconscious; injured internally.

McDonald, Cornelius, policeman, Madison and Fortieth streets, fell in trying to board Madison street car; right ankle sprained.

Powell, Giles, 68 years old, 444 South Clinton street, struck by Halsted street electric car while crossing Twenty-ninth street; left arm and leg fractured.

Taylor, Robert, 1063 West Harrison street, back injured in collision of Halsted street and Milwaukee avenue cars.

WOMAN HELD FOR SHOPLIFTING

Mrs. Ellen Tollson, Detective Says, Has Three Fur Boas Wrapped About Her Waist.

Mrs. Ellen Tollson, a widow living at 19 Wisconsin street, was arrested and taken to the Central police station yesterday on three charges of larceny, made by V. P. Brown, a detective employed in a State street store. According to Brown, the woman took three fur boas, valued at $25 each. He said he asked her to unfasten her cloak, and says he found the boas wrapped around her waist. She was released on bonds.

Actress Mabel McKinley Improving.

Owensboro, Ky., Nov. 30.—[Special.]—Miss Mabel McKinley, who is still ill here, is improving and expects to be able to resume her tour Dec. 14. The other members of the company have gone to New York, where she will join them. Dr. H. L. Baer says his wife's breakdown is due to the strenuous work of one night stands.

Apollo Club Concert.

The Apollo club and all concerned in its first concert of the season, given last evening at the Auditorium, covered themselves with glory. Better singing the chorus has never done, better accompaniment the Chicago Orchestra has at no time furnished, and more generally satisfactory soloists have rarely been heard with the organization. It was an evening of enjoyment to all who listened, and in view of the conditions under which the concert was given the achievement was nothing short of remarkable.

It is of course not the province of critical comment to take into consideration the preparatory stages of a performance—the performance is supposed to be judged on its merits irrespective of whether the preliminaries of its presentation have been favorable or otherwise. But the untoward conditions which surrounded the giving of the concert last night by the Apollos are known, and in view of the pronouncedly satisfactory outcome of the evening it seems but a part of just commendation to make mention of the obstacles overcome by the club and its coworkers.

In the first place, two new works were to be sung, one of them being still in manuscript and last night receiving its first public hearing. Owing to the fact that the Chicago orchestra was on tour from Nov. 16 till Nov. 28, the one rehearsal the Apollos can afford to have with the orchestra had to be held two weeks ago last Sunday, and the Auditorium being engaged for that day the rehearsal had to take place in the assembly room of the Fine Arts building—a room accommodating about 500 people, which is just about what the chorus and the orchestra number. The satisfactoriness of rehearsing under such crowded conditions may be imagined! Yesterday morning at 10:30 o'clock was named as the time for the orchestral rehearsals with the soloists, the Auditorium being the place.

The orchestra played in Fargo, Dakota, Saturday night, and ended a fortnight of one night stands by a journey of over twenty-five hours' duration back to Chicago, arriving here yesterday morning. The men assembled at the Auditorium at 10:30, but their instruments did not come until after 11. A rehearsal which should have lasted over two and one-half hours was of necessity crowded into less than two, and matters were still further complicated by finding that the parts of the manuscript work were filled with mistakes which had to be corrected.

It was therefore with instrumentalists wearied almost beyond endurance, with chorus virtually unrehearsed with orchestra, and with soloists but hurriedly taken through their numbers, that Mr. Wild and the Apollo club came on the stage last evening for the first concert of the season. That the performance went off not only smoothly, but with a spirit and finish which gave to the hearer no hint of the possibility of insufficient preparation speaks in the highest terms of the earnest, hearty manner in which every one engaged gave of his best. The concert was in itself an excellent one—when it is realized under what conditions it was given it becomes truly remarkable.

The program consisted of "The Light of Life," a "short oratorio" by Edward Elgar, and "King Olaf," a cantata by Carl Busch. Each new work of Elgar's with which acquaintance is made but serves to increase the high esteem for his abilities as a creative musician. The oratorio heard last evening proved a veritable masterpiece—small in form, it is true, but containing a wealth of musical gems. The unfailing melodiousness of everything Elgar writes lends it a charm and power which but few of the creations of modern composers possess. He is essentially modern so far as his employment of every harmonic resource and instrumental device is concerned, but he employs all these elements as a means, and not as an end.

The artistic end he keeps ever in view is beauty. Dramatic truth he knows and values, but he makes that truth strong by contrasting it with beauty, even when he cannot make the truth itself distinctly beautiful. His music has moments of splendid strength and superb daring, but it also has longer periods of euphony—a euphony which grips the heartstrings and sets the soul to singing. His "The Light of Life" discovers all the high merits that distinguish him as a composer, but to point out the beauties of the work would mean to consider each number in detail, for there is not one of the sixteen the score contains which has not its feature of interest and high worth.

The orchestral prelude is in itself a creation of rare beauty. Then the choruses—the fine light and shade of the opening "Seek Him" for the tenors and basses; the superb power of "Light Out of Darkness," with the dazzling splendor of its first great exclamations, and its wondrously effective setting of the words "Thou hast borne the sinner's sentence"; the masterly skill with which confusion is suggested, yet musical clarity never lost, in the choruses of the Pharisees and of the doubting people; the impressive manner in which "The eyes of the blind shall see" is set; and the dignity and breadth of the final "Light of the World"—these are the products of a creative gift that has in it the divine fire of what the world calls genius. The solos for the mother, the pleading of the blind man and his recital beginning "As a spirit" (how exquisitely expressive is the orchestral bit picturing his worshiping of the Christ), and the soprano solo, "Woe to the Shepherds"—each of these are of surpassing beauty, and as given last evening were a source of sincerest delight.

Mr. Busch's "King Olaf" suffers by juxtaposition with a work so masterly as is the Elgar oratorio, for the talented composer-director has written in a simpler, more formal manner than has the eminent Englishman. He has made little or no attempt to characterize musically any of the many characters appearing in the disconnected excerpts from Longfellow's "Sagas of King Olaf," which he has used as a text. He has written much music as his fancy and his inspiration have prompted and has then suited the word to it. He has written good, straightforward, honest cantata music, music which the great mass of choral societies will sing with success and satisfaction and which the great majority of audiences will enjoy hearing. It is not music that is made difficult by any abundant employment of contrapuntal device or by harmonic freakiness; but it is spirited, melodious, and generally singable. Among the numbers which will doubtlessly prove popular are the soprano solo and women's chorus "Queen Sigrid the Haughty," which are attractively melodious, as is also the similarly arranged Gudrun number; the vigorous song and chorus of the Sword; the tenor solo "Strike the Sails," and the rousing chorus that succeeds it.

The performance accorded both of these new works by the chorus was in the highest degree admirable. The wonderful purity and sweetness of tone the singers produce have been frequently commended in the past, but never, it seemed, had they been more admirably in evidence than they were last evening. The tone was like that of a fine instrument so far as firmness, exactness, and clarity are concerned, and excellently under Mr. Wild's highly competent guidance was this tone modified, shaded, and controlled.

Miss Cummings had the soprano solo music, and deepened the fine impression she made when heard here in the "Creation" with the club. Her voice is one of unusual sympathy and beauty, rich and full, and so admirably schooled that she sings with absolute ease, certainty, and authority. Her work last evening was a source of genuine satisfaction and pleasure. Mr. Hamlin had an abundance of grateful music to sing and made the most of his opportunities. Especially enjoyable was all of his work in the Elgar oratorio, and in the "Strike the Sails" in "King Olaf."

Mrs. Marie White Longman had only the part of the Narrator and one short solo for contralto in "The Light of Life," but she succeeded in proving that her voice is smooth, pure, and of much beauty, and under good control. The future should contain much that is desirable for such a singer. Mr. Howland was prevented by illness from singing the baritone music in the two works, and his place was taken at short notice by William Beard. Mr. Beard found his best chance in the Busch cantata, the Elgar music lying a little too low to enable him to show the best part of his voice. His voice is a healthy, strong, rich baritone of good quality and capable of telling work. Despite the nervousness resultant from undertaking two such trying parts on two days' notice, he created a favorable impression and won merited approval

W. L. HUBBARD

My Lady Mollie Is Liked.

Boston, Mass., Nov. 30.—[Special.]—Charles Frohman made a decided hit with his new comedy opera "My Lady Mollie" at the Park theater tonight, with Andrew Mack in the leading comedy rôle. The opera is by Sydney Jones, author of "San Toy" and "The Geisha," and is now in its second year in London. The music is simply delightful, some of the lyrics being the best Mr. Jones ever produced. The atmosphere and background of English country life of two centuries ago supplied the musical setting. The plot deals with the masquerade of Lady Mollie Martingale, a dashing young woman, who assumes masculine attire in order to prevent the marriage between her lover, Capt. Romney, and a rich heiress.

With the assistance of Mickey O'Dowd, the Irish valet of Capt. Romney, she dresses in the captain's clothes and presents herself as Capt. Romney. While in disguise she fights a duel, makes love with the heiress, and almost becomes the bridegroom. Ethel Levey played this part most effectively. Mr. Mack contributed his rich fund of Irish humor to the portrayal of the love of Mickey O'Dowd, and sang several good Irish lyrics. The opera is mounted gorgeously.

Narrow Escape for Blanche Walsh.

Appleton, Wis., Nov. 30.—[Special.]—Blanche Walsh, the actress, and a portion of her company had a narrow escape from death by suffocation in their private car while en route for this city this morning. The train stopped at Merrillan, and while there a car inspector discovered a quantity of ice at the mouth of the exhaust steam pipe. Thinking the pipe was frozen up, the inspector thawed it out with his torch and unknowingly ignited the sawdust and shavings between the two floors of the car. When the train was ten miles outside of Merrillan smoke was seen issuing from the windows. The train was brought to a standstill and brakemen broke in the door and rescued Miss Walsh and the others.

New Opera in Brussels.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 30.—A new three act opera, "Le Roi Arthur," by the French composer, Ernest Chausson, who was killed in a bicycle accident three years ago, was produced at the Theatre de la Monnaie tonight with the greatest success. The brilliant audience present included Princess Clementine, the countess of Flanders, and the duke and duchess of Vendome. The music is in the Wagnerian style, and the libretto, which was also written by M. Chausson, deals with a legend of King Arthur.

THE MARRIAGE OF KITTY.

A Farce Comedy in Three Acts. Adapted from the French.

BY

C. G. LENNOX.

Presented at the Hudson theater in New York Nov. 30, 1903. The cast:

Sir Reginald Belsize, Bart. Mr. Leonard Boyne
John Travers ..... Mr. Gilbert Hare
Norbury ..... Mr. Ernest Molnwaring
Hampton ..... Mr. W. Abbott
Mme. de Semlano ..... Miss Ada Ferrar
Rosalie ..... Miss Lilian Wheeler
Miss Katherine Silverton. Miss Marie Tempest

New York, Nov. 30.—[Special.]—To the new Hudson theater came tonight Miss Marie Tempest and her London company in "The Marriage of Kitty," a farce comedy, adapted from the French of Fred Gresac and F. de Croisset by Cosmo Gordon Lennox. A large audience well remembered her as a singer of comic operas here a decade ago and prepared to be amused and interested in Miss Tempest as a comedienne pure and simple, but not to be astonished, as it was, by her admirable performance. Miss Tempest was charming from the first, and seldom has a brighter or more sparkling and at the same time a more natural acting of an exacting rôle been seen on a New York stage.

There were just enough risque lines and situations tonight to give pungency and flavor and yet not to offend. The piece was breezy, sparkling, and admirably played, and is filled with bright and most amusing situations. Tonight's premiere brought a thoroughly good production.

THEATER USHERS ON STRIKE.

Boys at the Columbus Go Out When Refused Small Increase in Their Pay.

Refused an increase in their wages of 5 cents for each performance, seven ushers of the Columbus theater, Nineteenth street and Wabash avenue, struck last night and picketed the house. The boys in the afternoon presented Manager Eberts a petition asking their weekly wages be made $2.50 instead of $2 for seven evening performances and three matinées. Eberts promised to consider the matter. In ten minutes he came out of his office and ordered the ushers to go away.

For the evening performance bill posters, ticket sellers, and the assistant treasurer of the theater acted as ushers.

The ushers who struck were William Myers, Harry Kahn, Ben Bloom, Karl Wilson, William Duffy, Ernest Slack, and Albert Harris.

NEGRO LYNCHING AIDED BY BLACKS

Help People of Belcher, La., Run Down and Hang Three Murderers.

ONE GETS $100 PRIZE

Victim Is Prominent White Business Man Who Was Shot Without Cause.

Shreveport, La., Nov. 30.—[Special.]—Three negroes were lynched for the murder of a white man at 1 o'clock this afternoon at Belcher, twenty miles from here, by a crowd of 1,200 persons, containing a number of their own race. Many of the blacks in the crowd had aided in hunting down the assassins. One negro was so energetic that he was given a purse of nearly $100 for the part he played.

Nearly all the negroes in Belcher took part in the chase, and seemed to be as eager to have the trio lynched as the whites.

The men lynched were Phil Davis, Walter Carter, and Clint Thomas. Their victim was Robert Adger, one of the most popular business men in north Louisiana.

The negroes had confessed their crime. They said they were trying new guns, and when Adger appeared on the street they thought it quite natural to turn the guns on him.

No shots were fired at the lynching, the negroes all being hanged to a single limb of a tree. Two of their companions were released. One proved that he had attempted to prevent the shooting, and the other established the fact that he was too frightened to shoot.

The lynched men had bad reputations. Davis is said to be an ex-convict, and Walter Carter was forced to flee from Mansfield, La., about a year ago for insulting a white woman.

CARNEGIE PRAISES POVERTY: HOLDS POOR CHILD BLESSED.

In Speech at St. Andrew's Society Banquet in New York He Says Offspring of Wealthy Lack Much.

New York, Nov. 30.—[Special.]—In responding to the toast, "The Land o' Cakes," at the dinner of the St. Andrew's society at Delmonico's tonight, Andrew Carnegie praised poverty and told how happy the poor child is and how many advantages he has over the children of the wealthy.

"The child of the millionaire," said Mr. Carnegie, "cannot know what the words father and mother mean. But few Scotchmen have been cursed by being born in wealth. They've been born in poverty.

"The son of the poor Scot has as his guide, instructor, and model his father. As his nurse, seamstress, cook, servant, teacher, heroine, and saint, he has his mother. No tutors and no servants come between him and his parents. It is from these they obtain the knowledge of their country's glories, its traditions, its history, and heroes.

"If all the eulogy that has been given upon Scotland was printed you couldn't a free library big enough to hold the vo Little can any or all of us do to enhance fame of our native or adopted land, t there rests upon all of us the sacred duty so living and acting during life that we shall discredit neither."

The Rev. Dr. George C. Lorimer raised a laugh at the expense of Mr. Carnegie. "I am glad," said Dr. Lorimer, "to hear Andrew Carnegie is such an admirer of poverty. I was born poor, and I know I shall not have to exercise my wits to know how to die poor."

Mr. Carnegie joined in the laughter.

ENTIRE TOWN IN DANGER: EXPOSED TO DIPHTHERIA.

Improper Diagnosis of Case at Bartlett, Near Elgin, Allows Family to Roam About and Children Go to School.

Elgin, Ill., Nov. 30.—[Special.]—Through improper diagnosis made by physicians at Bartlett, a town eight miles southeast of Elgin, the entire community has been exposed to black diphtheria. The doctors and health officials are making strenuous efforts to prevent a spread of the disease by administering preventives to the entire population.

Lulu, the 11 year old daughter of Mrs. E. W. Miller, was taken ill several days ago, and the doctor who attended her diagnosed it as blood poisoning. At the death of the child Dr. Starrett of Elgin was called for post-mortem examination. He pronounced the disease black diphtheria, but to corroborate his views sent a portion of the membrane to a laboratory in Chicago. The analysis confirmed Dr. Starrett's statement.

While the case was supposed to be blood poisoning both Mr. and Mrs. Miller and the other children in the family circulated among the townspeople and attended social gatherings. Many callers also were at the house during the child's illness, and the Miller children attended the public school.

Reports of the discovery of the nature of the disease have been sent to all surrounding towns.

DR. SENN HIMSELF IN HOSPITAL.

Goes to St. Joseph's for Treatment of an Arm Poisoned During Operation.

In St. Joseph's hospital, where he often has operated on other persons, Dr. Nicholas Senn last night was himself a patient. With his arm in bandages Dr. Senn arrived in Chicago from St. Louis yesterday morning. The swelling of his right arm, caused by the infection of the ring finger of his hand in a recent operation, has been much reduced by means of hot applications, and the arm almost has resumed its normal size.

On his arrival in Chicago yesterday Dr. Senn was driven at once to St. Joseph's hospital, where the dressings were changed and the infected finger examined by Dr. Senn's son, Dr. Emmanuel J. Senn. Mrs. Senn visited her husband, and the hospital attendants were kept busy answering telephone inquiries concerning Dr. Senn's condition.

Although not confined to a cot Dr. Senn will remain in the hospital, where he may receive the attention of the house physicians, until the danger of exposure to cold is past.

ACTRESS SUES FOR $15,000.

Declares Milwaukee Man Gave Her Drugged Champagne and That Her Health Was Impaired.

Gay dinners at the Savoy restaurant in Milwaukee and one eventful night last July when "doped" champagne is alleged to have been used figured in a $15,000 damage suit filed by Miss Elisabeth Morrison, an actress, against Daniel Van Brunt of Milwaukee. The young woman declares that Van Brunt gave her drugged wine, which injured her health.

Miss Morrison was playing with the "Invaders" company in Milwaukee, she says, when she met Van Brunt. "She had left the seclusion of convent life only six months before, and knew little of the world," her lawyer says.

Scores of love letters written in German were introduced in Judge Kavanagh's court yesterday in a replevin suit brought by Fritz Schulze to secure valuable papers now in the possession of Mrs. Ida Schwarz. Schulze admitted he had been engaged to the woman.

When Schulze stepped from the stand he extended his hand to Mrs. Schwarz, and they left the courtroom together. "There will be a wedding before long," commented the attorney for the woman.

DENEEN PRAISED BY ROOSEVELT.

Friends of State's Attorney Seek Support of President in Illinois Campaign.

GET NO DIRECT PROMISE.

Are Told, However, That Federal Officeholders Will Not Be Allowed to Interfere.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 30.—[Special.]—State Treasurer Fred Busse and State Senator Dan Campbell arrived in Washington this morning and held a protracted conference with President Roosevelt at the White house regarding Illinois politics. They came here in the interest of State's Attorney C. S. Deneen, and requested the president to do what he could to help along the candidacy for the governorship of Mr. Deneen.

The two Chicago men were with the president nearly an hour, and the political situation in Illinois was canvassed thoroughly. President Roosevelt was informed that Mr. Deneen is the people's candidate for governor, but that some politicians were opposed to him. They told the president of the strong following of Mr. Deneen, and were quite enthusiastic over the outcome of the contest.

The president was requested to do all he could consistently to help along the candidacy of the state's attorney, and if he could do nothing they desired that the president should at least keep his hands off the fight.

Roosevelt Praises Deneen.

The president said he had known Mr. Deneen for a long time, and he had the highest appreciation of the excellent work done by that official. He was deeply interested in the coming campaign and would watch its progress closely. While he appreciated the integrity and the ability of the state's attorney, the president said that, for obvious reasons he could not interfere in state politics, and the attitude of the administration would be strictly neutral. While he was anxious to have a republican elected governor of the state, his attitude regarding Illinois would be the same as assumed in other states, where he had maintained strictly a neutral attitude and was careful not to interfere in local contests.

The president spoke of the excellent gubernatorial timber in the state, but said his visitors would readily understand that he could not with propriety favor one as against the other, notwithstanding the fact that he held such a high opinion of Mr. Deneen.

Federal Officials to Be Kept Off.

President Roosevelt told his visitors, however, that he would not permit federal officeholders to become unduly prominent in the fight, and that none of the factions of officeholders would be allowed to interfere for one or the other.

The interview between the president and the Chicagoans was an exceedingly pleasant one, and the state treasurer and the state senator left the White house satisfied with the result of their mission. They were extremely reticent and declined to discuss and interview with the president, except to say that it related to politics. Before calling on the president Mr. Busse and Senator Campbell visited Senator Cullom at the capitol. The latter was engaged in important business with an official of the state department, and consequently there was no opportunity to discuss state politics and especially the fight for the governorship.

After their conference with President Roosevelt the two Illinois men returned to the capitol and remained with Senator Cullom for a few moments. On their second visit to the senior senator they did not have an opportunity to discuss their mission to the White house, as they were forced to hurry away to catch a train for New York, where they will remain for a few days.

STOCK SHOW TO AID LOWDEN.

He Opens Headquarters at the Transit House and Invades Deneen's Home Territory.

Frank O. Lowden is obtaining some prominence as a candidate for governor in the stockyards district through the fat stock show. He has opened headquarters at the Transit house and is invading Charles S. Deneen's home territory. When Col. Lowden went out to the show grounds yesterday he was accompanied by Senator Charles H. Hughes, his campaign manager, who took charge of all matters pertaining to his candidacy.

Every afternoon throughout the week Senator Hughes will be at the headquarters, and word has gone out that republicans of the Twenty-ninth and other town of Lake wards will be especially welcomed.

DENEEN IS UNABLE TO SPEAK.

State's Attorney's Sore Throat Changes the Central Y. M. C. A. Annual Dinner Program.

Because of a sore throat Charles S. Deneen was unable to speak at the annual dinner of the Central Y. M. C. A. last evening. While on a trip through the northern part of the state he contracted a cold and his physician has prohibited him from campaigning until he fully recovers. The dinner was attended by 360 members of the association. The principal address was made by J. Ferguson of Ceylon. L. W. Messer, general secretary, also spoke and James F. Oates, department secretary, read his annual statement.

ANNOUNCEMENT IS DEFERRED.

Congressman Warner Attends Love Feast at Champaign, Ill., but Says He Can Say Nothing Before Dec. 3.

Champaign, Ill., Nov. 30.—[Special.]—Congressman Warner failed to formally announce his candidacy for governor tonight at the love feast at the Beardsley hotel. To friends he said that he had promised not to commit himself until after Dec. 3. He declares he has not yet decided whether to enter the race or not. The impression that he will seek the nomination has, however, gained strength from his attitude tonight. Friends say he will certainly announce himself in a few days.

ADDICKS OFFERS ARE REFUSED.

Regular Republicans of Delaware Say He's Still the Same Bad Man and Will Not Go to Senate.

Dover, Del., Nov. 30.—[Special.]—"John Edward Addicks is the same bad man, and his election to the United States senate is the same impossibility as it was in 1898." was the answer of the convention here today of the regular or anti-Addicks republicans in reply to the peace proposition framed by an Addicks republican massmeeting held here Nov. 4. The so-called harmony offer of the Addicks men asked a return to the old system of common primaries and majority rule.

The union republican regulars say: "Under present conditions one organization, harmonious and efficient, is not only impossible but; could it be formed, it would make the selection of republican electors and republican state officers at the next general election impossible.

"The candidates of the national party shall receive our full and hearty support, as they doubtless will receive yours, and, if so, the matter of immediate concern to the party is determined."

Only 23 Days to Christmas.

Avoid the holiday crowds. Select the Diamond now. Easy payments. Lottie Bros., 92 State-st.

WHERE THE HEART IS INVOLVED

Some of These News Stories End Happily. Some Among Them Are Cast Over with Clouds.

Snow Drifts Melt Away.

When Sleigh Breaks Couple Walk to South Chicago and Are Married in Haste Just in Time to Catch a Train for Milwaukee.

While they were speeding from Burnside to South Chicago yesterday their sleigh was overturned and James T. O'Brien and Miss Jessie L. Smith were thrown into a snowdrift.

"I didn't come all the way from Milwaukee to be married to have my plans upset this way," declared the young woman, shaking the snow from her black hair.

Then the couple, hand in hand, trudged several several miles and arrived early in the evening in South Chicago. There was no time to be lost. The train on which they had planned to visit Milwaukee on their wedding trip almost was due.

Justice Foster was appealed to in the emergency. He married the couple, gave them their certificate, and steered them in the direction of the railroad station—all in seven minutes. They caught the train.

Cupid's Nolle Prosequi.

Legal Battle Which Promised Many Sensations Ends Suddenly When Man and Woman Litigants Leave Court Arm in Arm and Do Not Return.

Did Cupid slip into Judge Kavanagh's court at the noon recess yesterday and play havoc with a case of many promising sensations, involving messages from the occult world, a damage suit for personal injuries, a breach of promise suit, and the use of an ax to secure valuable papers? Because Fritz Schulze and Mrs. Ida Schwartz, who in the morning were plaintiff and defendant, walked from the courtroom arm in arm the case was dismissed.

Where they went Attorney Emmett Clare, Mrs. Schwartz's counsel, does not know, nor does Attorney J. E. Northrup, Schulze's lawyer in a replevin suit against Mrs. Schwartz to secure possession of $725 worth of notes and collaterals, which Schulze averred belonged to him.

"Has your client spirited mine away," demanded Attorney Northrup of the opposing counsel when court convened at 2 o'clock.

"Your client has stolen mine," was the response. "She was holding his hand when I saw them last."

"True love never runs smooth," said Judge Kavanagh, turning to the jury, and the twelve men were dismissed.

Schulze was placed on the witness stand in the morning to show how Mrs. Schwartz obtained his papers. On cross examination he admitted that once his desire to gain possession of the papers conquered his love for Mrs. Schwartz, and that he had gone to her house, 1430 Madison street, armed with an ax. On this occasion he is said to have had a change of heart at the last moment. He alleged that he had left a note coyly hidden under a flowerpot which read:

"Dear Ida: Haven't you any heart for me?
"FRITZ."

At this point an adjournment was taken. As Schulze stepped from the witness stand he extended his hand to Mrs. Schwartz. They held a quiet conversation, and, arm in arm, left the courtroom.

Asks $100,000 Heart Balm.

Young Governess Says Wealthy Widower Failed to Keep His Promise to Wed Her—Love Letters Part of Her Evidence, Lawyer States.

Representing that he has failed to make good his promise to marry her, Miss Katerina Sebesta, a governess employed at 2914 Prairie avenue yesterday filed a $100,000 breach of promise suit against John Churan, a wealthy real estate dealer and politician. Both parties to the suit are Bohemians. Churan, who lives at 417 West Eighteenth street, is a former building inspector, and has been a candidate for the legislature. He is reputed to be worth $250,000.

Miss Sebesta, whose home is in Cary, Ill., and who is not 30 years old, declares in her bill that Churan who is past 50, has made love to her for more than two years and that he has frequently promised to marry her. Churan is a widower with two grown children and Miss Sebesta asserts that he had told her that he wanted a wife for his old age.

"I have known Miss Sebesta for two years, as she says," said Churan last night. "Everything she says is true except that I promised to marry her. I frequently took her to the theaters and to suppers, but our relations were nothing more than those of sister and brother. I have not seen her since last May. About that time she told me of some young man who wanted to marry her and she asked my advice. I told her to marry him if she loved him. That is the only conversation we ever had concerning matrimony."

Charles Veseley, Miss Sebesta's attorney, asserts that he has in his possession a bundle of love letters which will establish the truth of his client's claim that Churan promised to marry her. "They are all wrapped up in pink ribbon and ready to be placed in evidence when the case is called for trial," he said last night.

Union Patton on Cupid.

Chicago Girls Start a Club Whose Members May Marry None but Advocates of Organized Labor—Two Matches Are Made Already.

"We are not asking for husbands, but those who want us must be on our eligible list, and only union men need apply."

With this decree the Girls' Union League club has started out to solve the problem of whether marriage is a failure. Two of its twenty members are making the test, have declared themselves well satisfied, and have advised the others to "go and do likewise, but be sure and get a man who carries a union card."

The league started its eligible list on Thanksgiving eve at its annual ball. The places of honor in the grand march were given to the two brides, Mrs. Addie Ahlgrin and Mrs. Mae Burns.

The league was organized primarily to advocate the union label. Its members have refused to buy material which has not the stamp of organization on it. They have visited the principal stores in the interest of their scheme and have been successful. The members are picked from a long list of applicants and all are considered belles of their respective unions.

Wife Sues a Third Time.

Mrs. Sophia May Twice Relents After Accusing Her Husband in Court, but Now Demands a Divorce, Charging Philip May with Cruelty.

Philip May, 4436 St. Lawrence avenue, a wealthy south side property owner, is the defendant for the third time in a suit for divorce filed by Mrs. Sophia May. Several months ago Mrs. May sued her husband for separate maintenance, and afterwards dismissed her bill. She later began a suit for divorce, but this was also dismissed upon her motion. It is said that the suits were dismissed as the result of an adjustment of the difficulties between the parties. In the bill filed yesterday Mrs. May charges her husband with cruelty.

Too Gallant to Widows.

Syracuse Man Who Gave the Lonely Ones a Dinner Now Says He Is Flooded with Proposals to Marry Former Guests and Regrets Generosity.

Syracuse, N. Y., Nov. 30.—[Special.]—"No more widows' parties for me," said Alfred A. Howlett today. "I never got over the one I gave last year. Letters of proposal keep coming right along, and I have hundreds of them from every civilized country in the world except China, but I have clippings from the Chinese papers about my widows' party." Mr. Howlett became famous by celebrating his 82d birthday anniversary last winter by giving a party to all the widows of his acquaintance. He intended to invite all the old maids he knew this year, but the proposals of marriage he has received from women mistaking his intentions have caused him to back out.

Cupid by Fiancee's Gift.

Recreant Swain from Albion, Mich., Identified by Golden Heart—Arrested and Will Wed Sweetheart—Was Employed in Car Shops at Pullman.

A watch charm in the shape of a heart, given him by the young woman he had deserted, led to the arrest of Alexander Adams in the Pullman shops yesterday. He was taken back to Albion, Mich., last night by Sheriff Graham of that city, where it is said Adams will marry Miss Mabel Prentiss, daughter of an Albion lumber merchant.

Adams is said to have promised to marry the girl and then left his home and came to Chicago. Although he had deserted her he wore on his watch chain a heart shaped locket which she had given him. The officers in their search for him were notified to look for this locket, and Saturday detectives from the South Chicago police station noticed the locket and Sheriff Graham was notified.

Youthful Swain Balked.

Watchful Mother and a Telephone Head Off Application for a Marriage License by a Boy of 14 and Girl of 12 Years.

"Hello, is this the marriage license office?" asked a woman over the telephone when Marriage License Clerk Salmonson answered a call yesterday.

"Yes, it is," said Mr. Salmonson.

"Well, if my daughter comes in there with Willie Russell, and they ask for a license, don't you give it to them. Willie is only 14 years old," the clerk was informed.

"Who is this talking?" asked Mr. Salmonson.

"My name is Mrs. William Anderson, and my daughter's name is Lenora," replied the woman.

"How old is she?" asked Mr. Salmonson.

"O, Lenora is only 13 years old, and that is why I object," said Mrs. Anderson.

The clerk was on the alert all day, but the youthful sweethearts did not appear.

MRS. REGINALD C. VANDERBILT FAINTS AT NEWPORT THEATER.

Wife of Young New York Millionaire Falls While Leaving Her Box and Is Unconscious for Twenty Minutes.

Newport, R. I., Nov. 30.—[Special.]—While Mrs. Reginald C. Vanderbilt was leaving her box at the Newport opera house this evening she missed the low step from the box and fell to the floor. She fainted as soon as she struck the floor. Her husband and others carried her back to the box, where she was laid upon the cushions.

Drs. Rufus Darran and William Anderson, who had been in the audience, were called and restoratives administered, but Mrs. Vanderbilt did not revive for twenty minutes. From the theater she was taken first to the residence of Dr. Anderson, where a thorough examination was made, and later to the Greer cottage, where her mother has apartments.

Mrs. Vanderbilt was extremely weak when she recovered consciousness, but in view of her delicate health it cannot be determined for several days whether her fall will result seriously.

MAY BE SHE OWNS LAKE FRONT.

Original of "Mrs. Wiggs of the Cabbage Patch" Has Visions of Wealth in Chicago.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 30.—[Special.]—Visions of great wealth in Chicago real estate have been brought to Mrs. Amanda Bass, the original "Mrs. Wiggs of the Cabbage Patch." But she is unchanged in her outward demeanor. "If the Lord wants to send it, it will come," was her only remark regarding it.

Mrs. Bass is a descendant of William White, one of the earliest settlers on the Chicago lake front, the line of descent being through the Thomases. Volney Thomas, of Mumfordville, Ky., tried to assert a claim in 1850, and again in 1865, without success. Another claim is to be made, but Mrs. Bass is not losing any sleep about it.

"I am not going to exchange my shawl for a cloak just yet. There will be plenty of time," she says.

SPEAKERS PRAISE THE SCOTS.

Achievements of Race Discussed at Banquet of St. Andrew's Society in Auditorium.

Achievements of Scotchmen were extolled and memories of Scotland were renewed last night at the banquet of the Illinois St. Andrew's society at the Auditorium. Senator Hopkins said he was close to being a Scotchman. Donald McMasters of Montreal affirmed that most of the citizens of Chicago were of the race, and Dr. Emil G. Hirsch was of the opinion that the prophet Joshua himself must have been a Scot.

Starting with praise for the Scotch insight and adherence to high principles, Dr. Hirsch went on to tell of the contributions made by the many nations of the old world to America.

Senator Hopkins praised President Roosevelt as the most typical man that had ever occupied the executive office.

"Theodore Roosevelt was born in luxury, was reared in affluence, and educated at old Harvard. Then, later in his life, he went through experiences in the west. So he represents not only the culture of the east but the daredevil of the cowboy of the plains. Not since Lincoln has there been a president who so thoroughly understood the west.

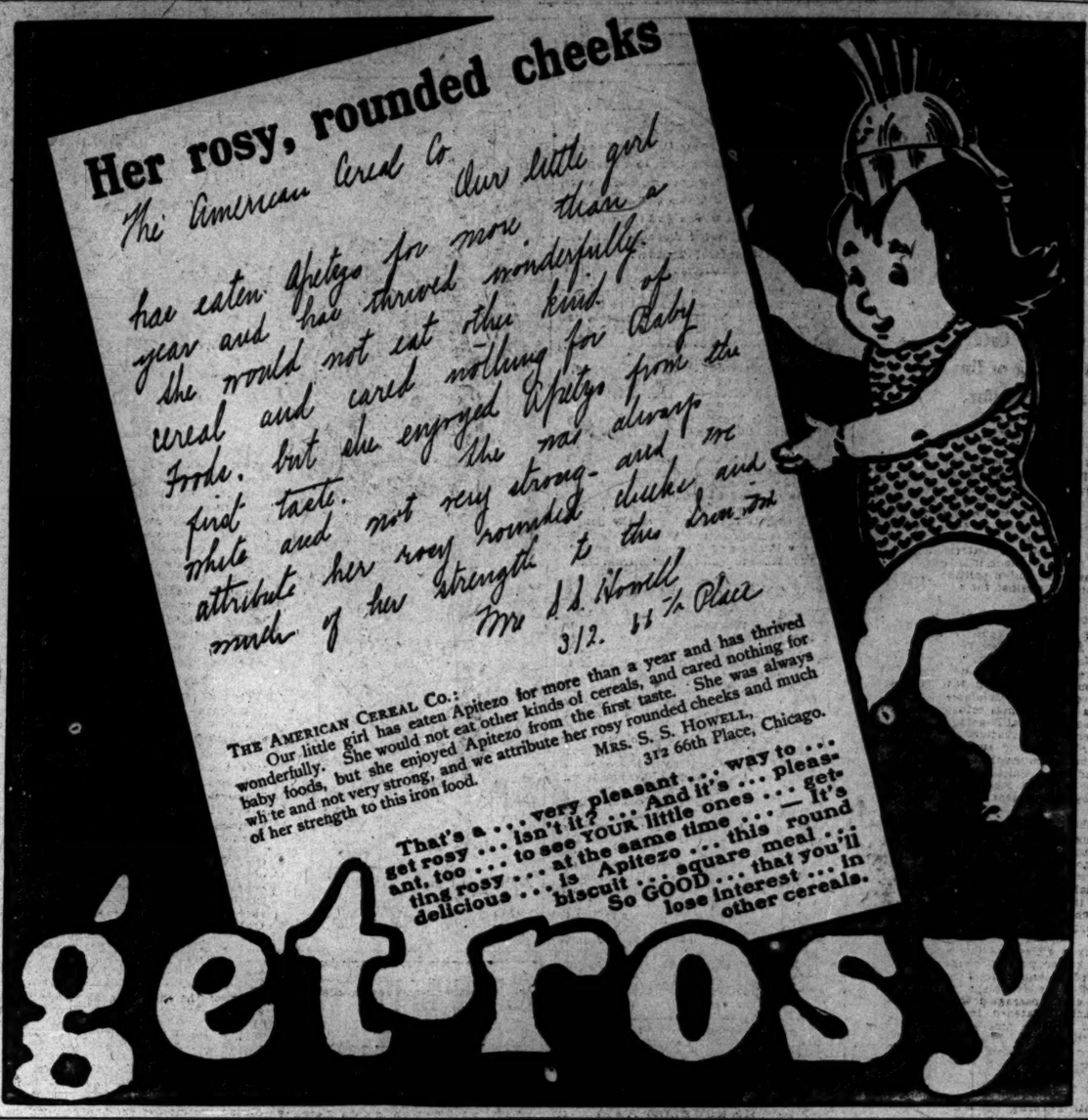
"Some say he is impulsive. They little appreciate his character. From fifteen years' acquaintance with him I say that I never knew a man more careful and deliberate in his judgments."

E. D. BANGS STILL UNCONSCIOUS

Victim of Mysterious Assault and Police Blunder Is in a Critical Condition at Hospital.

E. D. Bangs, who was found unconscious at Van Buren and La Salle streets early Saturday morning, had not recovered consciousness at the Samaritan hospital up to midnight last night. He is in a precarious condition. No clew to the identification of his assailants has been found by the police.

When Mr. Bangs, who is chief operator for the Western Union Telegraph company, was found the police thought he was intoxicated and he was locked up in a cell at the Harrison street police station, where he remained for four hours before he was removed to the hospital.



REVERSES THE CABLE SUIT

SUPREME COURT SENDS IT BACK TO STATE TRIBUNAL.

Overrules Decision Denying Widow $50,000 Life Insurance Policy of Husband—Bill Filed by Her to Recover Money Will Now Be Heard by Illinois Judges—Precedent Established for Several Other Similar Claims Now Pending.

The United States Supreme court yesterday handed down a decision reversing the lower court in the case of Cable against the United States Life Insurance company, carried up from this city, and remanded it to the state court for trial.

Herman D. Cable of the Cable Piano company had applied for a policy for $50,000 in the company, but when the policy was delivered in March, 1901, according to the evidence on the trial, refused to accept it. A few days later he became ill, and, a day or two before his death, George Lord of Evanston, a close friend, called for the policy and paid the premium. When the company learned that Cable was at the point of death when the policy was delivered it asserted that there had been no delivery within the meaning of the policy, and that the policy was void because, by its terms, it was not to be in effect unless the insured was in good health at the time of delivery.

Widow Brings Suit First.

The company sued in the United States District court to recover the policy, but an hour and a half before the company brought suit against Mrs. Cable she entered suit against the company in the state courts of Illinois for the amount of the policy. The company desired to have the case tried in the United States courts because the law is thought to be more favorable to insurance companies as administered in federal than in state courts. The federal court took jurisdiction, decided in favor of the company, and was sustained by the Court of Appeals. Now the Supreme court overrules this decision.

Supreme Court's Ruling.

In his opinion, Justice Peckham said the claim of the complainant insurance company that it might suffer irreparable injury if the federal courts did not take jurisdiction, cannot be regarded.

"This contention furnishes no ground," declares Justice Harlan, "for equitable jurisdiction in a case like this. Where the plaintiff, in a state court, which has jurisdiction over the subject matter brings the defendant properly within such jurisdiction he is entitled to the trial of his cause in that court unless the case be removed to the federal court upon some constitutional ground. If that ground exists the removal can be made, but if it does not equitable jurisdiction does not accrue to the federal court because it thought the law, as administered by that court, is more favorable to the party seeking its aid. We think the Circuit court has no jurisdiction in this case."

Similar Cases Pending.

Several similar cases have arisen in the east since the Cable case was begun, and the same procedure was followed in these, the companies suing in the federal courts to recover the policies. At the time the suit was brought there was talk of an attempt to revoke the license of the United States Life for removing a case to the federal court, but it asserted that it did not remove the case, but began its own suit there.

BOYS CHEER STOCK SHOW.

COLLEGE YELLS MAKE THE DEXTER PAVILION RESOUND.

Young Men from Four States Give Exhibitions of Their Vocal Powers and Divide Honors with the Fancy Bred Animals—Aisles and Amphitheaters Crowded with 10,000 Persons When the Evening Program Opens with Coach Horses in Ring.

College boys led the cheering when the fancy bred horses and cattle were paraded in Dexter pavilion at the International Live Stock exposition last evening. First, there was the college yell of the University of Iowa. Then the University of Minnesota and the University of Ohio, followed by the University of Colorado. It was college night as well as horse fair night, and the animals were compelled to divide the honors of the evening with the strong lunged students.

There were 10,000 persons crowded into the aisles and amphitheater of the pavilion when the German coach horses, first event on the program, were driven into the ring. The judging of the Shetland pony tandems resulted in favor of Charles E. Bunn of Peoria, Ill., who won first and second place, while John Bergan of Manhattan, Ill., was third. Exhibitions of shire horses, shorthorn, and Aberdeen-Angus cattle, and of hackney horses preceded the judging contest of ponies other than Shetland. Mr. Bunn won first prize again, and G. Howard Davison of Millbrook, N. Y., second and third.

Fine Exhibits by Packers.

The spectators applauded the appearance of the six horse teams from the packing houses of Armour & Co., Libby, McNeill & Libby, Swift & Co., Nelson Morris & Co., and Schwarzschild & Sulsberger, and from the Pabst Brewery company.

These teams were put through an exhibition, in which the driver of the Pabst company drove his horses through the evolutions of a figure eight inside of a circle with a diameter of twenty-six feet, the total length of the team and wagon being about fifty-two feet. After an exhibition of Hereford and polled Durham cattle there was a grand parade of all the fancy horses in the exposition, which closed the program for the evening.

The prize steer of the short horn class entered for the prize offered by the American Shorthorn Breeders' association was exhibited by the Iowa Agricultural college. The name of the animal is Silver Crown, and the steer also won first prize for the class of animals under 3 and over 2 years old. The animal will be a competitor for the championship of the exposition in all breeds.

Calf Born at the Show.

One of the exhibits that attracted much attention was a calf that was born Sunday night. The distinction of being born at the exposition gained for the baby of the show the name of "International." Its mother, "Baby Ruth," owned by A. Dutton & Son of Trempealeau, Wis., jealously guarded the youngster from the near approach of all visitors.

W. E. Skinner, general manager of the exposition, last evening estimated that the total value of all horses shown at the horse fair was not less than $1,500,000. He said that it was the greatest collection of horses ever shown at one time.

Waltham Watches

Correct in performance.

"The Perfected American Watch," an illustrated book of interesting information about watches, will be sent free upon request.

American Waltham Watch Company, Waltham, Mass.

LITTLE GREEN STAMP TALKS

Be careful to drink pure whiskey. Remember the lining of your stomach is not made of zinc.

If you don't see a little green government stamp on the neck of a whiskey bottle the chances are that it is made of cologne spirits—cologne spirits are poisonous.

W. H. McBRAYER'S

CEDAR BROOK

Is absolutely pure, bottled in bond and GUARANTEED BY the GOVERNMENT

CEDAR BROOK is an old-fashioned, hand-made sour mash whiskey, made today the same as it was 66 years ago; distilled by the oldest method and aged by Time's slow process until it ripens and mellows. The delicious, delicate flavor and fragrant bouquet is a delight to the man who knows.

Which will you take, the Government's guarantee or the individual's word?

HANNAH & HOGG, DISTRIBUTORS.
308 Wabash Avenue.

DORFLINGER

CHRISTMAS and GIFTS are synonymous terms. A gift of genuine

Dorflinger Glassware

is certainly highly appropriate. Look for the trade-mark label on each piece.

Glassware

DR. SHOOP'S

Rheumatic Cure

Costs Nothing if It Fails.

Any honest person who suffers from Rheumatism is welcome to this offer. For years I searched everywhere to find a specific for Rheumatism. For nearly 20 years I worked to this end. At last, in Germany, my search was rewarded. I found a costly chemical that did not disappoint me as other Rheumatic prescriptions had disappointed physicians everywhere.

I do not mean that Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure can turn bony joints into flesh again. That is impossible. But it will drive from the blood the poison that causes pain and swelling, and then this is the end of Rheumatism. I know this so well that I will furnish for a full month my Rheumatic Cure on trial. I cannot cure all cases within a month. It would be unreasonable to expect that. But most cases will yield within 30 days. This trial treatment will convince you that Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure is a power against Rheumatism—a potent force against disease that is irresistible.

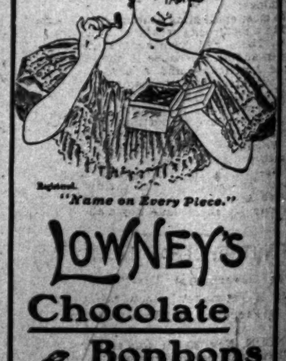
My offer is made to convince you of my faith. My faith is but the outcome of experience—of actual knowledge. I know what it can do. And I know this so well that I will furnish my remedy on trial. Simply write me a postal for my book on Rheumatism. I will then arrange with a druggist in your vicinity so that you can secure six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure to make the test. You may take it a full month on trial. If it succeeds the cost to you is $5.50. If it fails the loss is mine and mine alone. It will be left entirely to you. I mean that exactly. If you say the trial is not satisfactory I don't expect a penny from you.

I have no samples. Any mere sample that can affect chronic Rheumatism must be drugged to the verge of danger. I use no such drugs, for it is dangerous to take them. You must get the disease out of the blood. My remedy does that even in the most difficult, obstinate cases. It has cured the oldest cases that I ever met, and in all of my experience, in all of my 200 tests, I never found another remedy that would cure one chronic case in ten.

Write me and I will send you the book. Try my remedy for a month, for it can't harm you. If it fails the loss is mine.

Write Dr. Shoop, Box 670 Racine, Wis.

Mild cases not chronic are often cured by one or two bottles. At all druggists.



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"Name on Every Piece."

LOWNEY'S Chocolate Bonbons

Every Package Warranted!

If you buy Lowney's Candies in the original sealed packages you will find them in perfect condition, or money refunded.

"Special" Assorted	1 lb. 60c.; ½ lb. 35c.
"Souvenir"	1 lb. 60c.; ½ lb. 35c.
"American Beauties"	1 lb. 50c.; ½ lb. 30c.
"Pinks," "Pansies" or "Forget-me-nots"	1 lb. 60c.; ½ lb. 30c.
"Goldtops"	1 lb. 60c.; ½ lb. 30c.
"Colonial Dames"	1 lb. 50c.; ½ lb. 30c.
"Chocolate Peppermints"	10c. and 25c.
"Chocolate Almonds"	15c., 35c. and 60c.

Lowney's Packages are Full Weight.

HAIR DRESSING, Manicuring Chiropody, Facial Massage Electrolysis. Ladies' Turkish Baths. Wigs, Scalp treatment. E. BURNHAM, 70 & 72 State-st

To secure insertion in all editions of "The Sunday Tribune" classified ads. must be in this office Friday.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE IN "THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE."

WARLIKE NEWS FROM ISTHMUS.

Dispatch Received in Paris Says Fighting Has Commenced in Interior.

BEAUPRE WAS IN PERIL.

Advisory Council Said to Have Urged Killing of United States Minister.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]
[Copyright: 1903: By the New York Herald.]

PARIS, Nov. 30.—A private cablegram received in Paris today from Buena Ventura states that several guerrilla parties are already in the field, and several engagements have taken place in the interior of the Isthmus. In private letters just received from the same place it is stated the jails in Panama are full of political prisoners, who protested against the secession of Panama.

Talked of Killing Beaupre.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]
[Copyright: 1903: By the New York Herald.]

COLON, Nov. 30.—A French mail steamer arriving here today brings much news of interest from Bogota, along with several passengers from points in Colombia.

It is said a governmental consulting committee has been formed at Bogota. It is composed of liberals, conservatives, and nationalists. According to good authority, at one meeting of the committee the statement was heatedly made that United States Minister Beaupré must be killed, whether the United States destroyed Cartagena or not in retaliation.

Member of House Returns.

Luis Deroux, who was a member of the Colombian house of representatives from Panama, who made a speech in the house Oct. 2, warning Colombia to sign the Hay-Herran canal treaty immediately or she would lose the isthmus the day congress closed, and who was instrumental in bringing about the appointment of Gen. Obaldia as governor of Panama, has arrived here. Señor Deroux is a Panamanian, and owing to his well known political connections he was subjected to annoyances and affronts at Bogota and on the Magdalena river, where, at one place on the passage down, a number of Colombians threatened to board the steamer and molest him. Trouble was averted by the captain cutting the vessel's moorings and dropping down stream.

When Deroux left Bogota the United States legation was guarded continually by fifty soldiers armed with rifles.

Still Talking of War.

While there is still much talk in Colombia of raising a big army, no actual steps in that direction have yet been taken. Public contributions are being made, and decrees are occasionally issued referring to warlike preparations, but nothing done.

The Colombians, it is believed, will advance on the isthmus, sending troops in small parties of 200 to 300 along both coasts, sufficiently inland to keep their movements secret, and on arriving on the borders of Panama begin a guerrilla warfare, pillaging and burning.

Colombia, it is asserted, can move troops without money, because she can send them into the field without a hospital corps, without a commissary department, without means of transportation, and without pay.

The internal political dissensions are slowly growing more marked, and a recurrence of the recent revolt within the next year is fully expected.

The Colombian gunboats Cartagena, Gen. Pinto and Presidente Marroquin are at Cartagena.

Salvador Still Holds Aloof.

PANAMA, Nov. 30.—Dispatches from La Libertad, Salvador, say that several meetings have been held throughout Salvador, at which protests were made against the action of the United States government on the affairs of Panama. The attitude of the government of Salvador concerning the republic of Panama continues to be one of reserve.

PRISON WAITS FOR WEDDING.

Swiss Burglar Given Twenty-four Hours at Liberty in Order to Be Married as He Had Planned.

[FOREIGN CORRESPONDENCE OF THE TRIBUNE.]

GENEVA, Switzerland, Nov. 20.—At Wegenstetten, in the Swiss canton of Aargau, Hans Stuenzi was sentenced to three years' imprisonment for burglary and assault. He was to have been married the next morning. He begged the judge to give him one day's liberty so that the marriage could take place. The consent of the governor of the prison was secured and the marriage arranged to be celebrated at the prefecture under the eyes of wardens detailed from the prison.

There was the usual marriage festival and a joyous celebration, in which the prison guards took part.

The warders stood on guard outside the house all night. At dawn they bade him take leave of his young wife, and before the little village was awake Hans Stuenzi was rattling down the empty road on his way to the Lenzburg penal settlement.

CANADIANS OPPOSED TO TREATY

Premier Ross of Ontario Says if United States Wants Trade Let It Take Down Tariff Wall.

Toronto, Ont., Nov. 30.—In a speech before the Canadian club today the Hon. G. W. Ross, premier of Ontario, said among other things:

"The most entangling alliance at this time would be a reciprocity treaty with the United States. There had been such a treaty. It had been annulled because it had not satisfied the Americans, and a new one would sooner or later meet the same fate. I believe in establishing a trade with Great Britain which would be permanent.

"I do not believe in putting our trade at the mercy of congress or of any foreign country. We can get all we want from the United States without a treaty.

"If the United States wanted Canadian products they could take off the duty. It is absurd as A, B, C. If they're so anxious for reciprocity let them take down their tariff wall."

MAY NOT GO CLEAR TO LHASSA.

British Government Disclaims Intention of Permanent Occupation, but Is Prepared for Emergencies.

LONDON, Nov. 30.—It was announced today that the British government has no present intention of pushing the Younghusband expedition through to Lhassa, the capital of Thibet, or even to permanently occupy Gyangtse, which is the second most important town in Thibet. On his arrival at Gyangtse Col. Younghusband, it is said, hopes to be able to reopen negotiations with the Thibetans. There is no question, however, that preparations are being made for all emergencies. This repudiation of designs on Lhassa, or of a permanent stay in Thibetan territory, is understood to be an outcome of the discussions of the British cabinet last week, when the attitude of Russia in relation to the expedition was among the principal matters debated.

FRENCH DOCTOR FOR KAISER.

Dr. Albert Robin of Paris Reported to Have Been Summoned to Potsdam for Consultation.

PARIS, Nov. 30.—A report is current here that Dr. Albert Robin, the distinguished throat specialist, has been called to Potsdam for consultation with the physicians in attendance on Emperor William.

FAMOUS BEAUTY OUT AGAINST CHAMBERLAIN.

Joseph Chamberlain's newest opponent in his tariff campaign is Mrs. Cornwallis West, formerly Lady Randolph Churchill, who, in a letter declining to attend a meeting, says she is not a protectionist and "does not desire to associate herself with a retrograde movement."

CALLS IT ZOLA'S TRIUMPH

WIDOW OF THE NOVELIST HAPPY OVER DREYFUS' PROSPECTS.

Decision of the Commission in Paris to Pass on Two Points, the Use Made of the Bordereau Annotated by Emperor William and the Alleged False Testimony of Czernuski During the Court Martial at Rennes—Result Expected This Week.

ROME, Nov. 30.—Mme. Zola, widow of the novelist, who is spending the winter in Rome, interviewed today, said:

"The announcement of the near prospect of the revision of the Dreyfus trial has brought to me the greatest happiness of my life, but it is also the most painful, as my husband cannot share in the rejoicing. How proud he would have been of the present triumph, which is the result of the gigantic struggle he undertook for truth and justice, and in which struggle he sacrificed money, tranquillity, friendships, and health. He used to say to me: 'I would willingly give all my work as a novelist, all my fifty volumes, to be able to write one page capable of saving this innocent man and of thus saving the honor of France.'"

Two Points to Be Decided.

PARIS, Nov. 30.—The general belief prevails that the commission appointed to pronounce upon the admissibility of the request of Alfred Dreyfus for a judicial revision of his case will submit its conclusions to the minister of justice before the end of the present week.

The commission will pass on two points—the uses made of the pretended Bordereau annotated by Emperor William of Germany and the alleged false testimony of Czernuski during the court martial at Rennes.

Seeks to Allay Agitation.

In consequence of the agitation following the action taken in the Dreyfus affair, the government has allowed the publication of the declaration made at the last meeting of the council by M. Valle, the minister of justice. The minister communicated to his colleagues the contents of the dossier, and the result of the examination made by War Minister Andre and himself, adding:

"You understand that I will not consult you or solicit advice. I have simply determined to inform you of my decision, which I have the right and duty to take as minister of justice, and which I take on my own responsibility."

Deputy Congy (republican socialist) today announced his intention to interpellate the minister of war upon his return to Paris in regard to his action in the Dreyfus case, but the ministry replied that it had no intention of answering the interpellation until the commission had rendered its report.

"GRAFT" CHARGES IN HAWAII.

Grand Jury at Honolulu Accuses Last Legislature of Spending $50,000 for Work Never Done.

HONOLULU, Nov. 30.—The federal grand jury, which reported today, accuses the late legislature of systematic and monumental "grafting" and recklessness in the granting of warrants for work never done, and for excessive overcharges, $50,000 having thus been spent altogether. The house vouchers, says the report, present an astonishing spectacle.

Many clerks are mentioned by name. Representative Jonah Kumalae is criticised, and S. Mehiula, the clerk of the house of representatives, is indicted for the destruction of public documents. Several vouchers in his favor are missing.

The grand jury recommends that prosecutions be made in the territorial courts, as it believes the federal courts are without jurisdiction.

TOWN IN CLOUD OF SMOKE.

Cumana, in State of Bermudez, Subject of Strange Visitation and Earthquake Is Feared.

CARACAS, Venezuela, Nov. 30.—For nearly three days the city of Cumana, state of Bermudez, on the gulf of Cariaco, has been enveloped in sulphurous smoke. The origin of the phenomenon cannot be explained. The inhabitants of the place, numbering about 10,000, are afraid to leave their houses. Cumana has been destroyed six times by earthquake.

Cruiser Tacoma Averages 16.60 Knots.

Santa Barbara, Cal., Nov. 30.—The official trial trip of the protected cruiser Tacoma in the Santa Barbara channel today showed an average speed of 16.60 knots an hour, and it is believed by the navigating officers that when tide corrections are made a still better showing will result. The Tacoma is the sixth vessel of its class built for the new navy, and it is said is the first to meet contract requirements of 16½ knots.

Orphan Asylum Meeting Dec. 10.

The annual meeting of the Chicago orphan asylum will be held on Thursday, Dec. 10, and not on Tuesday of this week as previously announced. At the meeting officers will be elected for the year.

RUSSIA'S FLEET TOO WEAK

VICEROY ALEXIEFF SAYS JAPAN WOULD WIN ON SEA.

Tokio Newspaper Quotes the Vice Admiral as Declaring to His Staff That Without Three Docks at Port Arthur and Two at Dalny the Czar's Squadrons Would Meet with Certain Defeat in the Event of a War with the Mikado.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

TOKIO, Nov. 30.—The Port Arthur correspondent of the Asahi, one of the best informed of the Japanese newspapers, sends the following:

"Viceroy Alexieff, addressing his staff, said that if Russia had three docks at Port Arthur and two at Dalny she would not hesitate to fight Japan, but that as things stood it would be impossible to annihilate the Japanese fleet in the first engagement, while a second encounter would mean the certain defeat if not the annihilation of the Russian fleet.

War Not Advisable.

"For this reason," the viceroy said, "war with Japan would not be advisable."

The Asahi's correspondent adds that many of the principal Russian warships are badly in need of repairs, which cannot be accomplished in the present unsettled condition of affairs. Consequently Viceroy Alexieff said that he was strongly in favor of peace.

China Raising Troops.

Gen. Ma, the correspondent says, has been instructed by the Chinese government to raise twenty battalions for distribution in Mongolia and Manchuria for the purpose of defense against Russia. Gen. Ma declares that in the event of war he will join his forces with those of the Japanese army.

Russian Plans in Corea.

The correspondent of the Kokumin at Seoul, Corea, says that an agreement has been concluded between M. Alexander Pavloff, Russian minister to Corea, and the Corean government by which Russia will lend to Corea $200,000, the price of a cruiser, will establish a naval academy in Corea, and will send five Russian officers there as instructors. M. Pavloff has asked the emperor of Corea if this agreement is to become immediately operative. The emperor is consulting his ministers on the subject.

France and England Urge Peace.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 30.—It is stated in diplomatic circles that Great Britain and France jointly are trying at St. Petersburg and Tokio to bring about a peaceful settlement of the Russo-Japanese difficulty. Their cooperation against Russia is regarded as significant.

Japan May Buy Cruisers.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

ROME, Nov. 30.—It is believed that Japan is negotiating for the purchase of the two Argentine cruisers now building at Genoa, for which the United States, it is reported, offered $1,000,000 a fortnight ago.

THREATENED TO STRIKE KAISER.

Prince Bismarck Said to Have Raised Inkstand to Hurl at Emperor During Historic Quarrel.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

BERLIN, Nov. 30.—A new and sensational version of the reason for the emperor's dismissal of the late Prince Bismarck from the chancellorship in March, 1890, is printed by the newspapers here. The story is that when the emperor asked Bismarck to explain why he was negotiating with Dr. Windthorst, the Catholic leader, without consulting his majesty, the conversation became hot and Bismarck became so angry that he raised an inkstand to throw at the emperor. The story only receives attention because it is alleged to have been communicated to the writer by Moritz Egidy, who is said to have received it from the king of Saxony.

TO PRESERVE GOETHE HOUSE.

Grand Duke of Saxe-Weimar Has Forbidden Proposed Invasion of Premises Where Poet Once Lived.

BERLIN, Nov. 30.—The grand duke of Saxe-Weimar has decided that the wall surrounding the garden of the house in which Goethe lived in Weimar, and which is now used as a Goethe national museum, must not be interfered with.

The authorities of the town of Weimar had declared their intention of cutting off a part of the garden, demolishing a stone wall and substituting for it an iron fence around the remaining part of the garden. Lovers of Goethe all over Germany protested, and are upheld by the grand duke.

Accidents on Paris Underground.

PARIS, Nov. 30.—There were two accidents on the Metropolitan electric underground railroad today, similar to the accident of Aug. 10, but there was no loss of life. In each case a car was burned between stations, causing the passengers to seek for escape along the tracks.

TELLS FAILURE OF POWER POOL.

Cyrus Field Judson Testifies Regarding Collapse of Carriage Company.

BLAMES J. T. HOADLEY.

Produces Telegrams to Show Joseph Leiter Had No Part in Causing Wreck.

New York, Nov. 30.—[Special.]—Cyrus Field Judson, who recently has undergone an operation for appendicitis, so far recovered today that his examination in supplementary proceedings was resumed. The examination disclosed some interesting situations when Judson was manager of the International Power company and the General Carriage company pool in April, 1902. Judson claims Joseph H. Hoadley took all he had in the world when the crash came, although Hoadley has testified he had no part in the pool. Judson furnished copies of telegrams sent during the eventful three days that seemed to corroborate Judson's testimony.

May Prosecute Hoadley.

Hoadley, who swore he did not ask any one to purchase the stock of the affected companies, is now in Philadelphia Ill, and John Schwarzkopf, counsel for the creditors, who is examining Judson, said Hoadley had not purged himself of contempt of court because he remained away from the hearings. Schwarzkopf also said he had consulted Assistant District Attorney Garvan and will attempt to procure an indictment against Hoadley based on affidavits of Judson.

Judson also says Hoadley is withholding $700,000 he gave him for the specific purpose of paying off his creditors, which he has not done, and Judson swears that of this amount $500,000 was cash. There was also a steam yacht and two automobiles, as well as several balances in banks.

Clears Leiter of Blame.

When Judson was asked what became of the profits of the pool he stated that during the two weeks immediately preceding the crash of the International Power company and the General Carriage company stocks Hoadley withdrew from the pool, through him, $1,000,000, ostensibly for the purpose of investing the same.

Judson also testified: "Leiter was innocent of the true condition of affairs and I desire to submit these telegrams to prove my assertion." The telegrams were sent during the intense excitement over the collapse of the pool and the final one from Joseph Leiter to Hoadley said: "I refuse to be made a scapegoat of. I shall not resign for I have done nothing which would call for it. I have not been responsible in any way for this mess and I refuse to take such action as would indicate to the public that I had."

GATES' YACHT IS MISSING ON THE GULF OF MEXICO.

Chicago Man and Party Not on Board—Fears Felt for Safety of Vessel and Crew Because of Storms.

New Orleans, La., Nov. 30.—[Special.]—Fears are entertained for the safety of the steam yacht Roxana, belonging to John W. Gates of Chicago. It left here last Tuesday in command of Capt. Young of New York for Port Arthur, Tex. Mr. Gates and his party, consisting of his wife, his son, Charles G. Gates, and his wife, Mrs. C. H. Gurney of New York, and two maids, arrived with the yacht from Chicago on Nov. 19. They left for Port Arthur in Mr. Gates' private car, intending to join the vessel there. Only the crew was aboard. It is feared the yacht foundered in recent gales, and that all were lost.

The Roxana was built at Racine at a reported cost of $80,000. The crew of six came from that port. The vessel steamed down to Chicago from Racine six or eight weeks ago, not stopping in Chicago at all. It went down the river and canal to Joliet and thence down the Illinois and Mississippi to the gulf. A number of smaller craft followed the yacht for a short distance down the river, yachtsmen taking much interest in the handsome new craft.

Four additional men were taken on at Cairo and two others at New Orleans. The names of the members of the crew are not known to the Chicago life savers. The boat drew eighteen inches of water.

AMBASSADOR MEYER HURT BY FALL WHILE OUT HUNTING.

American Envoy to Italy Meets with Accident Near Rome, but Is Said to Be Out of Danger.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]
[Copyright: 1903: By the New York Herald.]

LONDON, Nov. 30.—The Daily Chronicle's Rome correspondent, telegraphing on Sunday, says that while out hunting in torrents of rain with a large party at Vigne Nuove, on the outskirts of Rome, the American ambassador, Mr. Meyer, was thrown to the ground so violently as to render him unconscious. On reviving he complained of severe internal pains, but on inquiry tonight it was stated that the doctors do not apprehend any grave consequences.

SECESSION TALK IN VENEZUELA.

Opposition Party in Ciudad Bolivar Getting Up Revolution in Island of La Guayra.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]
[Copyright: 1903: By the New York Herald.]

PORT OF SPAIN, Trinidad, Nov. 30.—The secession of Panama from Colombia is reechoed in Venezuela from La Guayra. A well informed Venezuelan official asserts that the opposition party in Ciudad Bolivar contemplates imitating the Panamanians and seceding from Venezuela, because of the extortions daily committed by President Castro's representatives.

The British West Indian squadron will be consulted.

The government officials at Caracas assert that the squadron's visit to La Guayra is in connection with the closing of the River Orinoco by President Castro to foreign trade, which has specially affected the interests of Trinidad.

BRYAN SAID TO HAVE MISSION.

Report in Belfast that He Is Seeking Joseph Devlin to Visit America and Organize Irish Vote.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Dec. 1, 3 a. m.—According to the Belfast correspondent of the Telegraph William J. Bryan is trying to engage Joseph Devlin, M. P., president of the executive council of the United Irish league of Belfast to go to the United States and organize the Irish vote in behalf of the democrats in the coming presidential campaign and also address a series of meetings in favor of the democratic candidate.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL.

Chicago-Grand Rapids Line.

Via New Buffalo. Trains leave Chicago 7:15 a. m., 12 noon, 4:45 p. m., and 11:50 p. m. Through sleepers and parlor cars. City ticket office, 119 Adams street. Tel. Har. 3570.

CASHIER OF BANK IN JAIL.

F. D. WRIGHT ACCUSED OF WRECKING DUNDEE CONCERN.

Unable to Find Bondsman, He Is Locked Up on Charge of Embezzling $60,000—Formerly Bookkeeper of a Condensed Milk Factory, He Weds Niece of Bank's President, Secures New Position, and Lives on a More Expensive Scale.

Cashier Francis D. Wright of the First National bank of Dundee was arrested yesterday on the charge of embezzling $60,000. The bank closed its doors on Nov. 22. Receiver David A. Cook is the complaining witness against Wright.

The warrant, issued by United States Commissioner Foote, charges Wright with wrongfully appropriating the money between June 1, 1901, and Nov. 21, 1903. Among the losers, according to the complaint, are President Delos Dunton, Vice President A. F. Chapman, H. G. Edwards, Jacob Westerman, and other stockholders in the bank.

Wright Locked in Jail.

Wright was arraigned before the commissioner last evening, but waived examination. His bonds were fixed at $30,000, but he said he was unable to provide a bondsman and was sent to the Cook county jail.

The defendant married a niece of the bank's president, Mr. Dunton, three years ago. Before that time he had been employed as a bookkeeper in a condensed milk factory at Dundee. When he secured the position in the bank he began living more expensively, and is said to have speculated on the Chicago Board of Trade.

Shortly before the bank's failure was announced the cashier was summoned home from the Minnesota woods, where he had gone to hunt, and when he arrived President Dunton asked him for the keys of the bank. Then began the examination which led to the call for Bank Examiner Cook and the subsequent appointment of that official as receiver.

Last Statement of the Bank.

The last statement of the bank's condition, dated Sept. 9, was as follows:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$162,932
United States bonds	25,000
Premium on bonds	2,000
Real estate	12,393
Due from banks and bankers	11,115
Cash and cash items	10,888
Total	$224,387

LIABILITIES.

Capita stock	$ 50,000
Undivided profits	6,165
Circulation	25,000
Deposits	143,222
Total	$224,387

Notwithstanding this showing of an apparently good condition, Vice President Chapman is said to have discovered the first suspicious circumstance recently when he tried to make a loan of $5,000 and could not find that amount in the bank's vaults.

The arrest of Wright caused a great sensation in Dundee, as it was expected his accounts would be found correct. Bank Examiner Cook, who has been in charge for the last week, has maintained silence in regard to the bank's condition. Officials of the bank were not aware that startling discoveries had been made until the arrest of Wright.

"I don't know anything about the reason for the cashier's arrest," said Vice President Chapman late in the afternoon. "The examiner has told us nothing as to his findings. If there is a shortage in the accounts I do not know how much it is. We are awaiting the outcome of the affair, but Mr. Cook has absolutely refused to tell us anything about his work."

BOOKKEEPER'S DOUBLE LIFE COSTS $500 A MONTH.

Now Henry Rau Is in Jail Charged with Embezzling from Adam Press Company.

After enjoying the entire confidence of his employer for sixteen years and working up from office boy to head bookkeeper, Henry Rau, 603 North Park avenue, was arrested yesterday charged with embezzling $500 a month for a long period.

His bonds were fixed at $4,000, and he was locked up in jail.

"And this is gratitude from the boy I've fathered for sixteen years," said Adam J. Press, 66 Lincoln avenue, the employer. "I loved Henry as my own son. He entered the employ of the Adam J. Press company, 242 North Green street, when he was 14 years old. He was so honest and such an exemplary youth that I trusted him with everything. Last week I had an expert accountant go over his books, and we discovered the embezzlement. Then we discovered that Henry had been leading a double life."

It is said that Rau has confessed the embezzlements, and averred that his expensive living had made the expenditure of $500 a month necessary.

STAMP CLERK UNDER ARREST.

Omaha Postoffice Employe Charged with Embezzling $1,900 Is Said to Have Confessed.

Omaha, Neb., Nov. 30.—Alfred Olson, a stamp clerk in the Omaha postoffice, was arrested today by a United States marshal on a charge of embezzling government funds. It is alleged that Olson's shortage will reach $1,900. Olson is alleged to have made a confession in which he said he had lost the money at gambling.

OBITUARY.

HENRY R. DERING, Chicago, who died last Sunday morning, was the subject yesterday of memorial resolutions adopted by the passenger traffic officials of all the railroads centering in Chicago. Mr. Dering during many years was assistant general passenger agent of the Pennsylvania lines west of Pittsburg. The funeral was held in the afternoon at the residence, 124 Forty-seventh street. The service was conducted by the Rev. John R. Crosser of the Kenwood Evangelical church. A special train took the remains to Columbus, O., for burial.

MRS. BUDD, wife of Capt. O. W. Budd of the United States army, died suddenly Sunday night at San Antonio, Tex., at the age of 32. She was the only daughter of R. H. Southgate, president of the Congress Hotel company. Three years ago she was married to Capt. Budd, a retired cavalry officer, in Asheville, N. C. When her health began to fail she went to San Antonio with her husband. The funeral will be held in Chicago.

EMILE G. KESSELRING of Louisville, Ky., died there yesterday after a varied career. He was born in Switzerland and was connected with prominent families of Europe. He traveled all over the world until he met with reverses and secured a job as window washer in the Galt house at Louisville. At the time of his death he was clerk of the hotel.

MRS. MARY FRANCES CREWS, Chicago, widow of the late Hooper Crews, died last Sunday at University park, Denver, after a short illness. Mrs. Crews was 84 years old, and during many years resided in Chicago prior to her husband's death. The funeral will be held in the Rosehill chapel at 1:30 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

DR. JOHN M'KINNIE, Chicago, died suddenly early yesterday morning at his residence, 224 East Thirty-seventh street. Death was hastened, it is believed, by a fall on a sidewalk two weeks ago. Dr. McKinnie was an instructor in the Bennett College of Eclectic Medicine and Surgery.

SIR FREDERICK JOSEPH BRAMWELL of London died there yesterday, aged 85 years. He was formerly president of the institution of civil engineers and was a civil member of the ordnance committee since its organization in 1861.

DUTHA W. SHAW of Manila, Ia., brother of Secretary of the Treasury Leslie M. Shaw, was buried at Manila yesterday. All the business houses and schools in town were closed.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

A Rose by any other name would smell as sweet, and Champagne—will buy Cook's Imperial.

INTERNATIONAL
LIVE STOCK
EXPOSITION
UNION STOCK YARDS.
NOV. 28 TO DEC. 5.
The aristocracy of the Live Stock world will be on exhibition daily from 9 a. m. to 10 p. m.
Grand display of all classes at the
HORSE FAIR
from Shetland ponies to heavy draft horses, as well as the
Parade of Prize Winning Cattle
Every evening at 8 o'clock.
ADMISSION During the Day - - - 25c
Evenings - - - - - 50c

GARRICK (FORMERLY DEARBORN THEATER.)
TERRIFIC HIT!
MARIE CAHILL
—IN—
"NANCY BROWN"
CAPTIVATES CHICAGO.
CRITICS' EPIGRAMMATIC OPINIONS.
"Marie Cahill is the greatest legitimate comedienne of this young, bulging century who plays in the English language."—Daily News.
"One of the best all-around musical comedy performances seen in Chicago this season."—Tribune.
"Distinction and authority marks all Miss Cahill does."—Record-Herald.
"A comedienne who can sing a coon song without a hip swivel or a shout! It is to enthuse."—Inter Ocean.
"'Nancy Brown,' chaperoned by Miss Cahill, makes a most successful and happy debut in Chicago."—Examiner.
"Miss Cahill has a style of funmaking that is all her own."—Chronicle.
"'Nancy Brown' is uncommonly good fun."—Post.
"Marie Cahill scores with 'Nancy Brown.'"—Journal.
"One of the brightest of its class"—American.
MATINEE TOMORROW.

McVICKER'S JACOB LITT, Proprietor.
The Safest Theater in the World—30 Exits.
LAST 5 NIGHTS
Matinees Tomorrow and Sat.
CHECKERS
"GOODBY" SATURDAY NIGHT.
NEXT SUNDAY—3 WEEKS.
HOLIDAY MAT. XMAS.
The Number One New York Company
FLORODORA
Seats Ready Thursday.

ILLINOIS TONIGHT
Last Week—Mats. Wed. and Sat.
Sumptuous Presentation of Stephen Phillips'
ULYSSES
SEAT AND BOX SALE THURSDAY, 9 A. M.
For entire fortnight commencing next Monday, Dec. 7.
ADA REHAN AND OTIS SKINNER
TAMING OF THE SHREW. Mat. Sat. only.
MERCHANT OF VENICE. All dr. 4 week. First ha. second week
SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL. Last half second week & Fri. Mat. Sat. Dec 9.

AUDITORIUM.
Wednesday Evening, Dec. 9, and Sat. Afternoon, Dec. 12.
MADAME ADELINA PATTI
[The Baroness Cederstrom]. Direction Robert Grau. Incorporated, and a distinguished company of artists.
Prices $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $4.00, $5.00. Boxes $40.
SALE BEGINS NEXT THURSDAY.
Steinway Piano Used.

AUDITORIUM LAST TIMES
SUNDAY, DEC. 6 at 3 p. m., 8:15 p. m.
CREATORE
AND HIS ITALIAN BAND OF 60
Seats 25c, 50c, 75c, $1. At Box Office.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE
This Evening at 8. Saturday Afternoon at 2.
MR. RICHARD
MANSFIELD
in "OLD HEIDELBERG."
SPECIAL—Owing to the great success of "Old Heidelberg," Mr. Mansfield will continue this play uninterruptedly every evening and at every Saturday matinee until the termination of his engagement, December 19. Seats for the last week of "Old Heidelberg" now on sale.

IROQUOIS Randolph-st., Bet. State and Dearborn.
Second Great Week.
Every Night. Wed. and Sat. Matinees.
KLAW & ERLANGER'S
MR. BLUE BEARD
Magnificent beyond compare, both play and playhouse.

POULTRY SHOW
EXHIBITION.
At 7th Regiment Armory, 16th and Dearborn-sts., Nov. 30; Dec. 1, 2, 3 and 4.
Cats on Exhibition Nov. 30, Dec. 1 and 2.

GREAT NORTHERN TONIGHT
Mats. Wed., Sat.
LAST WEEK—LAST WEEK
GEORGE SIDNEY in BUSY IZZY
Next Week—"THE BEAUTY DOCTOR"

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

LOST—SCOTCH COLLIE PUPPIE, SMALL, brown, short cut, black circles around eyes; answers name of Buster; reward. 10 Ritchie-pl.

BIG STEAMER AND CARGO LOST.

J. T. Hutchinson, Laden with Flaxseed, Goes Ashore on Rocks in Lake Superior—Damage $400,000.

Duluth, Minn., Nov. 30.—While groping through a blinding snow storm in a furious northwestern gale on Lake Superior last night the big steel steamer, J. T. Hutchinson, laden with 187,000 bushels of flaxseed, one of the most valuable cargoes carried on the lakes this year, ran on the rocky shore of Keweenaw Point. It is exposed to the pounding of a heavy sea, and boat and cargo are considered a total loss. Their combined value is about $400,000. The Hutchinson is resting on a shelf of rock amidships, with thirty feet of water under each end. The hold is nearly filled with water, which steam pumps cannot lower. The hull is rising in the center, indicating that it is about to break in two. The crew is reported in no danger.

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Fifth Floor Cafe
Always delightful, is made more so by the new . . . .
German Garden
Dainty afternoon luncheons served by real German waitresses at popular prices.
INSTRUMENTAL AND VOCAL Concerts EVERY . . . AFTERNOON

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New German Restaurant
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THE ROMA, 146 State-st. (Top Floor)
Open 11 a.m. to 9 p. m. Sun., 6 p. m. to 8 p. m. Tel. Cent. 833

Lunch at the CAVE OF THE AGES—BERRY'S, 180 State-st. Take Elevator

SHANGHAI.
Chicago's Finest Chinese Restaurant.
253 S. Clark-st., near Jackson-blvd.

POWERS' LAST WEEK. 7 Times.
NOTICE—At the Matinee Tomorrow 700 Choice Orchestra and Dress Circle Seats at $1 each.
Charles Frohman Presents
WM. H. CRANE
In E. E. Rose's Adaptation of H. L. Wilson's Novel,
THE SPENDERS.
MONDAY, DEC. 7th. SEAT SALE THURSDAY AT 9 A. M.
CHARLES FROHMAN PRESENTS
CHARLES HAWTREY
In "THE MAN FROM BLANKLEY'S."

STUDEBAKER Popular Mat. Tomorrow—25c, 75c & 50c.
3d Week Operatic Festival
Mr. Henry W. Savage offers
GRAND OPERA in ENGLISH
TONIGHT, Thurs. Ev'g and Sat. Mat. LOHENGRIN
Wed. Mat. and Friday Evening TOSCA
Wed. and Sat. Evenings MARTHA
LAST WEEK—Faust, Tannhauser, Bohemian Girl.

116 TIMES LA SALLE THEATER MADISON BET. CLARK & LA SALLE
JOIN THE FAREWELL THRONG
ISLE OF SPICE
BARGAIN MATINEE TODAY

OLYMPIC
CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
Russell Brothers. Felix & Barry.
Rossow Midgets. Edgar Bixley.
The 3 Livingstons. Burton & Brooks.
Sullivan & Pasquelena. Charley Rossow.
Aerial Smiths. Mr. & Mrs. Sliaworth.
Musical Bartletts. Pattie Brown.
Tamaichi Yukama. Gertie La Claire & Picks.
The Kinodrome. Giles Harrington.
PRICES—10, 20 AND 30 CENTS.

HAYMARKET
CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
Valerie Bergere & Co. Chas. T. Aldrich.
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The Mathieus. Chas. Leonard Fletcher
Kennedy & James. William Windom.
Josephine Coles. Christy & Willis.
Murphy & Lewis. Jolly Jenkins.
The Kinodrome. Ross Sisters.
PRICES—5, 10, 20 AND 25 CENTS.

CHICAGO OPERA HOUSE
CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
Binns, Binns & Binns. Stuart Barnes.
Alcide Capitaine. 3—Fleury Trio—3.
Mr. & Mrs. Robyns. Alice Raymond.
Morrissey & Rich. Van Fossom & McAuley.
Dixon Comedy Duo. Myers & Rosa.
Edwards & Rooney. Sidney Wilson.
The Dehlkes. Carter Brothers.
Brooke Illtyrm. The Kinodrome.
10, 20, 30—Orchestra, Reserved, 50c; Balcony, Reserved, 25c.

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BANDITS' DUGOUT From which outlaws baffled police posse.
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THE PARISIAN WIDOWS.
Prices—10c, 20c, 30c, 50c.

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Best Plays and Players. 2 Performances Daily.
Chicago's Safest and Prettiest Family Theater.
Matinee Today 5c to 25c. Tonight 5c to 50c. No Higher.
Great Cleveland Theater Co. in CAPT. SWIFT
A Truly Magnificent Production. Everything New.

HOLTMAN AGAIN AT HAWTHORNE.

Starter Gives Fitzgerald Conditional Promise He Will Return.

OTHER NEW OFFICIALS.

Manager Kuhl May Be Retained; Several Changes Are Promised.

Jacob Holtman will probably return to the Hawtnorne racetrack as starter next season. The differences that arose between Holtman and Corrigan last summer did not prevent Richard Fitzgerald from again offering the position to Holtman at a conference between the two men yesterday, and the starter gave Mr. Fitzgerald a conditional promise of acceptance.

Holtman returned Sunday night from Ohio, where he had been for several weeks, and will leave tonight for California, where he alternates with Dwyer as starter at the San Francisco and Oakland tracks during the winter. During the day he had a conference with President Fitzgerald of the Chicago Jockey club, at which Holtman agreed to return to Hawthorne for his fifth successive season providing no more advantageous offer was made to him during the winter.

Holtman is regarded by many as the best starter in America, and in addition to this reputation for ability he is popular with and has the confidence of racing patrons, so that the Hawthorne track apparently has made a wise move in retaining him. It is said there will be a general shaking up among the other officials at the Chicago Jockey club track, and that, with the probable exception of Manager Harry Kuhl and Holtman, none of the officials who served last summer will be on hand next season.

Starter Holtman expressed the opinion that the innovation introduced by Murray, the man who succeeded him during the last four days of the Latonia meeting, by which the horses were allowed to walk up to the barrier instead of being sent away from a standing start, would not be generally accepted.

"Of course, I am hardly in a position to judge with perfect fairness," said Mr. Holtman, "as I did not see Mr. Murray's work, having been called away from Cincinnati, but I regard the change as a step backward. It is of vital importance to have a uniform method of starting in order that horses may all be educated to break in the same way. Moreover, it is impossible to prevent the quick breakers getting the best of it when you walk them up to the barrier."

ROUGH RIDING AT BENNINGS.

Two Jockeys Are Suspended for Bad Work in Steeplechase—Loricate Defeats Prince Salim Salm.

Washington, D.C., Nov. 30.—[Special.]—The last week of the Bennings meeting began today with clear, cold weather. The hurdle race, which was the first event on the card, was delayed by the stewards' inquiry into the claims of the rider of Goldsby, which was second, that he had been fouled by Gould, which won. The last named appeared to carry Goldsby out on the stretch turn, but after that Goldsby appeared to bump his opponent.

Near the finish the rider of Gould took more vigorous measures to win, and finally passed the judges' stand a scant length in front. The stewards, after due deliberation, decided to let the race stand, but to punish both jockeys for rough riding, and they were suspended for the rest of the meeting.

Gould's improvement over his last race was startling. As was anticipated in the betting ring, Crowley, one of the starters, which is said to be 15 years old, refused the first hurdle.

Loricate, whose improvement has been steady since he first ran at this meeting, won the second race handily. Prince Salm Salm was the favorite, but he was second at the end. L. V. Bell, the owner of Prince Salm Salm, reached the track just as the race was ended, and saved money by it, for he had intended backing his colt, which ran second.

James R. Keene's Coppella, an odds-on favorite in the third race, won after being jostled in the early part of the race. In the stretch, however, she came through, and, though she wanted to bolt at the last furlong pole, Redfern kept her going, and she won "going away."

Redfern's extraordinary efforts on Nine Spot pulled her backers through in the fourth race, as Oclawaha, at 20 to 1, and ridden by a jockey named Cummings, hung on desperately to Nine Spot, and was beaten by a short head. Only four lengths off Stonewall, finishing gamely, nipped Meistersinger for third money. Summaries:

First race, hurdles, 1¾ miles—Gould, 158 pounds (Bowser), 4 to 1, won; Goldsby, 162 (Rodrick), even, second; Caxton, 138 (Jackson), 5 to 1, third. Time, 3:26 3-5. Draughtsman and Crowley ran.

Second race, maidens, ¾ mile—Loricate, 112 pounds (Treuber), 4 to 1, won; Prince Salm Salm, 112 (Fletcher), 11 to 5, second; Saqueta, 112 (M. Michaels), 20 to 1, third. Time, 1:16 3-5. Adams Cock, Diarmid, Marimbo, Buckland, Bartender, Mohican, Longspur, Arthur, and Vibrator ran.

Third race, ¾ mile—Coppella, 109 pounds (Redfern), 1 to 2, won; Magic Rose, 109 (Romanelli), 20 to 1, second; Belle Claire, 109 (M. Michaels), 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:16. Boy Blue, Niskayuna, Mountain Dew, Ancestor, and Grayling ran.

Fourth race, 1 mile—Nine Spot, 104 pounds (Redfern), 8 to 5, won; Oclawaha, 104 (Cummins), 15 to 1, second; Stonewall, 102 (Treuber), 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:42 4-5. Monograph, Meistersinger, Dark Planet, and The Guardsman ran.

Fifth race, 1⅛ mile—Paul Clifford, 110 pounds (H. Michaels), 11 to 5, won; Demurrer, 119 (Byer), 3 to 1, second; Enue, 106 (Redfern), 4 to 5, third. Time, 1:50. Henry Clay Ray, Sidney, Bellwether, Forge, Profitable, and Hist ran.

Sixth race, handicap, 2 years and up, 1 1-16 miles—Mollie Richardson, 106 pounds (T. J. Burns), 7 to 2, won; Colonsay, 112 (H. Michaels), 25 to 1, second; Trepan, 106 (Redfern), 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:51 3-5. River Pirate, The Major, April Shower, Rightful, and Lord Advocate ran.

ENTRIES.

First race, 7 furlongs—Fortunatus, Blue and Orange, 105 pounds; Unterrock, Princess Tulane, Hymettus, Cottage Maid, Paget, 103; Farmer Jim, 102; Glorious, 101; Cloverland, Harrison, 100; Court Maid, 98; Solid, Wager, Star and Garter, Bassanio, Cloche d'Or, 95; Hair Apparent, 94; Gorey, 93; Hilarity, 92; Mindi Love, 90.

Second race, 6½ furlongs—Game Cock, Grastallo, Fort Hunter, Harangus, Lord of the Valley, Alforten, Sals, 110 pounds; Ganaogue, Dimple, Clear the Arena, Peter Paul, Oliver, 107.

Third race, steeplechase, about 2¼ miles—Imperialist, 156 pounds; Conover, 154; Gascat, 151; Strike a Light, Ill Used, Harrow, Lida Woodlands, 147; Good Night, Gypsie, Wool Gatherer, John E. Owens, 144; Black Death, 143; Gum Honey, Billy Ray, 136.

Fourth race, 6 furlongs—Sourire, 112 pounds; Julia M., 107; Briarthorpe, 106; Ogontz, M. Theo, Conkling, Fort Hunter, Clear the Arena, 106; Colleen Bawn, 104; Burdette, Ganaogue, Tol San, 102; Miss Melton, Sneer, 97.

Fifth race, mile and 40 yards—Fortunatus, 113 pounds; All Gold, 110; Margraviate, 106; Cornwall, 106; Punctual, Flara, Cottage Maid, 103; Princelet, Arden, 101; Harrison, 93; Mindi Love, Albany Girl, 90.

Sixth race, handicap, 3-16 miles—Carbuncle, 128 pounds; Duke of Kendall, River Pirate, 120; Colonsay, 108; Sam Craig, 107; Wild Pirate, 106; Mable Richardson, 102; Circus, Lady Potentate, 100; Himself, 98; Wife In It, 95; Flara, 92; Mrs. Frank Foster, 90.

NEW RECORD FOR DAN PATCH.

Champion Pacer Breaks Mark for High Wheel Sulky, Going in 2:04 3-4—Two Miles in 4:17.

Macon, Ga., Nov. 30.—In the face of a cold and driving wind and with the temperature at 47 degrees Dan Patch, the world's greatest pacer, broke two world's records today. To a high wheel sulky he lowered Directum's record of 2:06 for a mile to 2:04¾. The time by quarters was :31, :30¾, :30¼, and :33¾. Five minutes later, to the usual track sulky, he went two miles in 4:17, lowering Nervola's record by two seconds flat. He was driven by Myron McHenry, and the claim is made that under the weather conditions the races were perhaps the fastest ever known.

Sloan Case Up for Decision.

PARIS, Nov. 30.—Further argument was heard today in the suit of Ted Sloan, the American jockey, against the French Jockey club for $40,000 damages, for being warned off the turf in connection with Rose de Mai's winning the Prix de Diane at Chantilly last May. A decision is expected about the middle of next month. Jockey Shields will sail Wednesday for America and return next year for service with the Leigh stable.

HANDICAP A CLOSE RACE.

FIELD IN NEW ORLEANS FEATURE FINISHES WELL BUNCHED.

Event at Six Furlongs Is a Stirring Contest, Lady Free Knight Winning in Last Strides from Frank Bell, Which Beats Maltster by Narrow Margin—Misanthrope Captures the Short Sprint from Symphony, with Ethel Scruggs Third.

New Orleans, La., Nov. 30.—[Special.]—The six furlongs handicap resulted in a stirring contest at the Fair grounds this afternoon and materially added to the reputation of Secretary Clark as an adjuster of weights.

The field, which was not much above the ordinary, even for a Monday card, ran closely bunched almost from the start, and at the end four of the six starters were in a huddled bunch, with Hart Dernham's Lady Free Knight, a 10 to 1 chance, in front. Frank Bell, Maltster, and Monastic ran to the head of the stretch as if hitched together, and were there joined by Lady Free Knight and the quartet, on almost even terms, fought it out the balance of the journey, Lady Free Knight passing the others in the final strides. Frank Bell got the place by a narrow margin, and Maltster just saved third place from Monastic.

Capt. Sam Brown's Miser filly won the four and a half furlong dash for 2 year olds and lowered the track record three-quarters of a second. S. W. Streett's Class and Renaud's Step Aside were expected to have the race between them, but neither got any part of the purse, and Class, which had been burning up the course in her morning trials, finished a bad last.

Helgesen got Misanthrope to the front in the first fifty yards and kept her there. Symphony, which dropped into the place in the middle of the stretch, just lasted long enough to beat Ethel Scruggs by a short head and was four lengths back of the winner. As good as 12 to 1 could be had against any of the trio.

With Port Royal and Bellario scratched from the mile race, Gregor K. was a prohibitive favorite, but he had a hard time to beat old Ben Chance by half a length, and McIntyre had to drive him to the limit in the last quarter of a mile. He opened up a commanding lead going down the backstretch, but Ben Chance caught him turning into the stretch and kept him busy to the finish.

Ethics, an even money favorite in the distance event, gave his backers some uneasiness for a brief moment, when he was pinched off in the first quarter of a mile, but Cochran took him around the field and got him to the front above the final eighth pole and then went on and won as he pleased from The Regent, which made most of the running. Aladdin showed some of his old time speed and landed in third place, finishing full of running.

Starter Fitzgerald is not having much success with his new system of starting, in which he makes the horses walk up to the barrier. He fined all the riders in the first race $10 each for misbehavior at the post.

New Orleans Summaries Nov. 30.

Weather clear; track fast.

First race, 4½ furlongs, purse $400, 2 year olds, maidens, fillies:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
12-1	Misanthrope, 103 [Helgesen]	3	1½	1½	1½	1¾
10-1	Symphony, 106 [Gannon]	5	5	4	2½	2½
12-1	Ethel Scruggs, 103 [Davison]	2	4½	3½	3½	3½

Time, :55. Rachael Ward, 103 pounds [W. Fisher]; Sextette, 106 [R. Murphy]; Step Aside, 106 [Lafarge]; Tomasina, 103 [W. Robbins]; Tribune, 103 [J. McIntire]; Class, 106 [Wishard], finished as named. Winner, S. S. Brown's b. f., by Miser—Selina D. Start good. Won easily. Misanthrope is a quick beginner. Class kept sprawling the entire trip.

Second race, 1 1-16 miles, purse $400:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
1-1	Ethics, 103 [Cochran]	4	3	2	1½	1½
6-1	The Regent, 99 [W. Robbins]	5	1½	1½	2½	2½
8-1	Aladdin, 109 [W. Hicks]	1	5½	4½	4½	3nk

Time, 1:49. Captain Gaines, 107 pounds [Klineer]; Omdurman, 104 [Johnson]; Schaheer, 99 [L. Wilson]; Huzzah, 107 [J. McIntire], finished as named. Winner, Wm. C. Cochran's b. c., by Characus—Ethie. Start fair. Won easily. Ethics sulked in the first part of the trip, then went around his field with a rush. Aladdin finished well.

Third race, 1 mile, purse $500:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
1-5	Gregor K., 102 [J. McIntire]	3	1½	1½	1½	1½
6-10	Ben Chance, 104 [Munro]	4	2½	2½	2½	2½
100-1	Tioga, 97 [Sinclair]	2	3½	3½	3½	3½

Time, 1:40 4-5. Captain Easton, 105 pounds [Livingston]; Begone, 99 [Davison], finished as named. Winner, W. M. Hedges & Co.'s b. g., by Phoenix—Kola. Start good. Won handily.

Fourth race, ¾ mile, purse $500, all ages, handicap:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
10-1	L. V. Knight, 88 [L. Wilson]	4	5½	4½	1½	1½
7-5	Frank Bell, 114 [H. Phillips]	2	2nk	2nk	1½	2½
6-1	Maltster, 109 [Calvin]	1	1½	2½	2nk	3

Time, 1:14 2-5. Monastic II., 96 pounds [W. Fisher]; Cyprienne, 99 [Wishard], and Mountebank, 99 [Gansel], finished as named. Winner, H. Dernham's b. f., by Free Knight—Laund III. Start good. Won driving. Cyprienne was never prominent.

Fifth race, 6½ furlongs, purse $400, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
10-1	D. Carter, 108 [H. Phillips]	2	2½	2½	1½	1½
6-1	Jingo, 106 [Sinclair]	1	2½	1½	2½	2½
4-1	Pronta, 105 [H. Cochran]	4	7½	3½	3½	3½

Time, 1:21 3-5. Alpaca, 106 pounds [McCahey]; Merty's Miss Elkins, 102 [Livingston]; Balm of Gilead, 108 [Munro]; Louisville, 105 [Pollak]; John, 103 [Wishard]; Zir, 98 [J. Hennessey]; Trio, 98 [C. Howell], and Dagger, 106 [Auberchon], finished as named. Winner—J. Phillips' b. g., by Bob Carter—Dutch Sis. Start good. Won handily. Dutch Carter was left ridden. Alpaca never got over the hard ground, and finished directly behind Dutch Carter. Alpaca came fast in the last furlong.

Sixth race, ¾ mile, purse $400:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
3-5	New York, 106 [W. Fisher]	3	1½	1½	1½	1½
11-5	Scotch, 107 [Helgesen]	5	3½	3½	2½	2½
40-1	T. Foster, 105 [Pollak]	2	2½	2½	3½	3½

Time, 1:13 3-5. Annie Maud, 100 pounds [Munro]; Reno, 110 [Lieckie who pulled up lame]; Mollie T., 102 [Sey], finished as named. Winner—O. L. Richard's b. c., by Sir Modred—Memento. Start bad. Won easily. Annie Maud was as good as left.

New Orleans Entries.

First race, ¾ mile, all ages, allowances—Duellist, 127 pounds; Clonmell, 124; Weird, 121; Eliza Cook, 121; Kabyle, 121; Carl Kahler, 121; Little Jack Horner, 121; Jimalong, 121; Filly Deck, 116; Belle Mahone, 116; Allista, 104; Spencerian, 98.

Second race, ¾ mile, selling—Bard of Avon, 109 pounds; Mayor Johnson, 109; Kentucky Muddle, 105; Bluebiaze, 105; Pupil, 105; Anti Trust, 104; Annie Max, 104; Syrus, 102; Julia Junkin, 102; Irene Mac, 100; Fullback, 98; Hickory Corners, 97.

Third race, 4½ furlongs, 2 year olds, maidens—Exclamation, 110 pounds; Prevalo, 107; Pure Favor, 107; Cayboy, 107; Cardona, 107; Mad Mullah, b. g., by Donovan—La Belle III., 99; Kingsland, 97; King Crosby, 97; Delemon, 97; Beautiful, b. c., by Lucky Boy—Nina Louise, 97; Duncan, 97; Sue Perlative, 97.

Fourth race, 1⅛ miles, handicap—Ethics, 115 pounds; Dan McKenna, 108; Potheen, 101; Airlight, 94.

Fifth race, 1¼ miles, selling—Medal, 105 pounds; Potheen, 104; Treacy, 104; Ida V., 103; Fast, 101; The Bobby, 101; Hayward Hunter, 100; Joe Doughty, 97; Crocadero, 97; Peronda, 88.

Sixth race, 1 mile, 2 year olds—Rainland, 110 pounds; Dutiful, 106; Soldier of Fortune, 105; Overhand, 98; Louis Kraft, 93; Falernian, 93; May Holladay, 90.

FAVORITES WIN AT OAKLAND.

Talent Has Better of "Bookies," Strongly Supporting Winners—Honiton Defeats Arabo in Fifth Race.

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 30.—[Special.]—The players had the better of the argument at Oakland today, owing to the success of favorites and second choices. In the last two events first choices failed, but the winners were strongly supported.

Arabo of the Jennings stable was plunged on to take the fifth race at seven furlongs. The clever filly, Honiton, which made her first appearance, went to the front at the start, and, leading all the way, won handily from the favorite.

The Jennings colors were carried to victory in the last race by Proper. Beau Ormonde was a favorite over him and led until well into the stretch, when Proper passed him and won, hand ridden. Meehanus gained a neck victory over Billy Moore in the mile and a sixteenth race. He was entered to be sold for $500, and T. T. Rector, owner of Billy Moore, bid him up to $1,000, for which price he secured him.

Well played by stable connections, F. E. Shaw took the 2 year old race in a drive from Ananias. The weather was fine and the track in good condition. The good 2 year old Sol Smith has been sold to Elmer Slaughter. Summaries:

First race, 13-16 mile—Buccleuth, 105 pounds (D. Hall), 5 to 2, won; Thales, 98 [Lewis], 8 to 1, second; Alma Clark, 104 [J. Powell], 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:21. Adirondack, Silver Fizz, Sherry, Shellmount, Eggnogg, and Blessed Damozel ran.

Second race, ¾ mile, 2 year olds—F. E. Shaw, 101 pounds [Reed], 7 to 1, won; Ananias, 99 [Read], 3 to 1, second; Eugenia B., 104 [D. Hall], 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:00. Dr. Birdsall, Tellus, Miss Ringling, The Kawaliss, Filo Manola, Harbor, Punctilio, William Parrish, and Silent Water ran.

Third race, 13-16 mile—Bay Wonder, 103 pounds [Farrell], 7 to 10, won; Blissful, 103 [Haack], 4 to 1, second; Quatre, 102 [Hildebrand], 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:21¾. Dotterell, Marello, Ohio Girl, and Toto Gratiot ran.

Fourth race, 1 1-16 miles—Meehanus, 104 pounds [D. Hall], 5 to 1, won; Billy Moore, 95 [Kunz], 8 to 1, second; Chub, 107 [Lewis], 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:48. Galanthus, Expedient, I. O. U., Martin Bell, El Oriente, Cambaceres, Outburst, and Frank Woods ran.

Fifth race, ¾ mile, purse—Honiton, 109 pounds [Adkins], 8 to 1, won; Arabo, 112 [J. Martin], 6 to 5, second; Gebelmann, 97 [Booker], 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:26¾. Theodora L. and Gorgoletta Reines ran.

Sixth race, 1 mile—Proper, 108 pounds [J. Martin], 8 to 5, won; Beau Ormonde, 118 [Adkins], 6 to 5, second; Dupont, 96 [Chandler], 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:40¾. Veteranus, Ink, and Our Beadle ran.

WATITA LEAGUE FIGHTS TONIGHT.

O'Keefe and "Chicago Jack" Daly to Meet in Windup of Boxing Show.

BRIGGS MAY FIGHT HERE.

New England Featherweight May Be Matched to Battle with Yanger.

[BY GEORGE SILER.]

The Watita league's program of five bouts, which it will stage at its headquarters, Forty-seventh and Halsted streets, tonight, will bring together boxers of all degrees. Interest, of course, centers in the windup between Jack O'Keefe and "Chicago" Jack Daly at 142 pounds, give or take one pound, scaling hour 3 p. m. this afternoon.

In taking on Daly at the above weight O'Keefe will be giving away at least six pounds, as he will step into the ring at less than 140 pounds. This looks a big handicap for the crack lightweight, but his superior science will more than offset the difference in weight. On paper, O'Keefe looks to have the better chance of winning, as Daly's only chance must come by a knockout. He is of the sturdy type of fighter and relies on his ability to land a blow to bring a contest to an end.

The lighter Jack is a master mechanic at the hit-stop-and-get-away game, besides which, he can hit hard enough to put an opponent down for the count. He has not been seen in action in this city since he fought "Buddy" Ryan to a draw last winter, and if will also be his first contest since he held Jimmy Britt to a twenty round draw at Butte last summer.

The contest will be a case of science against strength, with science the best betting proposition.

The semi-windup between Charlie Conway and Johnny Thompson will be similar to the windup, as Conway is the cleverer and Thompson the more forcible. This will be Charlie's first battle in a long while, and the impression is that his long absence from the ring will militate against him. Thompson is of the rough and ready order, with little conception of the finer points of the game, but a willing mixer and the possessor of a hard wallop. The other bouts will bring together "Young" Duffy and Harry Murphy, Tommy Scully and Clarence Morgan, and Frankie Baker and Bob Porter.

Efforts are being made for a match at the Watita league between Jimmy Briggs, the New England fighter, and Benny Yanger. This bout was wanted for a week from tonight, and Briggs telegraphed yesterday that he would come on, but weight, 130 pounds at 3 o'clock, that did not suit the Yanger party at all. A message offering 131 pounds at the ringside was sent as Yanger's ultimatum, and if Briggs likes this, the match will be closed today. Briggs boxes Sammy Smith in Philadelphia tomorrow night, and will leave for Chicago immediately after that meeting. His manager explains that he names a high weight because of the traveling Briggs will have to do in order to get here and the consequent loss of training.

The West End club of St. Louis yesterday made an offer for a ten round meeting Dec. 10 between Hugh McFadden and Benny Yanger.

Hugh Murphy, the Boston featherweight, who made an excellent showing recently with "Young" Corbett, is coming to Chicago for matches in his class. He may be pitted against Yanger at an early date at one of the local clubs.

Hugo Kelly and Joe Grim are training hard for their contest, which is slated to take place under the auspices of the Kingston Social club Thursday night. Three preliminaries and a strong semi-windup will precede the scrap between the two Italians.

Paddy Carroll and "Young" Mowatt returned from New Orleans yesterday morning, where, last Wednesday night, Mowatt defeated "Kid" Broad in ten rounds. Carroll says his protégé nailed the "Kid" with a hard left to the jaw and stiff right under the heart early in the fray, after which the going to the end was easy.

Fred Cooley, a local heavyweight, who has been battling in the east during the last year, returned home yesterday looking for trouble in his line.

M. A. Howell—Mike Ward defeated Adam Ryan in six rounds at the Chicago Athletic association last winter.

Corbett to Start Training.

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 30.—[Special.]—"Young" Corbett will begin training tomorrow for his return match with Eddie Hanlon the latter part of December. Billy Otts will be the champion's sparring partner and Harry Tuthill will look after the table. Corbett's brother Jimmy will stay with him while he is training. Corbett's headquarters are at Sheehan's, on Ocean beach, where Sieger and Yanger trained. Eddie Hanlon began training at Croll's gardens, Alameda, today. Harry Foley, a local fighter, will look after him, and Hanlon will have fast amateurs to box with. Eddie will be required to do only light work, as he is barely over weight.

Fitz Gives Away Secret.

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 30.—[Special.]—Fitzsimmons knew he was not in good condition to fight when he stepped into the ring on Wednesday night for his battle with Gardner. Louis Metzger, one of Bob's close friends, had $5,000 which he intended to play on the chances of the horseshoer. Before he staked the cash, however, he called on Bob, who advised Metzger to keep his coin in his pocket. "I am in poor condition," he said, "and while I shall try hard, I am a bit afraid I will not win the long end of the purse." Metzger, who knows Bob acted in good faith and gave him a straight tip he is now sorry he did not play his own judgment.

Shooting Follows Boxing Contest.

Steubenville, O., Nov. 30.—Jerry Arnold was shot by Jacob Hinds last night after a friendly boxing contest at Cadiz Junction, in which Hinds was worsted. Hinds followed Arnold home and as the latter reached the door Hinds shot him, inflicting a wound which, it is feared, will prove fatal.

DRAKE TO RACE IN THE EAST.

Wishard Says Chicago Owner Will Not Campaign His Horses in the West Next Season.

Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 30.—[Special.]—Enoch Wishard, trainer for John A. Drake, is in Nashville on business pertaining to the Chicago turfman's stable. Wishard said Drake would not race in the west next year. He will have a starter in the Americus Derby and one in the World's Fair handicap, which will be the extent of his operations west of the Alleghany mountains. Wishard says Ort Wells and Jocund will be the dependencies of Mr. Drake in the derby.

Oakland Entries.

First race, Futurity course, selling—Myrtle H., 105 pounds; Sarandos, 102; Berendos, 102; Louis Wagner, 100; Madam Bishop, 100; Roman Tolle, 100; Four Play, 100; Mountebank, 97; Shellmount, 97; Evandes, 97; Sir Tom Tittler, 108; Jennie Hughes, 95.

Second race, ¾ mile, 2 year olds—Padua, 113 pounds; Military Man, 110; The Cure, 110; Blumenthal, 110; Captain Forse, 110; Foxy Grandpa, 110; Alamansor, 108; Telephone, 106; Scherso, 106; Bombardier, 103; Bill, 103; Who's Bill, 118.

Third race, Futurity course—Mike Murphy, 103 pounds; Sugden, 105; Rollick, 105; The Miller, 105; Hey Dare, 97; Cousin Carry, 97; Matt Hogan, 106; Florinel II., 100; Aunt Polly, 106; James J. Corbett, 108; Father Wentzer, 106; Quiet, 107.

Fourth race, 1 mile and 70 yards, selling—Lacy Crawford, 95 pounds; Graycleft, 97; Coronal, 99; Last Knight, 100; Forest King, 100; Heather Honey, 100; Diamond, 101.

Fifth race, furlongs, selling—Martinmas, 95 pounds; Iridius, 99; Escalanta, 104; Warte Nicht, 105; John H. Scott, 112.

Sixth race, 1 mile, selling—Grand Sachem, 95 pounds; Lady Kent, 96; Constable, 100; Horton, 103; The Ledeau, 106; Bill Massie, 102.

ACADEMY TEAMS TO PLAY

UNIVERSITY HIGH AND NORTHWESTERN TO SETTLE TITLE.

Elevens, Which Have Not Been Defeated This Season, Will Contest for the Championship on Neutral Grounds at Lake Forest on Saturday—South Siders Stronger than at Any Time This Year—Evanston Men Also in Good Shape.

The championship game between the University High school team and the Northwestern academy eleven, which was called off a week ago, will be played next Saturday at Lake Forest. The high school players, a week ago, were not willing to remain in training until Dec. 5, but have now decided to do so, and the neutral grounds at Lake Forest, which were first considered, have been decided upon as the place to play the game.

The result of the game will settle the academic championship, as both teams are undefeated. The first game between the two elevens, which resulted in a victory for the Evanston team, was thrown out, because the Northwestern team played an ineligible man, Scott, who is matriculated in Northwestern university. The south side team is much stronger than the eleven which went down in defeat before the north siders at that time. Many good men have appeared in the meantime, and the entire team has taken a brace. In the former game University High was handicapped by the absence of Taylor and Shefler, two of its best men.

The Northwestern team is also in good shape now. Last Saturday the Evanston team met and defeated the St. John Military academy, one of the strongest "prep." teams in Wisconsin. Karcher and Williams, two good men, who were unable to play before, are out and have strengthened the team. The Northwestern university band will go to Lake Forest, accompanied by a large number of "rooters."

HIGH SCHOOL FOOTBALL GOSSIP

Brooklyn Boys' High a Good Team—Local Eleven May Make a Trip to Denver.

Since North Division High school won such a decisive victory over the Boys' High school of Brooklyn many statements are being made that the Boys' High team was not a representative eleven of the east. Statements made in New York and Brooklyn before the game, however, indicate that the team which was defeated by North Division was considered as good as any in New York and one of the best turned out by Brooklyn schools. Chadwick of Yale, Kernan of Harvard, and Pell of Princeton were former Brooklyn Boys' High or Polytechnic players. This year's Boys' High eleven has a good record among eastern school teams. It played the Princeton freshmen to a tie, the Princeton freshmen defeated Andover and Andover defeated Amherst.

The many challenges received by the North Division management will be ignored because of the late season. The North Division and Englewood teams are taking a big chance in trying to play next Saturday, to say nothing of a game a week later. The most prominent teams which have issued challenges are Joliet, Culver Military academy, Pontiac, Watseka and the Blees academy of Macon, Mo. Culver and Pontiac are admitted to have strong elevens, while the Blees academy is unknown. Watseka bases its claims on the fact that it defeated a Hyde Park team 34 to 0, but the down state lads forget that only two of the regular Hyde Park players played in the game.

Joliet is apparently out of all calculations for scholastic honors because of a 6 to 5 defeat by Englewood. The Joliet boys claim the decisions were not right, but as the game was played at Joliet it is probable the home team had the advantage.

It is not improbable, however, that the winner of the game on Saturday will make a trip to Denver during the holidays. Several Denver men have made offers to both schools for games in the western city and it is likely one of the propositions will be accepted.

Both the Englewood and North Division teams will start hard work this afternoon for Saturday's game. Only signal work will be given the North Division boys in order to allow them to recover from their long trip home from Brooklyn. Tickets will be placed on sale at both schools this afternoon.

Watseka Issues a Challenge.

Watseka, Ill., Nov. 30.—[Special.]—[Editor of The Tribune.]—We desire to add our name to the list of high school teams claiming the championship of the state and we hereby challenge the winner of the Cook county championship for a game to be played either here or in Chicago on Saturday, Dec. 5. We base our claims on the fact that we have been defeated but once in four years and have been scored on but four times in that time, and have this year defeated Hyde Park by the decisive score of 34 to 0. We were defeated by Pontiac early this season on a fluke, at a time when our team was weakened by the absence of three of our best players. We are willing to play either Pontiac, Rockford, or Joliet or all of them and let the public decide who is entitled to be the champions of Cook county. We are satisfied Capt. McCauley, or any of the Hyde Park players, will admit we are the strongest and fastest team they have met this year. The only fair way to decide the merits of the various claimants is for Pontiac to play Watseka, Joliet to play Rockford, and the winners fight it out for the honor of meeting the Cook county champions. Yours respectfully,

GEO. H. HAMILTON,
Coach and Graduate Manager.

SIGN TO REMIND MIDWAY MEN.

Dressing Room at Chicago University Will Be Adorned with the Motto, "I Will"—Stagg Improves.

"For Chicago—I Will." These words, an adaptation of the city's motto to the University of Chicago, are to be emblazoned on a big sign, which is to adorn the athletes' dressing room of the Midway university. The motto was the keynote of a massmeeting held in Kent theater yesterday morning to talk over the situation and plan for better things for the future.

Little was said about the Thanksgiving day defeat, most speakers urging the students not to "knock," but to determine that another year should show a better spirit and see a victory.

Coach Stagg was praised for his work and lack of material was blamed for Chicago's poor showing during the season. One of the speakers quoted a Michigan man, who said after the game that if Stagg had the same amount of material as Yost, the Chicago coach could turn out teams that would win from the Michigan man nine times in ten.

Clyde Blair, captain of the track team, said: "We have two indoor meets with Michigan, a dual outdoor meet, and the conference meet. Not only do we want to beat Michigan, but every other college as well."

A subscription was raised to buy the "I Will" sign for the gymnasium.

Coach Stagg yesterday showed considerable improvement. He is still extremely weak. As no complications have arisen, however, it is expected that he will be about by the end of the week.

Minnesota Plans Schedule.

Minneapolis, Minn., Nov. 30.—[Special.]—It was learned today from Dr. Williams that Minnesota will play Wisconsin next year on the second Saturday before Thanksgiving day. On this day Michigan will play Chicago and it is likely that Minnesota and Michigan will come together on Thanksgiving day. Iowa will be on the Gopher schedule and there is a good chance of a game with Chicago being arranged. It is probable that Illinois, Ames, Grinnell, and possibly Northwestern will also be included in Minnesota's schedule.

Cornell Wants Coach Warner.

Ithaca, N. Y., Nov. 30.—[Special.]—A conference of football coaches to determine on the football policy for next year has been called for Dec. 15 and all the old stars are expected to return. It will be a large session and in view of the disastrous season is likely to be an interesting one. The sentiment among Cornell undergraduates and alumni in favor of the return of Glen S. Warner has assumed great proportions and the undergraduates and players are practically unanimous for him. Warner's contract with the Indians expires this year.

Michigan Men Receive "M."

Ann Arbor, Mich., Nov. 30.—[Special.]—Twelve "M" sweaters were today given to Michigan's 1903 football team. Norcross received the odd "M" as a reward for his work in the Minnesota game. The other honored men are: Redden, Curtis, Schulte, Gregory, Gooding, Maddock, Hammond, James, Heston, Longman, and Graver.

MAKE BIG SCORES ON THE ALLEYS.

Wrigleys, Brilliants, Derbys and Ruehls Surpass the 1,000 Mark

SOME CLOSE STRUGGLES.

Derbys and Pin Knights Capture Important Contests by Narrow Margins.

High class work marked many of the contests in the local leagues last night, and in addition to a number of high averages, four scores of over a thousand were recorded. Two were made in the Monroe league, one in the Chicago, and one in the Southwest.

Although averaging 971 as against 928 by the Brilliants, the Wrigley team dropped one game of their series in the Monroe league.

Bangart's men won the first game by 83 pins and the third by 135, but dropped the second, in which their opponents just topped the four figure mark, by 74 pins.

Buss led the Brilliants with 208 1-3, Bangart notching 202.

In the other series the Blue Ribbons twice defeated the Tuxedos, Stretch leading the individual work with 206. Derby Rollers improved their average in the Chicago league and shut out the West Madisons. They failed, however, to gain on the Pin Knights, who won three straight from the Halls. Both the winning teams had narrow escapes in their second games, the Pin Knights winning by 7 pins and the Derbys by 12. Peterson averaged 203. Scores:

MONROE LEAGUE.

Brilliants.	1.	2.	3.	Wrigleys.	1.	2.	3.
Moore	173	230	150	Bangart	224	191	191
Sallander	200	183	166	Kiene	191	183	257
Buss	232	201	201	Woodbury	194	161	161
Markham	144	218	188	Chalmers	190	178	193
Waller	158	180	169	Strong	176	214	187
Totals	892	1008	874	Totals	975	929	1009

B. Ribbons.	1.	2.	3.	Tuxedo.	1.	2.	3.
E. Wilson	214	162	170	Meyer	147	181	194
T. Deneen	141	183	162	Reilly	171	203	162
J. Gairing	184	221	160	Rolfe	178	193	176
J. Deneen	178	178	166	Melodey	161	178	166
J. Berlin	183	200	194	Stretch	223	172	223
Totals	902	948	820	Totals	868	899	920

CHICAGO LEAGUE.

Derbys.	1.	2.	3.	W. Madisons.	1.	2.	3.
Peterson	192	212	205	Hosier	194	179	182
Jaeckle	200	181	181	Dicker	183	179	189
Pasdeloup	180	163	189	Hoffenkamp	180	188	204
Shogren	189	169	181	Johnston	167	183	162
Geroux	266	153	198	Leonard	195	180	211
Totals	1026	873	954	Totals	889	861	948

| Pin Knights. | 1. | 2. | 3. | Halls. | 1. | 2. | 3. |
|

CHICAGO AFTER BIG CONVENTION.

Hamilton Club and Other Organizations Plan Campaign on National Committee.

MONEY CHIEF NECESSITY.

Belief in Washington Is That Perry S. Heath Will Cease to Be Secretary.

(Continued from first page.)

Heath is a member of the committee except by virtue of office. They have a good deal to do, however, with the preliminary arrangements for the next national convention, and in view of the suggestions in the Bristow report it is the universal opinion here that Mr. Heath will have to resign at next week's meeting. If he does not it will prove embarrassing to the party managers, and some member of the committee might feel called upon to ask for Mr. Heath's resignation.

Necessary to Ward Off Scandal.

That the document was written some time ago it is generally believed, and it is supposed some friend of the secretary will present it so as to avoid a possibility of a scandal. Mr. Heath, as is well understood, is not disposed to resign under fire, but it will be represented to him that his personal prospects must not be allowed to injure the party, and on that account he will be urged to relieve the committee of its embarrassment at once. He is personally popular with every member of the committee and was an efficient secretary. He did not assume that office until after he had been appointed to the postoffice department.

The republican leaders, however, feel the postal frauds will be made a feature of the campaign unless it can be shown at once that the secretary of the national committee, whose name was unpleasantly mentioned in the Bristow report, has relieved his party of responsibility by sending in his resignation as soon as the report has been made public.

Dinner to Secretary Moody.

The Peruvian minister and Señora Calderon gave a dinner tonight in compliment to Secretary of the Navy Moody. Among their other guests were Assistant Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Darling, Maj. and Mrs. Gallagher, Miss Loring, Miss Hagner, Lieut. Commander De Faramond, naval attaché of the French embassy; Mr. Stanislas Gutowski of the Russian embassy, and Surgeon General Walter Wyman.

Chicago Tunnels Must Go.

"I expect the commerce committee will at an early day make a favorable report on my resolution which declares the tunnels under the Chicago river are obstructions to navigation and public nuisances and giving the secretary of war authority to order them removed," declared Representative Mann. "I shall endeavor to have the resolution adopted, but upon the development of the sentiment in Chicago will depend how strong will be my efforts in this direction. Of course if the people do not desire the tunnels removed it is their business and not mine, but if they want them lowered I will be glad to do all in my power to bring about the result.

"It is to the interest of the city to have the tunnels lowered, as this action will prevent a loss to commercial interests. It is a settled policy of the national government to do nothing more toward the improvement of the Chicago river until the tunnels are raised or lowered. The sooner this is understood thoroughly the better it will be for Chicago. It is well known the commerce of Chicago is decreasing, and the removal of the tunnels will be a long step in arresting the falling off.

"Owing to the presence of the tunnels the cost of handling freight at Chicago is higher than at other ports. This is shown by the fact that in the shipment of coal two small vessels are necessary to transport large shipments there because larger vessels cannot pass over the tunnels. In ports where there are no tunnels one large vessel will carry as much coal as the two smaller ones entering Chicago. This, of course, increases the cost of handling freights and drives business away.

"There is a larger falling off in the commerce of Chicago than is shown by statistics because many vessels with cargoes billed to ports from Chicago discharge and load at Calumet, Chicago, therefore, receives credit for much of the commerce of Calumet."

Ancient Negro Is Deposed.

"Uncle" Jerry Smith, the ancient negro servitor at the white house, whose honor and delight it has been for more than thirty years to raise and lower the American flag that floats over the president's residence whenever he is there, is to perform this ceremonial no longer. "Uncle" Jerry is getting old and his sight is no longer good.

A few weeks ago he raised the flag with the union down, a signal of distress. He convinced the White house authorities that no reflection on the administration was intended and he was forgiven. But the signal of distress was seen from the navy department, and out of this observation of the naval officials grew the suggestion that as the president was the commander in chief of the army and navy of the United States, it was only right and proper that the daily flag raising and flag lowering at his headquarters should be conducted in accordance to military regulations and observance.

Two retired enlisted men, one of the army and the other of the navy, are to be detailed to perform the ceremony, standing watch and watch. A retired sergeant of the army signal corps will be detailed by the war department, and the navy department is looking for a retired petty officer, preferably a quartermaster, for flag raising purposes.

A retired boatswain's mate applied for the place at the navy department today, but when he found he would receive only his retired pay for the work he decided not to serve.

PRELIMINARY WORK IN CHICAGO.

President Sheridan Calls Meeting of Citizens to Arrange to Get Convention.

Active campaigning to secure the republican national convention of 1904 for Chicago is in progress. The Hamilton club has taken the lead. President Sheridan started out yesterday to enlist the aid of citizens, and he reported having met with much encouragement. Mr. Sheridan first addressed letters to thirty leading men, for the most part republicans, in which he explained just what would be required of Chicago to insure the convention, and asked them to aid in meeting these requirements. As many as possible of the thirty, if not all, will probably comprise the delegation that is to go to Washington to press Chicago's claims.

PORTO RICAN PRIEST FINED.

Charged with Having Married Couple Without License Required by Law—Governor Appealed To.

San Juan, Porto Rico, Nov. 30.—The Rev. Felipe Villahoz, a Spanish priest of the Roman Catholic church at Sumacao, has been convicted by the District court of a violation of the civil marriage law in marrying a couple without a license, and has been sentenced to pay a fine of $200. Bishop James H. Blenk appealed to Gov. Hunt for pardon. This is the first approach to a serious clash between church and state since the occupation of the island by the United States.

"For Everything."

"We use Orangeine Powders for everything, and we think everything of it."—Rev. A. C. McGilton, West Henry, N. Y.

MAIL POUCH FRAUD TOLD.

DEALER TESTIFIES OF REBATE TO POSTAL EMPLOYES.

Trial of Thomas W. McGregor and Columbus Ellsworth Upton Begins in Baltimore, Md.—Charles E. Smith, Who Supplied Government with 20,000 Pouches, Says Bid Was 90 Cents Each, While Cost Was 40—Difference Paid to Two Defendants.

Baltimore, Md., Nov. 30.—The trial of Thomas W. McGregor and Columbus Ellsworth Upton, postoffice department employés, charged with conspiracy to defraud the United States government on contracts for mail pouches, was begun in the United States court in this city today.

The government attorneys announced that they proposed to prove that McGregor and Upton had last winter gone to the leather store kept by Charles E. Smith in this city, and had contracted with Smith to furnish the government with 20,000 leather pouches for use in the rural free delivery service at 90 cents per pouch, when, as a matter of fact, Smith could make a good profit on them at 40 cents apiece. The difference between 50 cents and 90 cents on the contract, it was alleged, went into the pockets of McGregor and Upton, while Smith made his profit of 10 cents per pouch on each one, and paid the remainder, amounting to some $8,000, back to Upton and McGregor as a "rake-off."

Smith Tells of Deal.

Smith was the only witness examined by the government today. He testified that Upton called at his store in 1891 and exhibited to him a leather pouch, asking what he could manufacture them for, and he said about 60 cents. He took the pouch and sent it to the Warren Manufacturing company of Massachusetts, which, he said, informed him that it could furnish him the pouches at 37½ cents apiece. When these quotations came he said Upton wrote him a letter to be sent to Superintendent of Free Delivery A. W. Machen, quoting the pouches at 90 cents apiece. He said he made a copy of the letter from the draft Upton had written and sent it to Machen. With the letter he said he sent Machen one of the sample pouches.

He said he informed Upton that he could furnish the pouches for 50 cents apiece, but he said that Upton told him to put his bid at 90 cents per pouch, and he did so.

Subsequently Upton brought McGregor to his store and introduced him, and he agreed to give them 40 cents on each pouch furnished to the government, and this had been paid to them on all the 20,000 pouches which he furnished.

Denials Follow Bristow Report.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 30.—[Special.]—The publication of the Bristow report on the postal frauds brought out many denials today. Those who characterized the charges as false are as follows:

BALDWIN, JUDGE, United States consul at Nuremberg, Germany. Charged with knowing much about postal affairs and bribery.

BALDWIN, ERNEST E., assistant United States district attorney for southern division of New York. Charged with knowledge of Brandt-Dent cash register affair.

KEMPNER, LOUIS, Washington, D. C. Denies charge that manifold books were lavishly used during his administration in the postoffice.

LOUIS, MICHAEL, JR., former superintendent of the division of postoffice supplies. Challenges Bristow to make the statements over his own name to give an opportunity for a libel suit.

LANDVOIGHT, W. H., former superintendent of the classification division of the department and removed from office, says Bristow offers no facts and that his allegations are untrue.

MAYBURY, M. C., mayor of Detroit, Mich., denies that he or his associates had any idea that Dr. E. C. Scheble of Toledo was party to a scheme to defraud the government in connection with the letter box contract held by Maybury and Ellis.

Renew Postal Bribe Inquiry.

Omaha, Neb., Nov. 30.—The federal grand jury today resumed investigation of alleged bribery in connection with postoffice appointments in Nebraska. Among the witnesses called are clerks and others connected with the Alma postoffice, and A. A. Billings, son of a former postmaster of Alma; Elliott Lowe, a member of the last legislature, who is also summoned, is alleged to have been given the privilege of making the appointment at Alma in consideration of his voting for certain senatorial candidates.

ODELL IS RUNNING MACHINE.

Governor of New York Calls on County Leaders and Demands Accountings from Them.

Albany, N. Y., Nov. 30.—[Special.]—Gov. Odell is exercising his increased powers of leadership in the republican state organization, and is coming to a personal understanding with each district leader in New York county, where in his opinion the republican machine has degenerated almost to uselessness. Seven district chieftains journeyed to Albany today at his bidding, and the remaining members of the New York county general committee will have to come to time before the end of the week.

Neither Gov. Odell nor any of the conferees would admit that there had been any conference over the organization's situation in New York county, but the district leaders conceded they had come to Albany on invitation of the governor.

Gov. Odell talked individually to each leader, and told him the success of the next presidential campaign probably would depend on New York state, and that to carry the state the big democratic vote of the borough of Manhattan must be reduced. The governor inquired of each the names of his lieutenants, what offices they hold under the national, state, or city governments, what elements of population were eliminated from the republican party.

ANTI-IMPERIALISTS IN SESSION.

New England League Re-elects George S. Boutwell President and Denounces Territorial Buccaneering.

Boston, Mass., Nov. 30.—Many persons of prominence assembled at the Twentieth Century club this afternoon for the annual meeting of New England Anti-Imperialist league. After dinner the election of officers was held, resulting in the reelection of former Gov. George S. Boutwell of Massachusetts as president. Erving Winslow was chosen secretary, and David Greene Haskins Jr. treasurer.

In his report Secretary Winslow said:

"The disastrous efforts of imperialism upon our foreign and domestic policy are too obvious for enlargement. The republic should be a bulwark against the imperializing tendencies which are threatening the progress of the Anglo-Saxon race, whereas in the recent exploit of Panama we have shown ourselves past masters in the art of territorial buccaneering.

"Perhaps, insignificant as it may seem, this event in its high handed presumption and its inevitable consequences may be the means of awakening the American people from the intoxication which so long possessed it, and of the leading it back to the ways of sanity, peace, and humanity."

INSANE MAN SEEKS ROOSEVELT.

Peter Elliott, Who Created Scene at White House, Now Looked For by Secret Service Men.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 30.—Information has reached the White house that Peter Elliott, the mad Dane who created so violent a scene in the vestibule of the White house several weeks ago, is either again in Washington, or en route to this city. He escaped from the asylum at St. Peter, where he was sent to be confined, and, until advices were received here about his coming to Washington again, no trace of him had been discovered. Police and secret service officers will use every endeavor to prevent him from getting near the president.

Letter Writer Declared Insane.

New York, Nov. 30.—Charles Theison, who was arrested on Thanksgiving day for writing letters to President Roosevelt, was today declared insane and transferred from Bellevue hospital to the Manhattan state hospital at Islip, L. I.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

NEW JERUSALEM PLANS IN GOTHAM

Steps to Perfect Organization for Purpose of Recovering $1,000,000,000 in Property.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MOVE

Affidavits Against Pastor Accused of Uttering Anarchistic Sentiments.

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, New York, Nov. 30.

Plan to Establish New Jerusalem.

For the purpose of establishing within the corporate limits of New York a New Jerusalem, as predicted by the Prophet Zachariah, 2,000 descendants from New Harlem met today and took initial steps toward perfecting an organization. The primary object of the association is the acquisition of property valued at more than $1,000,000,000 situated on Manhattan island, north of Seventy-sixth street, under grants made in 1666.

The promotion of the reclamation scheme, according to Henry Pennington Toler, the prime mover, is founded upon divine revelations made to him through biblical study. Toler is a Christian Scientist. For his work in tracing heirs of the original twenty-two members of the New Harlem corporation, in his efforts to reclaim for them the land they say is theirs by right, the meeting voted to give Toler 25 per cent of all he recovered. This honorarium, however, Toler renounced.

D. S. Schuerman of Rockford, Ill., offered an amendment to strike out the words "to dispose of." He contended that the power to dispose of the property of the corporation should be vested in the advisory board. Then he said he held in his hand a clipping from a Chicago newspaper which stated that the efforts to recover lands was being done in the interest of Christian Science. As soon as Schuerman sat down he was hissed. The amendment was defeated.

Toler, who is said to have spent a fortune in prosecuting the New Harlem claims, declared he was "convinced the work was not his, but God's, and that New York is the prophesied city in truth and the New Jerusalem."

Justice Bennett in the municipal court this afternoon handed down a decision giving judgment in favor of Charles B. Lewis, better known as M. Quad, the humorist, in the suit brought against him by Marie Aileen Billings to recover $60 back pay for her services as secretary and stenographer.

Accuse Pastor of Being Anarchist.

Affidavits accusing the Rev. John J. Rathke of Ingleside, L. I., pastor of the new German Lutheran church there, of anarchistic sentiments will be forwarded to Secretary of State Hay. The foes of the pastor hope by this they may be forced to take cognizance of the squabble which has been raging two weeks in the church. Rathke is defying the efforts of part of the hostile faction led by four trustees to oust him from the pulpit. He says he is there to stay, but his opponents say he is an anarchist and a nihilist.

It is said the pastor stated upon the anniversary of the death of the late President McKinley that he was glad McKinley was shot and hoped Roosevelt would meet a like fate. Miss Lena L. Knoesel, aged 18 years, daughter of one of the church trustees, appeared before a notary public and made affidavit that she heard Rathke say this.

Charles D. Purroy was today retired as chief of the fire department by Commissioner Surgis on his own application, on account of years of service and will receive half pay during the remainder of his life. Deputy Chief Charles W. Cruger was detailed as acting chief until another chief shall be appointed.

Sophs Kidnap Freshies in Spite of Police.

In order to guard against being kidnaped by the sophomores on their way to their annual class dinner tonight the freshmen of Columbia university were compelled to call upon the police for protection. In spite of this, however, only about 100 of the 250 members of the class were able to reach the Hotel Ansonia, where the dinner was held. Of the rest nearly all, including most of the football eleven, were captured by the sophomores and tied together in twos and threes.

In some instances cellars were hired and turned into prisons for the freshmen. The football men and about a score of others were imprisoned in the cellar of the Phi Delta Kappa club, from which they escaped through a coal hole.

Sixty men were found concealed in the residence of Samuel A. Veit of the Standard Oil company, whose son is a member of the class. They were escorted to the hotel by police, who used their clubs to keep the sophomores at bay.

Col. Myron T. Herrick, governor-elect of Ohio, was the guest of honor tonight at the annual meeting and banquet of the Ohio society of New York at the Manhattan hotel.

Warns Men That Women Will Outstrip Them.

In a sermon on "Women" the Rev. Dr. N. D. Hillis has sounded a warning note to young men in business life. "If you don't want women to outstrip you in the industrial race," he said, "and compel you to come to them when you want 50 cents, you would better stop drinking poor whisky and quit gambling at racetracks and in poolrooms.

"Women," continued Dr. Hillis, "in spite of man's refusal to give them the rights and privileges to which they are entitled, are today in 145 branches of business and in instances showing more ability than the men.

"In fifty years the women will know more than the men. They have more time to read and study and they are improving their time. Eventually they will vote and tell the men for whom they shall vote. Eventually all the universities will be coeducational and the women will carry off all the prizes."

Hamilton Fish, assistant treasurer of the United States in this city, underwent an operation for appendicitis at his home here. Mr. Fish is reported to be doing well.

Walking Delegate Sues for Damages.

James Hickey, a walking delegate of the stonemasons' union, who was arrested here Nov. 9 on a charge of extortion, preferred by Henry E. Fox, a contractor, has brought suit against Fox to recover $10,000 damages for false arrest and imprisonment. Fox procured Hickey's arrest for having, according to Fox, claimed that he would tie up a job of constructing a bridge unless given $20. When Hickey was arraigned, it is charged Fox failed to put in an appearance, and Hickey was dicharged from custody.

Bank Messenger with Big Roll in Scrimmage.

A bank messenger, E. H. Kern, holding in one hand a satchel containing $140,000 and in the other a revolver, made today, with five policemen, a picture that isn't often painted in lower Broadway. It wasn't a real holdup, though the bank messenger thought it was. Kern, who is 65 years old, and another messenger started from the National Bank of Commerce to the National Park bank. Joseph Barron and Frederick Mann were also going up Broadway, and in his hurry Barron was pocketed behind Kern and his companion. In order to catch up with Mann, Barron tried to squeeze past the messenger, and in doing so gave Kern a dig with his elbow. Kern promptly squared off and hit Barron in the face, knocking him down. Kern then drew a revolver, and his business arm was grabbed by a policeman. This brought a crowd and there was much excitement until all was explained.

Brooklyn Academy of Music Burned.

The historic Academy of Music, the largest theater in Brooklyn, was consumed today by a fire which is believed to have been caused by an explosion. A boy employed in the adjoining building is missing. For a time the flames threatened adjoining property, and when the roof fell in part of it struck a saloon building adjoining, and the later was destroyed.

The fire started in the scenery on the stage. The fire department was tardy in arriving, and it was fully fifteen minutes before it had a stream on the building, and then the water could be carried scarcely half way up to the roof.

Since its erection on the eve of the civil war the academy has been the scene of many notable gatherings. David B. Hill delivered his "I am a democrat" speech there. Henry M. Stanley after finding Dr. Livingstone in Africa delivered his first lecture in the academy, and Edwin Booth is said to have made his last appearance there as Hamlet. Wagner's "Parsifal" was given its first presentation in this country in the academy, and Theodore Thomas introduced many famous artists to American audiences within its walls.

Commonwealth Trust to Fight Ship Case.

Formal announcement of the intention of the Commonwealth Trust company, formerly the Trust Company of the Republic, to start an investigation into the connection of the company with the formation and flotation of the United States Shipbuilding company, and to take such action justified by the results of the investigation as will tend to clear the name of the company, was made today by President Scarritt of the Commonwealth Trust company. It is said the purpose is first to show if possible that the company was victimized, and, second, to recoup the company for any losses sustained. Mr. Scarritt said:

"This company has been quiet under the charges and statements, and now intends to take an aggressive, fighting position, irrespective of whosoever is hit."

He added that the facts would be set forth, and if they created a coat that fitted to anybody's back, that was the fault of the back and not of the coat.

Alleged Kidnaped Priest Ousted.

Father Giuseppe Cirringione has been dropped from the pastoral list of the New York archdiocese and Father Patrick J. Lennon appointed to succeed him as pastor of the Roman Catholic church of the Immaculate Conception in Williamsbridge. He is the priest who disappeared Nov. 13 for three days, and who said he had been kidnaped. Priests are divided in their opinions as to the truth of his story. It is understood Father Cirringione will leave New York, one report being he will return to Italy within a week or two.

American Push Impresses Briton.

The Republican club entertained Henry W. Lucy, better known as "Toby M. P.," of Punch, tonight on the eve of his departure for home tomorrow. Mr. Lucy said in the course of his remarks:

"I am struck by the purposeful, pushfulness of the American. Whatever the American is doing, or going to do, the idea that impresses me is that he wants to get there right away.

"I noticed a certain brusqueness of manner. In social circles I find that the manner is warmer in its kindness than it is in England. In the streets, on the contrary, there is a looseness that is not customary in England. When I land in England, I suppose, entirely contrary to modern research, I shall have to say that the world is standing still."

Brief addresses were made by Senator Depew, F. Marion Crawford, and others.

Mystery in Wounds Which Cause Death.

While preparing for burial the body of Luigi Russomanno a Newark undertaker has discovered that the Italian's death was due to bullet wounds in the chest. It had been supposed the man's death was from natural causes. He had gone home and complained to his wife of illness. Thirty-six hours later he died without mentioning his wounds. The undertaker notified the police, and several habitués of an Italian saloon have been arrested.

SCRIBNER'S

The most Distinguished and Sumptuous Magazine of the Holidays—Between its brilliant Christmas covers are contributions by many distinguished authors and strikingly original work by new writers—Its Stories of Christmas life and cheer, of love and adventure, are of more than usual interest—Its special articles, descriptive and narrative, introduce new and picturesque subjects—Its verse is full of music and song.

Its writers:—Edith Wharton, Henry van Dyke, John Fox, Jr., Frederick Palmer, Mary R. S. Andrews, Edith M. Thomas, Julia C. R. Dorr, Alden Arthur Knipe, M.D., James Huneker, H. C. Dwight, Anne O'Hagan, Ralph D. Paine, Jennette Lee and others.

CHRISTMAS NUMBER

Artistically a number of surpassing beauty and attractiveness. Special attention is given to color printing, the issue presenting many full-page color reproductions, color decorations to text and a cover glowing in color. Besides, there is an unusual number of half-tone illustrations and drawings by well known artists.

Its artists:—Maxfield Parrish, Jessie Willcox Smith, Edward Penfield, Henry Hutt, A. I. Keller, E. C. Peixotto, E. M. Ashe, W. Sherman Potts, F. M. Taylor, G. A. Peirson and others.
The cover design is by J. G. Sommer.

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MAGAZINE

A STRONG AND REALISTIC STORY.

THE SHERRODS

By GEORGE BARR McCUTCHEON

Author of "Graustark," "Castle Craneycrow," Etc.

The Cleveland Leader says:
"It is a far better book from all points of the literary compass than his 'Graustark,' and he fairly wins his spurs in it."

The Syracuse Herald says:
"It is a strong story in its chief points and in its delineation of character."

The Boston Advertiser says:
"His unflagging vigor and veracity compel respect."

The Milwaukee Times says:
"The story reads as if taken from real life—as it might easily have been."

The Philadelphia Item says:
"It is a story of real life, carrying the conviction of its reality on every page."

The Indianapolis Sentinel says:
"The story is bright, clever and entertaining, and his popularity will not be lessened by his latest effort."

The New York American says:
"Mr. McCutcheon's latest book, 'The Sherrods,' is, we think, the best of the three that he has written. . . ."

The Nashville American says:
"It is far above the usual run of novels, and deserves to be ranked among the very good things of the year's fiction."

A FIRST-RATE AMERICAN STORY.

Full of action and interest. It has about it, like others of the successful books which have had enormous sales, that indefinable something which few stories possess, and which forces a book into universal popularity.

At All Bookstores. Fully Illustrated. Price, $1.50.

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"IT IS precisely the training a Western railroad man gets, in such work as Glover's," remarked a high official of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway of Frank H. Spearman's **THE DAUGHTER OF A MAGNATE,** "that makes him so valuable to Eastern roads. The very poverty of a man's material resources on the frontier stimulates his mental resources. Such a man becomes as different from the office type of a railroad manager as a hardy open-air plant differs from a delicate hot-house flower."

NOTE—The best selling book in Chicago is "The Little Shepherd of Kingdom Come." Next on the list is "The Daughter of a Magnate." $1.50.

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Harpers Book News

THE MAIDS OF PARADISE

At the head of the list of books most in demand during the past week at the public libraries of New York City stands Mr. Robert W. Chambers's new romance. Mr. Chambers possesses more than any other American novelist the feeling and quality of romance. The present tale carries the reader into the heart of the Franco-Prussian war. The Boston *Herald* writes that "Mr. Chambers is a superb master of his art as a story-teller of romantic fiction." Another Boston paper calls this romance "a wide-awake book, with plenty of dash and crash in it and many tender passages." Indeed, this charming story is, to quote the Philadelphia *North American*, "the foremost of modern romances."

A KIDNAPPED COLONY

This is another romance by an American writer, but one of a different character. It might be called a comedy-romance. It is what the Washington *Times* calls "a tale of love and laughter . . as vivid as the sea and as refreshing as salt breezes." *Public Opinion* (N. Y.) says that "it is a crisp story of adventure that is irresistible;" the Detroit *Free Press:* "a jolly, impetuous story of a comedy undertaken by a dare-devil American;" the Boston *Times:* "a delightful love story, a daring and witty comedy of errors;" the Cleveland *Leader:* "all excitement, we haven't a moment's breathing time." Finally, the Hartford *Times* characterizes it as "thoroughly readable and entertaining."

THE DIVERSIONS OF A BOOKLOVER

Speaking of this, the latest book by Adrian H. Joline, one sympathetic reviewer says that *The Diversions of a Booklover* "is a singularly pleasing book, and has the property of diverting even the most casual of readers." Mr. Joline's book will be doubly welcome to all who remember "The Meditations of an Autograph Collector." In this volume the author enters a different field, and gives us delightful talks about those who make books and those who read them, rare and curious volumes and fine bindings, and enlivens his pages with many anecdotes.

IN THE GARDEN OF CHARITY

Basil King is one of the American writers who is making for the better things in literature. Setting his standard above that of the merely popular novel, Mr. King has given us stories that demanded something more than casual comment from the critics. He has been called "a little brother to Thomas Hardy;" the quality of his humor has been spoken of as "suggestive of the Shakespearean type." *In the Garden of Charity* is a story of the simple folk who live on the Nova Scotian coast. It is a remarkable study of a woman's love and another's passion, of a man's faithlessness and a woman's forgiveness.

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COOK'S Imperial EXTRA DRY

ABSOLUTELY PURE.

Highest award at World's Columbian Exposition.

An American Champagne acknowledged by connoisseurs on two continents to have no superior.

Lovers of pure, delicious champagne should ask for Cook's Imperial, and accept no substitute.

SCATTERS BRIBES WITH FREE HAND

Lant K. Salsbury Implicates Editors and Others in the Grand Rapids Scandal.

TELLS OF SUMS PAID EACH

Citizens Astounded by the Fresh Revelations Made by Self-Convicted Attorney.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Nov. 30.—[Special.]—Lant K. Salsbury, the self-convicted briber of Grand Rapids officials and citizens in connection, made his first appearance on the witness stand. His revelations created a tremendous sensation, for he went far beyond his original confession, in which he accused only the seventeen men who were arrested ten days ago.

Salsbury implicated editors, bankers, brokers, federal, city, and state officials, attorneys, aldermen, and reporters in the scandal. He swore that he paid the Grand Rapids Herald $10,000, the Democrat $3,333, the Evening Press $5,000. Ex-Mayor Perry, he said, got $13,725, instead of $3 333.

Implicates Leading Citizens.

Among other leading citizens of Grand Rapids brought into the case by Salsbury today are Dudley E. Waters, ex-president of the board of public works; Dr. Uilke de Vries, ex-city physician; George Ellis, a local broker; Samuel M. Lemon, collector of internal revenue, and William H. Anderson, president of the Fourth National bank.

Six Water Conspiracy Deals.

Six separate water conspiracy deals were on in Grand Rapids at one time, according to Salsbury's sworn testimony, each gigantic in its size, and all calling for the use of a boodle fund. In addition to the Henry Taylor $100,000 Lake Michigan water deal he testified that there were five other strings out, from each one of which thousands of dollars were hanging. Every one of these six sets of men who put up or offered to advance a corruption fund were dupes, so Salsbury says, of himself, Perry, McGarry, and Sproat.

One Promoter from Chicago.

Pat Flynn of New York he names as one of these at the head of one scheme. The men interested in the Hydraulic Water company are named as the backers of another deal in Chicago. Then there was a Milwaukee deal, in which he said Contractor Loss of Chicago was interested; the Omaha deal, in which the Barton millionaires are said to have put up $50,000, and the Gillespie deal.

On top of all these Salsbury implicates Revenue Collector Samuel M. Lemon with a deal, charging Lemon with coming to him with a proposition to buy the council, after having bought the mayor for $10,000. D. H. Crow of Grand Rapids and Moses Crow of New York are also mentioned in connection with one of the deals.

How Money Was Divided.

The persons implicated by Salsbury during his testimony against State Senator Burns and the amounts he alleged they received are as follows:

George R. Perry, ex-mayor	$13,725
J. Clark Sproat, manager Grand Rapids Democrat	3,333
R. A. Cameron, New York	500
State Senator David E. Burns	200
Ald. McCool	500
Ald. Ellen	350
Ald. De Pagter	350
Ald. Muir	500
Ald. Kinney	350
Ald. Donovan	500
Ald. Phillips	1,000
Ald. Johnson	350
Ald. Stonehouse	350
Ald. Lozier	500
Ald. Shriver	350
Ald. Mol	350
Ald. Ghysels	350
Ald. Hodges	500
Ald. Slocum	500
Cory P. Bissell	500
J. Russell Thomson, reporter on Evening Press	500
Isaac Lamoreaux, ex-city clerk	1,500
State Representative Van Zoeren	350
State Representative Vandercook	80
E. D. Conger, manager Grand Rapids Herald	10,000
Thomas F. McGarry, an attorney, now in Florida	7,500
C. S. Burch, manager of the Evening Press	5,000

Salsbury as a Witness.

The crowd which filled the courtroom when State Senator Burns' case was called had no intimation of the sensation which was to come. Salsbury was the first witness for the state. He testified that he offered Burns $200 in addition to $100 which Burns told him he had already received. Burns scorned the offer at first, saying that he was no $100 man, that he wasn't going to introduce the bill in the legislature, and have the other persons in the deal make a large amount while he had just a little.

Burns threatened, so Salsbury swore, that he would tack on a referendum clause to the bill wanted by the promoters unless he was given $5,000. Finally Salsbury told him to put in the bill and to say nothing about the $5,000 until the bill became a law, intimating that he would be further rewarded then. The $200 was paid to Burns in Salsbury's office in the city hall, witness testified.

How the Deal Began.

Salsbury then testified that the water deal first came to his attention in June, 1900, when Thomas F. McGarry, a local attorney told him that he had some clients who wanted to get a contract to furnish the city with water and that there would be $5,000 in it for him. Salsbury was driven into the deal, so he testified, because of a $15,000 shortage in his bank account, caused by unfortunate speculation in wheat.

He met R. A. Cameron of New York and agreed to go into the deal for $25,000 cash. The money was sent by H. A. Taylor of New York, the moneyed man in the deal, to the state bank.

"My sole purpose was to take the $25,000," said Salsbury, "to straighten up my bank account. If I had got that money at that time I would have settled the shortage and there the water deal would have ended."

Attorney McGarry, however, wanted $21,700 from Salsbury, he testified, but it was finally agreed that Salsbury should pay him $7,500.

Had to Keep Faith.

Salsbury said the reason that he did not get out of the deal after getting the first boodle was that he had to keep up an appearance of good faith with the promoters and, because of the drains upon him in interesting other people, he was unable to get enough out of it for himself to pay up his $15,000 shortages.

After paying McGarry $7,500, so he testified, he went down to Mayor Perry's office and gave him $3,333.

"Perry's theory," so Salsbury testified, was for him and The Democrat (a local paper) to support the Bailey Springs Water project, this being represented as a rival interest to the Lake Michigan deal, in the aid of which bribery was done. He advocated the Bailey Springs deal with the sole purpose of getting the other papers to oppose the project, before it was known that the other paper would accept money.

Money Paid to Newspapers.

"Mr. Burch of the Evening Press at first wanted $10,000, saying that the support of the Press was worth more than that of the other local papers. I tried to get him at first without using money, but could not do anything with him. He finally came to my office in the city hall and took the $5,000."

Salsbury next explained the connection of E. D. Conger of the Grand Rapids Herald with the deal. It seems that the checks which accompanied the bids for contracts with the city for a water supply were bogus. The fact was discovered by Conger, Salsbury continued:

"We decided that if there was anything bad we better be the ones to explode it rather than any one else. I didn't suppose that McGarry would put up bogus $100,000 checks. Perry's message making the exposure was prepared by Frank W. Ball, who was under pay by the Indianapolis filtration scheme, and I revised it. I paid Conger $10,000 after the checks were thrown in the air.

Salsbury also implicated Dudley E. Waters, a member of the board of public works, and J. R. Thomson, municipal reporter of the Evening Press. He said that he sounded Waters, and that Waters told him he had enough money, but would not stand in the way of the water deal, either voting favorably or staying away.

"Later I learned," Salsbury testified, "that he had negotiated with the New York parties directly. One night after a council meeting Thomson came to me and accused me of knowing about the deal. I took him in and offered him $1,000 cash and $5,000 in bonds.

"After McLeod and myself took what money we needed out of the $75,000 boodle fund there was $48,500 left. I carried that until after election. The day of election I awakened suspicion among some of the city officials that I had the boodle by betting heavily on election results.

"They asked me then for their money. I gave $13,750 to ex-Mayor Perry and to The Democrat $13,750. I gave some to Corey P. Bissell of the board of public works and some to J. R. Thomson, and to E. D. Conger $10,000. I paid $350 each to Ald. Ellen, Depeagteer, Kinney, Schriver, Mol, Stonehouse, and MacLachlan; $300 each to Bissell, Thomson, and Ald. McCool, Muir, Donovan, Ghysels, Loseler, and Slocum. To Isaac F. Lamoreaux I paid $1,500."

Accuses the Banker.

Salsbury also implicated Samuel N. Lemon, collector of internal revenue, and William H. Anderson, president of the Fourth National bank, who, he said, wanted $10,000 each. Lemon was interested in several water deals that were on at one time, so Salsbury said, and came to his office, saying that he had paid the mayor $10 000 and wanted to know how much it would take to get the council.

"I told him that it would take $200,000," said Salsbury. "He wanted me to come down, but I told him that he and Anderson wanted $10 000 without doing a thing."

Many Bidders on the String.

"We had bidders on the string from all sides. Our first plan was to get them to put up all the money possible with us as bribe money and then go to the council and exhibit the money, with the statement that it was sent here to bribe us, and then keep it. This was before the last water deal was planned, and our first plan would have gone through but for my arrest in Chicago, which scared some of them out. We had bidders in Milwaukee, Omaha, Chicago, and other places, and were just getting them warmed up when my arrest in Chicago upset all the plans.

"The next plan," witness said, "was to get the city to buy the hydraulic water plant. It was practically worthless so far as competition was concerned, but could be made to appear good. In order to get the deal through it was necessary to have the city charter amended, and for this purpose we had to arrange with Senator Burns and others. Moses Crow and Mr. Gray of New York were to back the scheme financially and were to put up $60.000 as a starter. Willard Kingsley of this city acted for them in the plot.

"Of this amount we were to give $10,000 to Editor Conger, $5,000 to Senator Burns, $30,000 was to go to carry the legislature for the bill, and the balance of $15,000 was to be divided between Mayor Perry, Editor Sproat, George Ellis, and myself. This plan fell down, however, when a referendum case was attached to the bill, and we had to give it up and go on with the Lake Michigan deal."

Money for Legislators.

At the afternoon session of court Salsbury took up the passage of the water bill by the legislature and described the means by which it was accomplished.

"I saw Joe Kennedy," said Salsbury, "and I gave him $1,000 to take care of the interests of the bill in the legislature. It was the last day of the session for the introduction of bills, I think. He told me he paid Representative Van Zoeren $350 and Representative Vandercook $60. As expenses I allowed him $50 without any question. He returned the rest of the money to me

The prosecution completed its introduction of evidence in the Burns case this afternoon, and the respondent asked for an adjournment for a week to prepare his defense, which the court granted.

Editor Burch Denies It.

C. S. Burch, manager of the Evening Press, denies the charges made by Salsbury. Mr. Burch states that he received no money from Salsbury or his agents, and that he has never received any for the influence of his paper.

In a signed statement E. D. Conger, manager of the Grand Rapids Herald, denies Salsbury's charges, as follows:

"The statement of Lant K. Salsbury that he ever paid me any money or offered to do so, or that I ever had any conversation with him whatever regarding the matter, is an unqualified falsehood.

"The Herald, from the inception of this plot, has steadfastly opposed its consummation and with untiring zeal sought to unmask the criminals. The Herald was the first paper in Grand Rapids to expose the Barton deal in Chicago, and was the first to demand the grand jury investigation. The Herald continued to urge the summoning of the grand jury until it was called and was relentless in demanding the full exposure of the plot and the punishment of the conspirators."

Samuel M. Lemon and State Representative Van Zoeren also published denials tonight.

13 DEER HUNTERS SLAIN: 20 OTHERS ARE WOUNDED.

Recent Season in North Woods Results in More Fatalities than for Years—Bad Working of New Law.

DEER HUNTING CASUALTIES OF SEASON.

	1903.	1902.
Number of dead	13	10
Number of wounded	20	16
Totals	33	26

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 30.—[Special.]—Greater than in any year in which records have been kept have been the fatalities resultant from the open deer hunting season for 1903. The statistics of other years reveal, it is true, a larger number of deaths in some years, but particular care was taken this year to include only those who met their deaths as a result of deer hunting. In addition several were either killed or wounded during the period from Nov. 10 to 30 while hunting rabbits or other game besides deer. These, however, were excluded from the 1903 list.

The new Michigan law, making the hunter punishable by imprisonment for killing a man, seems to have had the opposite effect from that intended, as nimrods are said to have taken to their heels several times to avoid prosecution, instead of staying to succor men wounded.

Those Killed.

The list of those whose lives were lost follows:

David T. Prickett, Marquette, Mich., Nov. 10.
G. A. Whipple, Midland, Mich., Nov. 13.
Alfred Williams, Stevens Point, Nov. 15.
John Lawrence, Strickland, Nov. 10.
Charles Pigg, Merrimac, Nov. 10.
Unknown man, near Eagle, Nov. 19.
Frank Grenoch, Lanark, Nov. 17.
Mrs. Matt Johnson, Hackley, Nov. 22.
John Schillinger, Marshfield, Nov. 22.
Frank La Freniere, Norway, Mich., Nov. 22.
Unknown lad, near Marquette, Mich., Nov. 20.
Alex Alsiger, disappeared from near Oconto, Nov. 14.
Stephen Nichols, Palmer, Mich., lost Nov. 16 and given up as dead.

It is probable that several fatalities will be reported later from wounds received during the open season.

Duluth Woman Shoots Moose.

Duluth, Minn., Nov. 30.—[Special.]—Mrs. H. H. Farr of 1325 South street, Duluth, claims the distinction of being the only woman in Minnesota ever to have shot a moose. She, in company with her husband and other hunters, has been hunting big game north of the Mesaba range. One of the men started three moose, killing one. The two survivors ran and one crossed a clearing when Mrs. Farr fired at and killed the animal at 150 yards.

LOW RATES TO THE SOUTHWEST

Via the Wabash.

On Dec. 8 the Wabash will sell special homeseekers' tickets to Arkansas, Texas, Indian and Oklahoma territories, at $20 for the round trip. Write for time cards and full details. City ticket office, 97 Adams street, Chicago.

Mandel Brothers

The Holiday Bazaar

Third floor, Wabash avenue.

WE have brought together goods from many different departments in the store and arrayed them for easy inspection on tables. All articles are plainly marked. A walk through the Holiday Bazaar will surely give you many helpful hints for Christmas gifts.

A special sale of furs

Second floor, Wabash avenue.

OUR stock of inexpensive furs is no less complete and no less carefully chosen than is our stock of finer furs. We have an unusually large variety of fur neckpieces in marten, lynx, sable and Isabella fox. They are the very best furs to be had at the prices asked. We have also a great number of fur coats at very moderate prices.

Persian lamb coats, Leipzig dyed, plain box front, all sizes, **42.50.**

Cluster scarfs, 2 skins, dark mink, fluffy sable fox tails, **$12.**

Long double scarfs, blue lynx, finished with four tails, special at **$25.**

Single-skin scarfs, sable or Isabella fox, natural brush tails, **$10.**

Double scarfs, genuine black marten, with ten natural tails, **$15.**

Two-skin scarfs, fine silky fox, natural brush tails, **$18** and **$25.**

Straight boa, extra fine black marten, 8 selected skins, **23.50.**

Round muff, black marten, large size, fine satin lining, **$10** and **6.75.**

Electric seal coat, 22 to 26 inches, box front, heavy satin lining, **$30.**

Basement: Genuine black marten cluster scarfs for **$4.**

Ready-to-wear clothes; the very best made

Second floor, State street.

THERE'S no uncertainty, no disappointment in Mandel Special and Brokaw Brothers' ready-to-wear clothing. They are as good as can be made—built upon custom tailors' lines, made in custom tailors' shops—but at half custom tailors' prices.

Distinctive in style, they appeal to the smartly dressed man. The fabrics are exclusive—the products of the foremost foreign and home mills. The fit is perfect in most instances—if necessary, we will alter to make it so.

The overcoats are made of imported fabrics—meltons, cheviots, kerseys and vicunas, 44 or 50 inches long, full box effect, wide sweep and broad shoulders; full silk lined and perfectly tailored, **$30** to **$50.**

The suits are cut in the most fashionable styles—the popular single breasted style, double breasted sacks, with the long roll lapel, the long cut English walking suit, and Prince Alberts; lined with the best of silks and serges, **$25** to **$38.**

Basement: Men's $12 suits and overcoats, **7.65.**

Boys' suits and overcoats

Second floor, State street.

Knee suits, double breasted or Norfolk, 6 to 16 years, **$6** to **$10.**
Suits for the little fellows, 2½ to 8 years, prices **$6** to **$10.**
Overcoats, sizes 7 to 16, with plain or belt back, **$7** to **$10.**

Oriental rugs at about half

Second floor, Wabash avenue.

A TIMELY sale of Oriental rugs—just a short time before Christmas—when you are puzzling your head trying to decide what to buy. A special shipment has just arrived—rugs adapted for any room in the house. They are as fine in fabric, weave and color as any you have ever seen at something like twice the price. The bargains are rare—and you'll be wise to share.

Genuine Turkish silk hand-made rugs in picture design—choice piano cover or floor covering; would ordinarily sell for $75 to $160 at **$40.**

$20 Shirvan rugs for $12.
$22 Shirvan rugs for 13.50.
$24 Shirvan rugs for $15.
$27 Shirvan rugs for $18.
$30 Shirvan rugs for $20.
$35 Shirvan rugs for $22.
$40 heavy Kazak rugs, $25.
$60 silky Persian rugs, $35.
8x10 India rugs for $36.
9x12 India rugs for $55.
8x10 extra India rugs, $90.
9x12 extra India rugs, $120.

Do You

wear

Hanan's Fine Shoes?

IF NOT YOU DEPRIVE YOURSELF OF A GREAT LUXURY.

Try a pair. Strictly High-Grade and Reliable. Perfect fitting, therefore comfortable. The best materials, best workmanship and elegance of finish designate the Hanan Shoe as the *Standard of Fashion*

All Leathers - - All Styles - - All Shapes, *For Men and Women.*

For Street. *For Dress.*

$5—$6—$7

Our Style Book Free. Write for One.

SOLD ONLY BY

E. P. Wachtel Co.

State St. and Jackson Blvd.

Busy?

Too busy to spend 2 or 3 trying weeks trying to get a winter business suit or winter overcoat—made to order—with results doubtful and price double?

We can "connect" you with clothes that'll satisfy you—all through—in about 30 minutes—at about half the made-to-order prices.

$15 to $35—for business suits.
$16 to $60—correct winter overcoats.

You can't go wrong here—as we sell only guaranteed clothes, hats and fixings.

Our guaranty means your money back if you want it—tailors dare not offer that.

F. M. ATWOOD,
The Rogers, Peet & Co. Clothing.
"ATWOOD BLDG." Cor. Clark and Madison Sts.
We fill orders by mail.

REVELL & CO.

Oriental Rug Bargains

We Guarantee That Our Prices Are the Lowest in America

Come to our store and get posted on Oriental Rug values before spending a penny elsewhere. No one need be without Oriental floor covers and at prices that are astonishingly low. One hundred to select from. We have secured some wonderful bargains, and will give our customers the benefit of the purchase.

PRICES.	
Anatolian Rugs	$1.65
Oriental Ladic Rugs	$1.85
Persian Rugs, 3 feet 10 in. long	$3.75
Persian Rugs, 4 feet long	$4.25
Feraghan Rugs, 4 feet long	$5.25
Hamadan Rugs, 4 feet 6 in long	$6.25

PRICES.	
Kis-Kelim Rugs, 5.75, 6.75,	$7.75
Kazak Rugs, 4 feet 6 in. long	$6.75
Mossoul Rugs, 6 feet 8 in. long	$13.75
Kurd Rugs, 7 feet long	$16.25

Sale on great 3d floor.

Corner Adams-st. and Wabash-av.

The Making of a Journalist — $1.25 net — Gilt Top — BY Julian Ralph.

This is Julian Ralph's own account of his life as an active journalist. The recital of his remarkable career is brimming with interest. There are stories of his experiences as a war correspondent and of the startling adventures into which he plunged in following news all over the globe.

Harper & Brothers
Publishers, New York

REVELL'S DESKS.
Largest Display, Lowest Prices.
ADAMS AND WABASH.

Always Remember the Full Name **Laxative Bromo Quinine**
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

Alexander H. Revell & Co.

We have placed on sale a manufacturer's SURPLUS STOCK of

Hall Clocks

18.75

These Handsome Hall Clocks, with Seth Thomas movements.

REVELL & CO.,
Adams-st. and Wabash-av.

PERSIAN RUGS AT AUCTION.

Sold by order of the Imperial Ottoman Bank of Constantinople. The Marengo collection, appraised

VALUE $100,000.

Sale commences

TODAY AT 2:30 P. M.

And continues every day thereafter until entirely sold, at

Mark Henry's Rug Store
Wabash-av. and Monroe-st.
Catalogues upon request.

DEATHS.

Marriage or death notices will be cabled in condensed form, without extra charge, for publication in the Paris edition of the New York Herald, if sent to 49 Boulevard Haussmann, Paris, or left at branch offices handing them in. "Cable to the New York Herald European edition."

IN MEMORIAM.

HODGSON—In loving remembrance of my beloved mother, Mary Ann Jennings Hodgson, who died Dec. 1, 1890.
Not gone from memory—not gone from love,
But gone to our Father's home above.

Adelsburg, Anna E.
Bailey, Mrs. Henrietta S.
Bailey, Isabella M.
Bailey, James A.
Bennett, Charles.
Bonn, Mary F.
Bonnin, John.
Bonnin, Morgan.
Bonnin, Ellen.
Bonnin, Mary A.
Bonnin, Andrew.
Bonnin, Martin.
Bonnin, Catherine.
Bonnin, John.
Bonnin, Nickolas.
Bonnin, James D. A.
Bonnin, Caroline.
Bonnin, Marguerite.
Keese, Helen.
Lynch, William.
Maher, John.
Morkan, Julia.
Nelson, John L.
Peltermann, Rosie M.
Reinhardt, Louis.
Schiller, John.
Svenszoid, Mrs. Karen.
Sheehan, Marcus M.
Shilcock, Francis.
Smith, Thomas E.
Stiller, Johanna.
Stokes, Ethel L.
Tierney, Margaret.
Whelan, Kate.
White, Thomas C.

AMES—Mrs. Henrietta Stone Ames passed away Nov. 29, 1903, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. H. Lahman, 1142 Morse-av., Rogers Park. Funeral Wednesday, 2 p. m. Tuesday. Remains taken for interment.

ACKERBURG—Anna E., aged 74 years, wife of Adolph Ackerburg. Funeral Dec. 1, 10 a. m., from Adolf chapel, private.

BANKEY—Isabella M. Bankey, Nov. 29, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Geo. E. Stanton, 3737-av. Funeral Tuesday, Dec. 1, 2 p. m., burial at Oakwoods.

BISHOP—At Summit, N. J., on the 27th ult., Anna M. Bishop, formerly of Chicago.

CHAMBERS—Charles husband of Belle Chambers. Funeral from 156 N. Green-st., 12 m., carriages to Union Ridge, Dec. 1.

CREWS—Funeral services of Mrs. Mary F. Crews, widow of the late Rev. Hooper Crews, will be held in the chapel at Rosehill cemetery, Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Special car leaves Northwestern depot at 1 p. m.

CRONIN—Nov. 29, John Cronin, beloved husband of Ellen Cronin, nee Maher, and father of Michael, John, and William Cronin, aged 62 years. Funeral from late home, Funeral from his late residence, 838 N. Paulina-st., Wednesday, Dec. 2, at 9 a. m., to Annunciation church, where solemn high mass will be celebrated, thence by carriages to Mount Carmel. Detroit papers please copy.

DAVIES—Morgan, aged 52 years, husband of Julia, Nov. 30. Services from 323 S. 44th-av., Dec. 1, 10 o'clock. Burial at Forest Home.

EVENSEN—Ellen, widow of Ole Evensen, Nov. 27, at the age of 77 years. To be buried from 963 N. Artesian-av., Dec. 1, at 1 p. m.

FARRELL—Mary A., at 313 Fulton-st., wife of Frank Farrell. Funeral Tuesday, 10 a. m., from St. Columbkill's church, thence by carriages to Mount Carmel.

FIELD—Andrew, Nov. 28, 1903, beloved son of Margaret and the late Michael W. Field, and husband of Mrs. Cummings. Edward, Michael, William, Susan, and John Field. Funeral Wednesday at 2:30 p. m., from residence, 4711 Lowe-av., thence to Holy Family church, carriages to Calvary. Members of St. Margaret's branch No. 172, C. K. L. of A., and member of Journeyman Plumbers' association No. 130.

FIELITZ—Martin, Nov. 27, at 373 S. Winchester-av., husband of Amelia. Funeral Nov. 29, 1:30 p. m., by carriages to Concordia.

FINNAN—Catherine. Funeral Dec. 2, at 9 a. m., from 2918 Wallace-st., to All Saints' church, thence by carriages to Calvary.

FRIED—Emma Fried Nov. 29. Funeral Dec. 1, at 10 a. m., from 537 Wells-st., to Waidheim.

GERTEN—Nickolas, aged 75 years, husband of Maria Gerten. Funeral Dec. 2, 9:30 a. m., from 651 Cleveland-av., to St. Michael's church, thence to St. Boniface.

JENNER—James D. A., Nov. 29, aged 33 years, husband of Lottie Jenner. Funeral Wednesday, 10:30 a. m., to Holy Trinity church, by carriages to Mount Greenwood.

KAIN—Caroline, aged 58 years. Funeral Wednesday, at 1 p. m., from 43 Elston-av., by carriages to Waldheim.

KAIN—Marguerite, infant daughter of Jeremiah and Mary Ann Kain. Funeral today from 97 Bryant-st., to Mount Carmel.

KEESE—Helen, aged 1 month, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Keese. Funeral Nov. 30, from 71 E. 103d-st., to Mount Carmel.

LYNCH—William, son of Kate Lynch. Funeral Nov. 30 from 222 S. Morgan-st., to St. Patrick's church, thence by carriages to Calvary.

MAHER—Nov. 29 at 710 W. 40th-pl., John, husband of Anastasia Maher, aged 54 years. Funeral Tuesday at 9 a. m. to St. Gabriel's church, thence by cars to Mount Olivet.

MORKAN—Julia, Nov. 28, wife of Edward Morkan. Funeral Dec. 1, at 9 a. m., from 953 Lytle-st., to Visitation church, thence by cars to Mount Olivet.

NELSON—John L., at his residence, 4539 Greenwood-av., 9:30 p. m., Nov. 29, aged 40 yrs. Funeral Wednesday, 2:30 p. m., to Holy Family church, Oakwood-blvd., thence by cars to Calvary. Please omit flowers.

PELTERMANN—Rosie M., aged 18 years, daughter of Adam and Catherine Peltermann. Funeral Dec. 1 at 9 a. m. from 2965 Lyman-st. to Immaculate Conception church, by carriages to St. Mary's.

REINHARDT—Nov. 29, aged 73 years, Louis Funeral from 257 Sheffield-av., Dec. 2, 9 a. m. Burial at Graceland.

SCHILLER—John, husband of the late Caroline Schiller, Nov. 29, aged 84 years. Funeral from 405 Larrabee-st., Dec. 2, at 9:30 a. m., to St. James'.

SVENSZOID—Marcus M., Nov. 29. Funeral from 79 Elm-st., Dec. 1, at 9:30 a. m., to St. James' church, by cars to Mount Olivet.

SHILCOCK—Nov. 29, Francis, beloved husband of Ellen Shilcock, father of Harry and Marguerite. Funeral Wednesday, at 1 p. m., from late residence, 1183 N. 50th-court, to Elmwood. Services at No. 2:30 p. m. Cremation.

SMITH—Nov. 30, Thomas E., son of the late Peter and Mary Smith, at 3822 Parnell-av. Funeral notice later.

STILLER—Johanna, aged 79 years. Funeral Wednesday morning from 63 Bryant-st., Evanston, to Union Ridge.

STOKES—Ethel L. (nee Spafford), wife of Charles M. Stokes, Nov. 29, aged 24 years. Funeral at United Presbyterian church, cor. Woodlawn-av. and 62d-st., at 2 p. m., Tuesday. Interment at Mount Greenwood.

WINKFIELD—Mrs. Karen, Nov. 28. Funeral at 1 p. m., from 438 Grand-av.

TIERNEY—Nov. 28, at 735 W. 46th-pl., Margaret, wife of Edward Tierney. Funeral Tuesday at 8 a. m. to St. Gabriel's church, thence by cars to Mount Olivet.

WHELAN—Kate, Nov. 29, wife of the late John Whelan, at 6144 5th-av., form erly 13 Charles-pl. Funeral notice hereafter.

WHITE—Thomas C., husband of Agnes White, at 60 Adams-st. Funeral Tuesday, 1 p. m., by carriage to Rosehill.

OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

THE FOLLOWING BURIAL PERMITS WERE issued yesterday by the health department:
Ames, Henrietta S., 73; 11 ac Morse-av., Nov. 30.
Abedecker, Christina, 53; 362 S. N. Robey-st., Nov. 28.
Bernard, Stanislaus, 26; 8940 Muskegon-av., Nov. 28.
Barry, Joseph, 20; 6600 Yale-av., Nov. 28.
Brooks, W., 46; 6713 Halsted-st., Nov. 26.
Bennett, Walter H., 17; 3045 Ashland-av., Nov. 28.
Cannell, Ella H., 82; 3244 Rhodes-av., Nov. 28.
Carlson, Charles A., 29; 186 N. Green-st., Nov. 28.
Carey, John, 62; 823 S. 44th-av., Nov. 30.
Cronin, Bessie, 24; 131 Halsted-st., Nov. 27.
Carroll, Mary, 50; 318 Fulton-st., Nov. 28.
Cosgrave, Margaret, 85; 306 Ward-st., Nov. 28.
Dietz, Emma, 29; 537 Wells-st., Nov. 29.
Dresser, John J., 20; 3531 Jackson-av., Nov. 28.
Dwyer, Delina, 35; 362 Ladlin-st., Nov. 27.
Eberwood, William, 53; 58 McReynolds-st., Nov. 28.
Egan, Lena, 21; 274 E. Division-st., Nov. 28.
Fehlen, Nellie G., 21; 587 W. Ohio-st., Nov. 28.
Feuer, Marie, 55; 170 Turner-av., Nov. 28.
Fisher, Fred S., 29; 209 N. Leavitt-st., Nov. 28.
Fitzgerald, Dr. John, 52; 5027 Ada-st., Nov. 29.
Gately, Annie M., 42; 274 S. Homan-av., Nov. 29.
Gilbert, Mathias, 73; 646 Wells-st., Nov. 28.
Gannon, Mrs. Ethel Bryan, 25; 4705 Lowe-av., Nov. 28.
Gerch, William, 20; 222 S. Morgan-st., Nov. 28.
Gerch, Tony, 62; 229 N. Artisian-av., Nov. 29.
Harding, Ella; 148 Marshfield-av., Nov. 28.
Jaunalis, Louis, 55; 5919 S. Wood-st., Nov. 27.
Johnson, Peter, 51; 396 S. Morgan-st., Nov. 27.
Kingsley, Michael, 65; 774 Ashland-av., Nov. 29.
Kozlowska, Kordula, 23; Fay-st., Nov. 28.
Kirian, Julia, 47; 933 W. 51st-st., Nov. 28.
Lund, John L., 40; 4539 Greenwood-av., Nov. 29.
Lowery, R., 35; 3132 La Salle-st., Nov. 27.
Mansell, Margaret, 71; 3227 S. Park-av., Nov. 28.
Mason, Robert, 37; 3246 S. State-st., Nov. 28.
Mahon, Louis, 72; 357 Sheffield-av., Nov. 29.
Masterthorn, Bessie, 38; 36 E. 16th-st., Nov. 27.
Mathison, Amanda M., 75; 417 W. Madison-st., Nov. 28.
Meyer, Carl, 73; 643 W. Superior-st., Nov. 27.
Moy, John, 49; 4448 5th-av., Nov. 28.
Mulhall, Jessie, 33; 666 W. Madison-st., Nov. 27.
Mulvey, John, 38; 3139 Armour-av., Nov. 29.
Murphy, Morris, 46; 49 Newberry-av., Nov. 29.
Nelson, Frank, 32; 1893 Homan-av., Nov. 29.
Nesmith, Frank, 67; 916 N. Talman-av., Nov. 28.
Newman, Jennie G., 51; 326 N. Park-av., Nov. 27.
Nolan, Sylvester, 78; 791 W. Division-st., Nov. 28.
Nolan, Emma R., 48; 4 E. 16th-st., Nov. 27.
Nolan, Thomas C., 54; 355 Adams-st., Nov. 28.

BUILDING PERMITS.

THE FOLLOWING PERMITS WERE ISSUED today by the building department:
Mrs. Dunsmith, 2 and 3 story and basement building, 57x60 ft., 1469-71 Graceland-av. $30,000
Mrs. Dunsmith, 3 story store and flat buildings, 16x40 ft., 1512-1520 Sheridan-rd. 30,000
Peter Brewing Co., 4 story brick addition, 77x82 ft., 2712-2730 Brewery-av. 80,000
Lutheran Deaconess association, 4 story and basement hospital, 107x93 ft., 6736-6736 Wentworth-av. 58,000
Board of Education, 3 story brick school, 200x200 ft., at northwest corner Fulton-av. and Throop-st. 70,000

UNDERTAKERS.

Frank A. B. PERRIGO, UNDERTAKER, 2973 Archer-av., of the late firm of J. Whittier Buffum & Co. H. Perrigo. Private ambulances. Telephone, Boulevard 674.

ESTABLISHED 1854 — C. H. JORDAN & CO., 31 AND 16 E. MADISON-ST., CHICAGO. TELEPHONE 832-3D-ST., HYDE PARK.

J. E. C. A. BUILDING, EVANSTON, ILL.

J. WHITTIER BUFFUM (20 YEARS WITH THE late C. H. Jordan), undertaker, 1722 Wabash-av. Telephone 868.

ROSEWAITE, UNDERTAKER, 822 OGDEN-av. We don't say much, we just do business. Stores in Oakwoods.

MONUMENTS.

CHAS. O. BLAKE & CO., 719 WOMAN'S TEMPLE. Reliable makers of monuments and mausoleums.

To secure insertion in all editions of "The Sunday Tribune" classified ads, must be in this office Friday.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., Nov. 30.—Forecast for Tuesday and Wednesday:

Illinois—Snow in north, snow or rain in southern portion Tuesday, winds shifting to fresh northeast. Clearing Wednesday.

Ohio—Partly cloudy Tuesday, snow or rain and warmer Wednesday, light variable winds shifting to east and northeast.

Lower Michigan and Upper Michigan—Partly cloudy Tuesday and Wednesday, light to fresh winds, shifting to northeast.

Indiana—Snow or rain Tuesday, Wednesday fair in northern, clearing in southern portion, winds shifting to fresh east.

Wisconsin—Fair in northern, snow in southern portion Tuesday, Wednesday partly cloudy, winds shifting to fresh northeast.

Minnesota—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday, warmer in western portion Tuesday, fresh northeast winds.

Iowa—Snow Tuesday, fair Wednesday.

North Dakota and South Dakota—Fair and warmer Tuesday, Wednesday fair.

Nebraska and Kansas—Snow flurries Tuesday, Wednesday fair.

Place of observation.	Thermometer. Max. (past 12 hours)	Thermometer. Min. (past 12 hours)	Direction of wind.	Precipitation. Inches in 24 hours.	State of weather.
Time taken: Nov. 30, 8 p. m.					
Abilene	48	56	S.	....	Clear
Albany	22	28	S.E.	Tr.	Clear
Alpena	22	26	N.W.	.02	Snow
Atlanta	32	38	N.	....	Clear
Amarillo	44	52	S.W.	....	Clear
Battleford	16	18	S.W.	....	Clear
Bismarck	14	22	S.E.	.10	Clear
Buffalo	30	36	S.W.	Tr.	Clear
Boston	30	36	S.W.	Tr.	Cl'dy
Cairo	32	32	N.W.	....	Clear
Calgary	40	44	N.W.	....	Cl'dy
Charlotte	32	44	N.E.	....	Cl'dy
Cheyenne	36	52	S.	.01	Clear
Chicago	26	30	N.W.	Tr.	Clear
Cincinnati	28	30	S.W.	Tr.	Cl'dy
Cleveland	28	30	S.W.	Tr.	Cl'dy
Concordia	28	30	S.W.	.08	Cl'dy
Davenport	26	30	S.E.	.02	Snow
Denver	36	50	W.	....	Cl'dy
Des Moines	24	26	S.	....	Fair
Detroit	30	30	W.	Tr.	Cl'dy
Dodge	30	36	W.	.02	Cl'dy
Dubuque	28	30	S.E.	.02	Rain
Duluth	14	16	N.W.	Tr.	Cl'dy
Ft. Smith	44	52	N.W.	....	Clear
Edmonton	36	38	N.W.	....	Clear
Galveston	56	68	E.	....	Cl'dy
Grand Rapids	26	32	S.W.	.02	Cl'dy
Green Bay	20	26	S.W.	....	Fair
Havre	44	52	Calm	....	Clear
Helena	50	50	N.E.	....	Clear
Huron	18	26	N.	....	Cl'dy
Indianapolis	28	32	W.	....	Clear
Jacksonville	48	52	N.W.	....	Clear
Kansas City	36	50	S.E.	.02	Clear
Lander	26	30	S.E.	.02	Snow
Moorhead	16	18	N.E.	....	Clear
Little Rock	38	40	E.	....	Cl'dy
Los Angeles	76	76	W.	....	Clear
Marquette	22	26	W.	.19	Cl'dy
Memphis	36	38	E.	....	Fair
Medicine Hat	42	48	Calm	....	Clear
Milwaukee	24	30	S.E.	....	Clear
Minnedosa	8	20	S.E.	....	Cl'dy
Montgomery	42	48	N.W.	....	Clear
Montreal	22	28	W.	Tr.	Clear
Nashville	32	36	N.W.	....	Clear
New Orleans	50	54	N.W.	....	Clear
New York City	30	34	W.	....	Clear
Norfolk	38	44	N.W.	....	Clear
North Platte	40	46	N.W.	.01	Clear
Oklahoma	42	52	S.	....	Cl'dy
Omaha	26	28	E.	.02	Cl'dy
Oswego	24	26	S.	Tr.	Cl'dy
Palestine	50	58	S.E.	....	Clear
Parkersburg	26	30	S.	.02	Snow
Philadelphia	32	36	S.W.	....	Clear
Pittsburg	26	26	W.	Tr.	Snow
Pueblo	36	56	N.E.	....	Fair
Qu'Appelle	20	24	N.	....	Cl'dy
Rapid City	36	50	N.	Tr.	Fair
San Francisco	54	56	W.	....	Clear
St. Louis	28	32	S.E.	Tr.	Cl'dy
St. Paul	18	20	N.W.	.01	Snow
Salt Lake City	38	42	W.	....	Clear
San Antonio	54	62	E.	....	Clear
Ste. Marie	20	22	N.E.	Tr.	Cl'dy
Springfield, Ill.	24	30	S.W.	....	Clear
Springfield, Mo	28	28	S.E.	....	Cl'dy
Vicksburg	44	46	N.	....	Clear
Washington	30	34	N.W.	....	Clear
White River	14	16	Calm	Tr.	Snow
Wichita	36	36	W.	Tr.	Sleet
Williston	30	36	N.E.	.06	Cl'dy
Winnipeg	6	4	Calm	....	Clear

WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

The temperature as observed yesterday by L. Manasse, optician, 88 East Madison street, was as follows: Thermometer—8 a. m., 22 degrees; 9 a. m., 23; 10 a. m., 25; 11 a. m., 26; 12 m., 28; 1 p. m., 30; 6 p. m., 26; 9 p. m., 30. Barometer—8 a. m., 29.47; 6 p. m., 29.60.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

THE COUNTY CLERK ISSUED PERMITS TO wed to the following couples yesterday, the parties living in Chicago where no place of residence is given:

	Age.
Clarence P. Hodges, Hallersville, I. T.	
Camillus C. Brown	36—30
George Witkowsky, Cecelia Johnson	36—23
Earl H. Cowan, Nellie Sloggett	21—19
Gustav Sziul, Annie Schaffer	24—17
Nicholas P. Harden, Darane, Mich.; Helen Wassler	57—55
Patrick Reynolds, Marie O'Keefe	40—36
Willie Bright, Marie Peek	25—20
William H. Sparrow, Sycamore, Ill.; Edith Campbell, same	30—36
John E. McNamara, Edith Hathaway	42—24
Louis H. Valentine, Anna T. Anderson	43—29
Carl Baumgardener, Milwaukee, Wis.; Rebecca E. Sunder	34—24
Luigu Curcio, Carmia Miresse	26—21
Benjamin Sliter, 30; and Ruth Sliter, 30	30—30
William Isabell, Glencoe, Ill.; Elizabth Pearson	32—26
William E. Rosenburg, Melinda L. Mercer	32—26
John Hermansen, Amy Henrici	21—19
Myron Eggleston, Louise Brunker	23—21
John A. Nold, Pearl Nold	46—46
Henry P. Haslett, Maywood, Ill.; Frances Paulson, same	28—19
Ralph W. Webster, Grace H. Nye	30—24
William Parthie, Anna Pras	21—21
Henry Howell, Jennie Talbert, La Grange, Ill.	35—38
Isadore Bertola, Giovannina Dicurli	31—23
Vincenzo Madane, Cinsegrita Salvino	26—18
Isaac N. Newberger, Dora Winberg	44—30
John Rubousek, Graffen, N. D.; Franliska Vaszt	36—21
Peter Ernst, Elisa Wilbolt	24—27
George F. Grube, Esima Reynolds	27—23
William Smith, Laura Kupka	21—17
Victor Baccus, Sallie B. Lewis	32—26
Benjamin M. Nisbet, Jennie B. Patterson	26—25
Carmine Cilella, Mrs. Marie Zita	36—29
Walter D. Pack, Mabel S. Berry	26—24
James Williams, Annie McCutcheon	45—53
Hector J. Marinier, Frances J. Walsh	25—22
Alexander Pelser, Elizabeth Lohrmann	42—36
Alfred Jorgenson, Arnie Larsen	24—20
Edwin C. Turney, Anna Turney	32—23
James F. O'Brien, Jessie Smith, Milwaukee, Wis.	26—18
John Bartaska, Rose Davert	27—23
Antonio Cinqui, Maria Stasi	25—20
George Krauss, Minnie Straloy	21—18
James B. Dolan, Leah Levey	36—33
Edward T. Charlestun, Marie Collins	24—21
Will E. Weaser, Stella M. Wilcoxon	24—19
James P. Lewis, Lincoln, Neb.; Hattie Ross, same	46—23
James Pregel, Mary Jackavec	26—19
J. Ernest Lewis, York, Pa.; Alberta Brigg, same	25—23
John Adam Pinner, Martha Grabb	21—21
Frederick William Thurman, Mary Adele Ruggles	24—22
Salvadore Cofforo, Joanna Parlatore	28—19
William J. Willis, Annie Graham	28—19
Mathew J. Damijonaitis, Mary Vosiliute	30—26
Alesandes Altobello, Teresa Curci	36—26
Carl Heuninc, Evanston, Ill.; Martha Schmidt, same	32—26
Asher L. Goodman, Tillie Rabinowitz	27—22
Robert Linnemann, Margaret Mitchell	37—28
Joseph Allegretta, Sienera L. Durante	52—47
Phillip I. Machler, Sogred A. Hanklmon	24—20
John Hackney, Ida Kiechoff	22—21

HEALTH DEPARTMENT ON WATER.

USABLE HYDE PARK | USABLE 14TH ST. | USABLE CHICAGO AVE. | USABLE LAKE VIEW

C. H. Harrison crib and Harrison street station, usable.

The Harrison street pumping station is near Halsted and Harrison streets.

The Lake View pumping station supplies all territory north of Belmont avenue to Devon avenue.

Chicago avenue station supplies all territory between Belmont avenue and Fullerton avenue, east of Western avenue, with a mixed supply from the Chicago avenue and the C. H. Harrison tunnels.

Fourteenth street station supplies all territory between Lake street and Forty-seventh street east of Canal street with water from the four mile tunnel.

The territory between Lake street, Canal street, Forty-seventh street, and Western avenue is supplied by a mixture from Carter H. Harrison, Chicago avenue, and four mile tunnels, by stations at Harrison street and Twenty-second street.

The territory between Belmont avenue and Forty-seventh street, west of Western avenue to the city limits, except Austin, is supplied from the Carter H. Harrison tunnel by stations at Springfield avenue and Central Park avenue.

FOREIGN MAIL SCHEDULE.

FOREIGN MAILS WILL CLOSE AT CHICAGO postoffice as follows:

For Switzerland, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt, Greece, British India, Roumania, Belgium, Cape Colony, and Lourenzo Marquez, 5 p. m.

For Cuba, 7:30 p. m.

For Alaska, 9 p. m.

For Jamaica, via Philadelphia, 12 p. m.

For Austria, Denmark, Germany, Great Britain, Ireland, Norway, Netherlands, Russia, and Sweden, via S. S. Cedric, 11:30 a. m.

For British Honduras, Guatemala, and republic of Honduras, 5 p. m.

For France and Italy, via S. S. La Touraine, 12 p. m.

F. E. COYNE, Postmaster.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS FILED FOR RECord Monday, NOV. 30, 1903:

LAKE VIEW.

Lafayette-parkway, 208 e of Sheridan-rd., n f, 200x130½; Calumet-av., 148 s of 49th-st., w f, 150x130. Hyde Park, Incumb. $5,000. Nov. 24 (Flora T. Henry of New York City to Bertha Cockburn) $32,000

State-st., 139 s of Briar-pl., e f, 32x127, Nov. 27 (C. C. Hammar to Frans A. Hammar) 3,000

JEFFERSON.

N. 42d-av., 175 n of Wabansia, w f, 25x125. Nov. 12 (A. Mckeilbeg to C. F. Erickson) 3,100

N. 42d-av., 200 n of Wabansia, w f, 25x120. Nov. 23 (same to Karen H. Erickson) 3,100

Winona-st., s w cor N. 52d-av., e f, 125x125, and o. p., Nov. 2 (N. J. Finks to Henry G. Zander) 1,000

NORTH CHICAGO.

Clybourn-av., 442 n w of Webster, n e f, 23x120. Nov. 28 (estate of D. G. Swartz to Edwin Zuehlke) 2,500

Cobients-st., 277 w of Robey, n f, 22x100. Oct. 23 (Peoling National L. and T. Co. as'n to Frank Mendlik) 1,200

Illinois-st., Nos. 283 and 285, 50x100; Illinois-st., No. 215, 20x100. Nov. 7 (Mary A. Smith to the Equitable Trust Co.) 1

Orchard-st., 215 s of North-av., w f, 29.4x80 m. or l. Nov. 23 (A. K. H. Ryer to Marvin D. Scull) 4,000

Sedgwick-st., s w cor Tourney, e f, 37x100, and 4-5 inst., Nov. 18 (M. Matthai to Herman Burmeister) 7,200

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

SOUTH CHICAGO.

Indiana-av., 366 s of 26th-st., e f, 42x170. Nov. 22 (W. K. Wells et al., by M. in C., to Henriette G. Frank) 6,238

Michigan-av., Nos. 324 and 325, 40x171, incumb. $20,000. Aug. 11 (Betsey Gage to Martha H. Gage) 1

Morgan-st., n e cor. 31st-pl., w f, 51x99. Nov. 2 (C. E. Stonehill to Stanislaus Biderman) 15,500

23d-st., 225 w of Horne-av., s f, 25x150. Nov. 19 (estate of A. Burmeister to Otto A. Richter) 3,025

Van Buren-st., n e cor Plymouth-pl., e f, 50x80, leasehold interest and bldg. Nov. 27 (Walter H. Lee to Wm. N. Elsendrath) 75,000

CICERO.

Monroe-st., 316 w of S. 48th-av., n f, 25x124. Nov. 14 (J. R. Houliston to John A. Coghlan) 2,600

WEST CHICAGO.

California-av., 216 s of Jackson-st., e f, 25x126. Nov. 27 (M. Burns to Amadius Quigley) 1

Same prty., Nov. 27 (A. Quigley to Anna Burns) 1

45th-av. S., 50 n of Gladys, w f, 25x100. Aug. 15 (John S. Siem to Albert P. Love)

45th-av., S., 75 n of Gladys, w f, 25x100, March 4 (John S. Siem to George Ambrose) 2,650

Ohio-st., 83 e of Lawndale-av., n f, 20.88x75. Nov. 27 (Ellen Donoghue to Anders Emil Neiglick) 2,700

18th-pl., 264 e of Throop-st., n f, 22x124, Nov. 11 (F. A. E. Ehlers to Joseph Cohn) 2,500

HYDE PARK.

Calumet-av., s e cor 45th-st., w f, 73.85x128. Nov. 24 (Bertha Cockburn to Flora T. Henry of New York City) 6,100

63d-st., s e cor Evans-av., e f, 47.25x110. Nov. 23 (David S. Baird to Ferdinand H. Henriel) 15,500

LAKE.

Parnell-av., 96 s of 67th-st., e f, 50x120. Nov. 25 (Victoria Stafford to Minnie J. Stafford Hibbert) 10,000

Princeton-av., 60 s of 59th-st., w f, 30x125. Nov. 19 (J. Bauer to Jacob Lanz) 1,450

77th-st., 210 w of Normal-av., s f, 20x148. May 19 (2. F. Randel et al., by M. in C., to Charles A. Harris) 4,100

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE AT SPRINGfield yesterday licensed the following corporations:

V. D. Wright company, Chicago; capital, $50,000; general hardware business; incorporators, William Raymond, Samuel L. Page, Frederick C. Hack.

Purity Publishing company, Chicago; capital, $2,500; printing and publishing; incorporators, S. Henry Bolton, Charles F. Weigele, Clayton E. Ford.

Creamery Supply Manufacturing company, Chicago; capital, $1,000; manufacturing machinery, tools, and fixtures; incorporators, John O. Hocher, O. H. Snyder, Ernest Hatz.

R. Zimmermann company, Chicago; capital, $5,000; general mercantile business; incorporators, Reinhold A. Zimmermann, Elizabeth Zimmermann, Arthur Zimmermann.

A. Petrof company, Chicago; capital, $1,000; manufacturing dental goods; incorporators, Benjamin Levering, Jr., Edward J. Schmidt.

Barclay Coal and Mining company, Springfield; capital, $150,000; mining coal; incorporators, Charles H. Wood, David Reid, F. G. Matheny.

Bercher-Schwartz company, Carbondale; capital, $10,000; mercantile business; incorporators, H. H. Bercher, J. W. Schwartz, Chicago.

Thistle Athletic club, Chicago; not for profit; athletic purposes; incorporators, Walter J. O'Brien, George Lavelle, A. Sidney.

Baltimore Distilling company, Chicago; name changed to Harry Stern Distilling company.

Gregg Electric company, Chicago; capital stock increased from $100,000 to $300,000.

FOREIGN CORPORATIONS.

National Mercantile company, Milwaukee, Wis.; capital, $10,000; capital in Illinois, $2,000.

Dr. R. H. M. Mackenzie's Medical and Surgical offices, Pittsburg, Pa.; capital, $100,000; capital in Illinois, $5,000.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—ON MAPLE-AV., OAK PARK, BETWEEN Washington-blvd. and Wisconsin-st. elevated station, or on Lake-st. elevated train, Nov. 30, small round locket, containing silver dollar, with one pearl irons, one set solitaire, one set double, one set with three stones; and one pearl ring solitaire; liberal reward. Return to MARY JOHNSON, 341 Maple-av., Oak Park, or 956 Monadnock Blk.

LOST—IN AUDITORIUM ANNEX OFFICE, A valuable purse bag containing small coin purse, a gold bon bon box, and handkerchief, both with monogram A. B. W. /Return to hotel office and receive reward. MRS. A. C. WARD.

LOST—ON 47TH-ST., ON OR NEAR MADISON-av. box containing gold necklace set with amethysts. Return 4746 Madison-av. and get reward.

LOST—SEALSKIN FUR DRIVING GLOVE, BEtween 33d and Drexel-blvd. and 51st and Cornell. Finder please return to 4500 Drexel-blvd.

FOUND — SUNDAY NIGHT, GREAT DANE bitch; owner can have by proving property and paying expenses. 1700 Prairie-av.

LOST—SMALL PURSE CONTAINING ABOUT $20, near 47th and Calumet-av.; reward. 668 E. 48th-st.

LOST—A NO. 3A EASTMAN KODAK, ON PERE Marquette R. R. train Monday. Reward offered. Address C. T. Teetzel, 6913 Princeton-av., Chicago.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

PERSONAL—YOU CAN SELECT A CHRISTmas Diamond or Watch now and have it laid aside for delivery when wanted; payments need not be completed until Christmas. This is the best way to get ahead of the Christmas crowds that make Christmas shopping so difficult. You can open Charge Accounts and Savings Accounts and still buy your Diamond for less than the swell stores on the ground floor would ask you for spot cash. If at no time during all transactions we fail with the honest intentions are the only requisites. We are open until 10 p. m. from and after Dec. 1. If you cannot call, please send for our beautiful Christmas Catalogue. LOFTIS BROS & CO., Diamonds, Watches, and Jewelry. 92 State-st.

PERSONAL—
Stylish apparel for men, women, and children, and handsome furniture, carpets, rugs, etc., sold on convenient terms of credit and at prices no higher than are charged at the cash stores. We ask for NO MONEY DOWN and not a cent in advance. Call, investigate. Established since 1886.
E. SHOWERS & CO.
2d and 3d floors. 217-219 State-st.

PERSONAL—FOR ALL NERVOUS DISORDERS nothing equals MECHANICAL VIBRATION. We manufacture inexpensive appliances for use in your home. Write or call for free booklet. Hygeia Vibratory Co., Suite 21 Auditorium Bldg. [Wabash-av. entrance], Chicago.

PERSONAL—CHAPPED HANDS CURED IN one night, chronic pimples inside of three weeks; eczema benefited immediately if you use Derm Aseptic Skin Lotion; for sale at all drug stores. Write for free pamphlet, "What Physicians Say." Derm Asepticine Company, Chicago.

PERSONAL—" THE PARIS."
50C—MANICURE AND CHIROPODY—50C.
$1—VIBRATORY TREATMENTS—$1.
R. BIRD, Suite 21, Quincy Blk., Jackson-st. and 335 WABASH-AV. OPEN SUN. AND EVE.

PERSONAL—ROACHES, BUGS, RATS EXTERminated from your premises under guaranteed contract. Call or write, or phone Wabash 322. FREDERICK PERES & CO., 427 State-st.

PERSONAL—SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, warts, permanently removed by the electric needle; 14 years' experience. MME. STIVER, M. E., 1407 Auditorium Tower. Phone 4223 Harrison.

PERSONAL CHIROPODIST CORNS, 25C EA.; ingrown nails and all bad cases a specialty. Prof. Wm. Emanuel, 100 Wabash-av. Phone 2121 C.

PERSONAL — HYPNOTISM — INTERESTED call or send for literature. The De Laurence Institute of Hypnotism, Suite 4, 344 Michigan-av.

PERSONAL—LAURA CONOLLY, DERMATOLOgist, 1300-1301 Auditorium Tower, Chicago. Indorsed by Julia Marlowe, Ellen Terry, etc.

PERSONAL—ELECTROLYSIS, MANIPURING, chiropody, facial and scalp treatment. MME. NORRELL, Room 6, 184 Dearborn-st.

PERSONAL—IT'S THE BIAS ABDOMINAL SUPPORTER you need. Address Dept. T, 524 Cleveland-av., Chicago.

PERSONAL—SHOES FOR THE LAME; DOCtors recommend them. Send for catalogue, 54 5th-av., Chicago.

PERSONAL—HAIR, MOLES, RED NOSE, PIMples, scars, etc., a specialty. Electrolysis. N. A. Electrolysis Co., 67 State-st., city.

PERSONAL—BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXIONS guaranteed; all imperfections of the face removed. TOMPKINS, M. D., 102 Auditorium Bldg.

PERSONAL—MALTA VITA COUpons, "H," "K," and "N"; state price. Address N 432, Tribune office.

PERSONAL—MRS. WARNER, 138

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Employment Agencies.

BOOKKEEPER—SAFEGUARD EXP.....$100
Bookkeeper and correspondent.....75
Stenographer, coal exp.....75
Stenographer, machinery exp.....70
Stenographers, five.....50
Railroad clerks, car service exp.....50
Mileage clerk, exp.....70
Bookkeepers, eight.....$12 and 15
Office men, six.....$9 to 12
Office man who can use typewriter.....10
Bill clerks, two.....12
Stock clerks, four.....$8—10
Merchants' Clerical Exchange,
500, 114 Dearborn-st. Tel. Cen. 4940.

BOOKKEEPERS,
STENOGRAPHERS,
OFFICE CLERKS,
Placed with leading business houses.
MERCANTILE EXCHANGE,
185 DEARBORN-ST.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER—LADY, experienced in the safeguard system; permanent position. Apply at once, FRED GRIESHEIMER, State and Jackson.

BOOKKEEPER—EXPERIENCED; $8 TO $10. Room 46, 151 Washington-st.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOG.—THOROUGHLY experienced; $12, $15. Room 46, 92 La Salle.

BY LARGE HOUSE—INTELLIGENT AND CAPable young lady to look up correspondence, with long experience in similar work; must be persevering and persistent and write good hand. Address X 496, Tribune office.

EXPERIENCED CHECKING CLERK — ON cemetery orders; must write a splendid business hand and accustomed to checking several hundred orders daily; state experience and salary to start. Address X W 466, Tribune office.

FILING CLERK—EXPERIENCED, RAPID worker at cards and letters; none need apply unless have successfully filled position with large house. Address X W 472, Tribune office.

GIRL—NEAT, EXPERIENCED; OFFICE ASsistant. Apply Graft Suspender Co., 238 Fifth-av.

ORDER CLERK—VERY RAPID AND PLAIN writer with long experience in writing orders in triplicate; don't apply unless you have handled large number of orders. Address X W 494, Tribune office.

YOUNG LADY—18, WITH PARENTS, FOR OFfice; neat and educated. Address Z A 841, Tribune office.

Salespeople, Solicitors, Etc.

EXPERIENCED SALESLADIES—FOR HOLIday business; competent for handkerchiefs, gloves, toilet articles, jewelry, stationery, books, china, silverware, and toys. Apply Superintendent, 8:30 a. m., balcony.

SCHLESINGER & MAYER.

SALESWOMEN—
20 EXPERIENCED SALESWOMEN FOR ALL DEPARTMENTS. APPLY TO SUPT. ON 8TH FLOOR AT 8:30 A. M.

ROTHSCHILD & COMPANY.

SALESWOMEN—
EXPERIENCED SALESWOMEN FOR ALL DEPARTMENTS. APPLY ASST. SUPT., 8TH FLOOR.

SIEGEL, COOPER & CO.

SOLICITORS—EXPERIENCED; FAMILY COFfee; liberal commission. NICHOLSON BROS., 1727 Wabash-av.

TRAVELERS—WOMEN AND MEN TO TRAVEL and employ lady agents; best line, best terms ever offered. Trade Teller Co., Chicago.

WOMEN—TWO BRIGHT, CAPABLE, TO ASSOciate themselves with the strongest life insurance company in the world; earnest, intelligent, and energetic women can make $150 a month. Call 12 to 2, 502, 98 State-st. E. E. STELLE, Mgr.

YOUNG LADY—FOR TWO WEEKS, TO SOLicit subscriptions for church paper; South Side. Address N 445, Tribune office.

Domestics.

COMPETENT WOMAN—FOR MOTHER'S HELP. 876 Millard-av.

COOK—EXPERIENCED, TO GO SOUTH. APply mornings, 10 to 12, 1800 Prairie-av.

HOUSEWORK—EXPERIENCED HOUSEWORK girl, small family; good wages; one willing to go to Rogers Park will find good situation. Address X W 472, Tribune office.

HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENeral housework, with or without washing; good wages; references required. Flat 1, 6138 Woodlawn-av.

HOUSEWORK—GOOD GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework; must know how to cook. At 1191 Wilton-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; good wages; no washing. 4548 Forrestville-av.; 3 cars.

HOUSEWORK—COLORED GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; heavy washing sent out. Apply at 2342 Prairie-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork, $4.50; adult family; private bath. Upper flat, 5440 Michigan-av.

HOUSEWORK—STRONG GERMAN GIRL FOR general housework; small family. Apply Tuesday, 581 E. 45th-pl.

HOUSEWORK—EXPERIENCED GIRL FOR GENeral housework. Call or write, 683 43d-st., top flat.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; reference required. Apply at 4250 Cottage Grove-av.

HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT GIRL, GENERAL house; German or Swedish; no washing; good wages; refs. 843 Warren-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. PARKER, 7128 Lake-av.

HOUSEWORK—3324 WABASH-AV., 3D FLAT, neat, competent girl for general housework.

MIDDLE AGED WOMAN OR GIRL—FOR COOKing and general work. 5458 Cornell-av.

SWEDISH, NORWEGIAN OR GERMAN—COOK, wash, iron; refs.; wages $6. 5022 Greenwood-av.

Housekeepers.

HOUSEKEEPER—MIDDLE AGED, INTELLIgent woman, for family of two; good wages; good home. Address N 479, Tribune office.

Nurses.

NURSE—INTELLIGENT, STRONG, YOUNG woman to nurse old lady; wages $10. Apply to DR. DUFFIELD, 10 to 12, 100 State-st.

NURSE GIRL—BETWEEN 16 AND 18 YRS., TO assist in care of 2½ yr. old child. 4539 Ellis-av.

Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER AND S. P. OPERATOR—EXperienced; North Side; state age and salary. Address X R 571, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG LADY, WORKING hours, 8 to 4; state salary expected and experience. Address N 467, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER—WITH SOME KNOWLEDGE of bookkeeping; $10. R. 634, 225 Dearborn-st.

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKPR.—EXPERIenced; $10 to $15. Room 46, 92 La Salle.

STENOGRAPHER—BRIGHT, EXPERIENCED young lady; $10. R. 634, 225 Dearborn-st.

STENOGRAPHERS—SEE AD. UNDER "INstruction" column. Hoffman's Shorthand College, 516, 130 Dearborn.

STENOGRAPHERS — TWO EXPERIENCED; one Oliver, one S. P.; $8 to $10. Room 46, 92 La Salle-st.

Miscellaneous.

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Gen'l office, exp. and A1 at figures.....$6 to 7
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North Side.

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South Side.

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TO RENT—6118 MONROE-AV., 3D FLOOR—2 newly furnished rooms.

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TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, S. HEAT. 2242 Wabash-av., Flat 4, 2d floor.

TO RENT—PLEASANT FURNISHED FRONT and other rooms. 2118 Michigan-av.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, $1, $1.25, $2 weekly. 3136 Forest-av.

TO RENT—2000 MICHIGAN-AV., ROOMS, SINgle and en suite; bath; phone 7351 Calumet.

TO RENT—4306 OAKENWALD-AV., FLAT K, single steam heated room, near I. C. station.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, ALL CONVENlences, gentlemen. 6116 Greenwood-av., 3d flat.

TO RENT—DESIRABLE ROOMS, STEAM, PRIvate; block S. S. L. 1071 E. 56th-st., 3d flat, left.

TO RENT—ROOMS; STEAM, HOT WATER; ¼ blk. from elevated. 6060 Indiana-av., 2d flat.

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TO RENT—1710 MICHIGAN-AV., FURNISHED rooms, suitable for gentlemen; steam.

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TO RENT—4832 INDIANA-AV., 3D FLAT; ELEgantly furnished front suite, other rooms; steam.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, STEAM heat; reasonable. Flat 4, 3013 Prairie-av.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED WARM rooms, $1.50 up. Call 1803 Indiana-av.

TO RENT—3020 MICHIGAN-AV., BEAUTIFULly furnished room; heat, running water; private.

TO RENT—3341 INDIANA-AV., 2 NEATLY FURnished rooms; housekeeping; no children.

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TO RENT—ROOMS.

South Side.

TO RENT—HOTEL MICHIGAN-AV. AND 22D-ST., LEXington Hotel, fireproof, high grade, a few rooms at $5, $6, $7 per week each and up; rooms have hot and cold water with private baths, $10.50 per week and up; clothes closet, electric light, finely furnished; prompt bell service; gentlemen's bathrooms on each floor; no extra charge; ladies' and gentlemen's new, popular priced restaurant. Long distance telephone in every room.

TO RENT—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED rooms; most desirable location in the city; especially suited for man and wife or two gentlemen; large private dressing room and bath attached; rooms overlooking Michigan-av.; also very desirable smaller room suitable for single gentleman; can be seen at any time. 1733 Michigan-av.

TO RENT—TO 2 GENTLEMEN WITH REFERences, handsomely furnished front suite, modern stone front steam heated residence; running hot, cold water; porcelain bath, telephone, all appointments modern; home, block from elevated station. Call today. 4239 Prairie-av.

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TO RENT—LARGE FRONT ROOM, BEDROOM adjoining; 2d flat, steam heat; newly furnished; 1¼ blocks to Alley L; board if desired; reasonable to permanent occupant. 4332 Indiana-av.

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TO RENT—SOUTH SIDE, NEWLY FURNISHED room; outside light, steam heat, bath, and telephone; refs. required. 3233 Indiana-av., 3d flat.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS; ALL conveniences; private family; 2 blocks L, one from Indiana-av. 4422 Prairie-av., 3d flat.

TO RENT—6246 PRAIRIE-AV., FLAT 1, LARGE light rooms, furnished, modern; Alley L and Indiana.

TO RENT—2336 MICHIGAN-AV., HANDSOMELY furnished rooms; cozy, heated, phone, bath; modern conveniences.

TO RENT—HOTEL LENOX, 299 S. CLARK-ST., fine newly furnished rooms with steam heat, $2 a week and upwards.

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West Side.

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North Side.

TO RENT—TO GENTLEMEN ONLY—WELL furnished and cared for rooms, steam heated; one large suite on second floor, front, for two gentlemen, consisting of parlor, large bedroom, large couch, bookcase, desk, etc.; porcelain bath; also single room, with every modern convenience; in easy walking distance of business district; light breakfast served if desired; reasonable prices; references required. MRS. BARTON, 364 E. Ontario-st.

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TO RENT—FINE FURNISHED ROOM FOR A gent; sunny; superior neighborhood; near Evanston-av. 1065 Sheridan-road.

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TO RENT—FRONT ROOM, RUSH, NEAR SUperior; house; bath; quiet; gentleman; reference, $3.50 week; evenings. Telephone White 256.

TO RENT—DESIRABLE FURNISHED ROOMS in strictly private family; near corner of Division-st. Address O 159, Tribune office.

TO RENT—304 N. STATE-ST., D. 3 IRVING, 2d floor, front room, nicely furnished; steam.

TO RENT—TWO UNFURNISHED ROOMS, AT 433 Center-st., opposite Lincoln Park.

TO RENT—FURNISHED, NICE LARGE ROOM; steam heat; single or double. 267 Oak-st.

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TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS; STEAM, bath, walking distance. 263 E. Illinois-st., flat 8.

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TO RENT—284 RUSH-ST., 1ST FLAT, FURnished front room, on corner.

TO RENT—281 LA SALLE-AV., FLAT J—NICEly furn. room; modern; walking distance.

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TO

STRUMENTS.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE — AT ONCE — THE FOLLOWING pieces of property:
50 ft. north front, Madison-st., near St. Louis-av.; $4,000.
50 ft., Ogden-av., near Talman-av.; $2,000.
50 ft., Halsted-st., near 43th-st., west front; $4,000.
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50 ft., 69th-st., near Kimbark-av.; $1,000.
Will sell any or all these pieces at absolute sacrifice for cash; make offer. Address X W 176, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—FROM NOW TO JAN. 1 WE WILL be able to offer exceedingly attractive prices to those who want to build a home; prices higher after we furnish plans, money, and build complete, one price. R. A. PADDOCK & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—IMPROVED & VACANT—TO RENT Our list covers the entire city and is very complete. We would be pleased to give particulars. SOWES INVESTMENT CO., 108 La SALLE-ST.

FOR SALE—TRANSFER STORE, OFFICE, AND flat; corner (no heat); pays 16 per cent net on price. OWNER MUST SELL. REGELIN JENSON & CO., 105 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—BIG BARGAIN—$11,000 WILL BUY EQUITY IN MODERN 12 FLAT BUILDING; RENTS $3,108; MUST SELL AT ONCE. OWNER, 379 INVESTMENT, Z A 205, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—$32,000—RENTAL, $3,640; STORE and flat bldg., mtg., $15,000, 5%; part trade for equity. HOLTON, SEEYLE & CO., 204 Dearborn.

FOR SALE—FINE RESIDENCE PROPERTY, improved or vacant, on Boulevards and Avenues. WILLIAM H. MOONEY, 1008, 142 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—BUY ACRES NOW; CITY ACRES, northwest; $250 up; best, conservative investment. KOESTER & ZANDER, 69 Dearborn-st.

SOUTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—SPECIAL BARGAIN—
KENWOOD RESIDENCE.
$22,500 PROPERTY FOR $15,500.
HANDSOME GRAYSTONE MODERN HOUSE, CONTAINS 12 ROOMS AND 3 BATHROOMS; 2 BLOCKS FROM 47TH-ST. DEPOT.
Costly and beautiful interior; one of the most compact and thoroughly modern homes in Kenwood. Write for our handsomely illustrated booklet, showing exterior and interior views of the house.
W. K. YOUNG & BRO., 204 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—THE VACANT TRACT ON THE lake shore bounded north by 67th-st. and Jackson Park, west by Yates-av., south by 71st-st., and east by Lake Michigan, containing, as surveyed and platented by the government of the United States, sixty-nine and fifty-one hundredths acres. For terms apply to WINSTON & CO., 301 Tacoma Bldg., Chicago, or to E. W. WILLARD, Owner, at Newport, R. I.

FOR SALE—NEW RESIDENCE, BRICK AND stone, in exclusive Hyde Park district; three stories and basement, thoroughly modern; will sell for small amount cash and monthly payments not exceeding fair rental; you cannot duplicate this on the South Side. Apply at northeast corner 52d and Ellis-av.

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Modern 2 story stone front residence; hardwood trim and floors, concrete cellar, open plumbing; hot and cold water.
PRICE, $4,950.
Can arrange terms.
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W. H. BOWERS & CO.,
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SOCIETY MEETINGS.

APOLLO COMMANDERY NO. 1, K. T., asylum, 78 Monroe-st.—Sir Knights are requested to assemble at the asylum Tuesday, Dec. 1, 1903, at 7 p. m. sharp, for business and drill.
C. P. WOODCOCK, Commander.
HY S. TIFFANY, Acting Recorder.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1903.

DEMOCRACY AND ENDOWMENTS.

Shakspeare had no endowment fund. He made "Hamlet" pay. In his old age he bought a piece of property with the proceeds of his commercialization of the stage.

Today in Chicago the dramatic critics are vainly attempting to scourge a reluctant public to see Stephen Phillips' "Ulysses." "Ulysses" is probably the noblest essay in literature that will be seen on the stage this year. "When in doubt consult the box office," said Chicago's apostle of culture and master of slang. "Ulysses" has consulted the box office. As in New York, so in Chicago, it has been a financial fiasco.

What say the elect? The elite, of course, say nothing. They are quite satisfied with the present footless, if not legless, attempts at comic opera. But what say the elect? Why, as usual, "give us an endowed theater; then the profane vulgar will no longer pull dramatic literature down to their own swinish level; then under our intelligent guidance the stage will be elevated without a stop to the nineteenth floor."

In other words, as literature was fostered in former ages by the patronage of individuals, so let it be fostered now by endowment funds. The noble patron will be superseded by the trustees of the endowment fund investments. The literary predilections of one man will give way to the literary predilections of a group of men. In either case democracy will be balked.

Democracy had hoped that literature would pass from the control of the one and of the few, and that, drawing new nourishment through innumerable mouths from the variegated democratic life of the time, it would place itself on the solid, genuine, unsubsidized pedestal of popular favor. Is democracy to see its hopes falsified?

Of course, if some amiable millionaire chooses to found a theater in which plays of a certain kind will be presented he is acting within his rights, and his theater may prove to be an exceedingly interesting place. It may even become an exceedingly desirable and delightful place. It may lend variety to the situation. But a democracy must have democratic literature or no literature worth speaking of at all, and the idea that an endowed theater, operated by a coterie of cultivated people, will ever produce a democratic literature is a contradiction in terms. An endowed theater preserves. It does not create. Least of all, since it will be in the hands of the ultra-conservative, can it ever produce a literature of progress. Painful though the prospect may be, we must expect the plays of the new age to be produced like Shakspeare's plays, in response to an effective public demand.

For the preservation of plays that are caviare to the general, an endowed theater. For the production of plays that really reflect the age, a free theater. Perhaps we need both kinds, but a free theater is to an endowed theater what a hothouse is to cold storage.

THE POSTOFFICE FRAUDS.

It appears from the report of Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow that the frauds he has investigated and laid bare began in 1893 and went on undiscovered and unchecked until early in this year. This is the most startling and unpleasant feature of the case. It has been the belief that there were so many checks and counter checks in the postoffice and other departments, the result of a hundred years' experience, as to make continuous frauds an impossibility. That belief has been rudely shaken by recent disclosures. Mr. Bristow says more checks are needed, but that what is needed most of all is "honest, intelligent, and vigorous administration."

The president in his memorandum advises some new legislation. He thinks the statute of limitations in the case of dishonest public servants should be extended from three years to five. The change certainly should be made if frauds can remain undetected for nine years. The prime need, however, says the president, is not new legislation. Changes are being made in the method of inspection in the postoffice department by which the chance of corruption existing without discovery will be minimized.

Close and constant inspection by capable and honest men. That is what is needed to prevent the recurrence of frauds which have cost the government and the people so much. The dishonest postoffice officials may have pocketed between $300,000 and $400,000, while the government has been cheated out of a much larger sum, and the "get rich quick" swindlers who were allowed to use the mails got millions out of the people. As the president puts it, "criminals whom it was the sworn duty of government officials to prosecute paid them for permission to fleece the public unmolested."

Precautions against future rascality will be taken. There will be greater care in making appointments and appointees will be more closely watched. As for the men who have been indicted, they will be prosecuted relentlessly and, if convicted, need have no hope of executive clemency. The president has let it be known that "no crime calls for sterner reprobation than the crime of the corruptionist in public life and of the man who seeks to corrupt him."

A BLOW AT ELECTION FRAUDS.

Ald. Brennan of the Eighteenth ward and two of his political followers have been found guilty of a violation of the election law by a jury which the defense admits was "intelligent and attentive." It is not likely that a verdict returned by such a jury before as competent a judge as Judge Gary will be set aside.

The mildest penalty which can be imposed on the convicted men is three months in the county jail and the severest twelve months. Those who have a keen sense of the gravity of offenses against the ballot box and who have been exasperated by the frequency of such offenses in Chicago and the infrequency of their punishment may be inclined at first to look on a jail sentence as inadequate. It does not, indeed, mean much to the two minor offenders, but it means a good deal to Ald. Brennan.

As the offense he has been found guilty of is a misdemeanor, not a felony, he may not be disqualified for a seat in the council, but it may not be easy for him to get re-elected or to retain his position of ward boss. Abler and stronger men than he is have lost their political influence by reason of a simple jail sentence. There is a popular disinclination to accept as a leader, even on a small scale, a man who has been behind the bars.

The verdict is gratifying because the few men who have been found guilty in the past of election frauds have been subordinates, not principals—the small fellows who obeyed orders and not the big fellows who gave the orders and planned the frauds. At last a principal has been reached, and his fate may make other organizers of fraud feel that that business is a risky one.

The Eighteenth ward, because of its large lodging house population, is the one where the most fraudulent voting has been done. It has been carried on there for years on a grand scale. At the judicial election in Ald. Brennan's precinct fraudulent votes were cast as follows:

Dead men voted	2
Nonresident voters voted	55
Registered voters who did not vote, but whose names were voted	8
Voters impossable to trace by canvass, but who were voted	42
Voted illegally by affidavit	11
Said to have been in lodging houses, but not recorded as having been there	46
Voted from lodging houses where they had never lived	35

Frauds to the same extent committed in many precincts of the ward might easily change the result in a close election and put in city, county, state, or even national offices men who were not entitled to them. Frauds in one small New York community lost Mr. Blaine the presidency.

Surely the conviction of Ald. Brennan, which may be followed by the conviction of some indicted election officials in his ward, will work at least a partial reformation. There will continue to be hundreds of men in the ward who will be willing to cast illegal votes if paid for it, but the "fine workers," whose underlings lay out voting routes for repeaters and furnish them with the names they are to register and vote under, will not be so daring as they have been in the past.

THE PROPOSED OCEAN RACE.

It is now given out that the emperor of Germany has withdrawn the transatlantic racing trophy, not because of his throat ailment but because of the unpleasant wrangling between the New York Yacht club and the Atlantic Yacht club as to which organization shall have charge of the matter. When Sir Thomas Lipton first proposed the race he decided to present the trophy to the Atlantic Yacht club for the excellent reason that it has greatly encouraged and done much for ocean racing, while the New York Yacht club already has one trophy in its keeping which is likely to be there for all time to come unless that club makes some changes in its rules which will allow of something more closely resembling an actual race than has been witnessed during the Shamrock periods. When Mr. Lipton courteously withdrew in favor of the German emperor the latter decided that both clubs should have the cup in keeping instead of one.

This was the signal for trouble. The New York Yacht club at once opposed the other club as joint custodian. Evidently it regards itself as "the whole thing" in international racing and as custodian not only of the America cup but of all cups that may be offered as trophies for ocean racing. It has been successful in defending that cup against all comers in races between a single American and British yacht and it should be content with that. The race for which Sir Thomas Lipton and the emperor successively proposed to offer cups, if it comes off, will be open to yachts of all nations under rules radically different from and much fairer than those governing the America cup races. The New York club should not have charge of this race. As the Boston Herald says: "There is no good reason why the New York organization should set itself up as the controlling factor in all important international yachting contests." Because of its wealth and social standing it has ruled out all other clubs, but that is neither fair, nor just, nor sportsmanlike.

THE BURSTING OF A BUBBLE.

First of all, there was the George A. Fuller company of Illinois. It was a sound, money making concern. What money it made it earned by putting up buildings and not by floating stocks. But that kind of money did not "come easy enough," and so the Illinois company turned itself into the George A. Fuller Construction company of New Jersey, with a capital of $15,000,000. The change was marked by the injection of $10,000,000 into the capital stock account for "tools and good will." The tools were worth about $200,000, according to the company's own figures. Therefore, the "good will" was put down as worth $9,800,000.

Fifteen months after the New Jersey laws enabled the Fuller company of Illinois to swell itself into the Fuller Construction company of New Jersey a still more startling metamorphosis took place. The construction company joined with the New York Realty corporation, and the two together became known under the single sonorous name of the United States Realty and Construction company, with a capital of $66,000,000. The Fuller Construction company exchanged its $15,000,000 of capital stock (two-thirds of which was already water) for $20,000,000 worth of stock in the new trust. The New York Realty corporation also received stock certificates for all it put into the pot, together with several large bags of water. The services of an underwriting syndicate were called in. But "the public did not take kindly to the securities." The public was getting wise. Until the great McKinley boom it had always been the professionals who got in early and cheap and got out early with much cash, while the public had been in the habit of getting in late and putting in much money and getting out late without any. For once the public was wise. It got out in time while the professionals staid in, "barking" vainly for gudgeons. When the innocents did not return the professionals began to unload on each other.

In order to keep up public "confidence," the company paid dividends which it hadn't earned, "profits," as the balance sheet showed, from "buildings in progress," and also from "estimated increase in value of investments still held." That was capitalizing the future with a vengeance. Such high financing could not last. The underwriting syndicate was dissolved in September of this year with a loss of $5,000,000 out of its $11,000,000. The issued stock of the building trust—$60,209,100—has shrunk into a current value of $9,540,274. The water has been squeezed out. If the public had been in the company, as was designed, it would have been squeezed out along with the water.

What is the moral? Publicity. It would prevent the public from being gulled, and it would also prevent respectable business men from going off on these disgraceful plain water sprees. It would reveal the rotten places in unsound corporations, but healthy concerns would thrive in the light, just as the national banks thrive under the controller's benignant supervision.

SCHOOLS of crime, oddly enough, are generally night schools.

COLOMBIA'S second thought in the matter of the canal looks too much like an afterthought.

UNCLE JOE CANNON'S only trouble in his new job will be the paring down of his redundant vocabulary.

MR. ROCKEFELLER has schooled himself to bear with fortitude anything that Miss Ida Tarbell may write about him, but he was hardly prepared for that last magazine portrait of him.

THERE is a new method of "shaving without a razor." You smear your face with a lathery mixture, and when you rub the lather off the beard comes with it. The skin may come off at the same time, but that is merely incidental. The main object is to get the beard off.

THE people of Chicago ought to have something to say as to the improvement of the Lake Front park, but they appear to have no effective way of saying it.

IN the competition for the championship in the murder confessing line the man at Greensburg, Pa., who claims a record of eighteen killings, is slightly ahead.

ALD. BRENNAN looks upon the verdict of the jury as a campaign lie, circulated for political effect.

PITTSBURG is on the eve of a street car strike. It will be a peaceable affair. Mr. Mahon has gone to take charge of it.

THE Supreme court of Missouri has decided that the sunflower is a weed. Kansas may retaliate by staying away from the world's fair next year.

IN A MINOR KEY.

Cause for Alarm.

Anxious Mother—"Doctor, I am uneasy about my boy."

Doctor—"What seems to be the trouble, madam?"

Anxious Mother—"I don't know. It's his symptoms that scare me. He has lost his appetite. He only wants three meals a day now!"

Too Often.

Mrs. Upmore (lowering her voice)—"But we mustn't talk quite so loud about our troubles with hired girls."

Caller—"You believe 'walls have ears,' do you?"

Mrs. Upmore—"No, but keyholes have."

Side Lights on History.

"Have you ever had any attacks on your life?" asked the young man with the notebook.

"Not yet," replied Dr. Samuel Johnson, musingly, "but I believe Boswell is about to attack it."

Here the great man, observing that he had spilled a spoonful of the soup over his shirt front, drank the rest of it out of the bowl in a series of loud gulps.

Such a Pity.

Upgardson—"The melancholy thing about these bandits that have been doing so much murdering and robbing is that they are hardly more than boys."

Atom—"That's so. Think what a name they might have made for themselves if they had been let alone a few years longer."

Hoped Otherwise.

Philanthropic Caller—"Uncle, have you lived in this little cabin all your life?"

Uncle Eph'm—"'Deed, no, boss. Ise hopin' t' live hyar a good many mo' yeahs yit."

Reaction.

"Wimmick, now are you getting along with the insurance company? You told me a few weeks ago they had cut down your salary because you failed to get a couple of prominent men for $10,000 apiece that you'd been after for more than a month."

"It's all right, Huggins. Those two fellows have since died, and the company raised my salary again as soon as they heard of it."

C. W. T.

PERSONAL.

Prince Kinsky of Austria was thrown from his horse and fatally injured recently while fox hunting.

Theodore C. Hinckley of St. Louis, appointed district attorney of Manila, is 23 years of age.

C. W. Cotton, aged 77, is the oldest reporter in the country. He works on a New Albany (Ind.) paper.

A monument is to be erected at Newark, N. J., to the memory of Thomas Dunn English, author of "Ben Bolt."

C. W. Winchester, A. M., D. D., of Buffalo, will assume the presidency of Taylor university at Upland on Jan. 1.

Wilhelm von Polenz, noted German traveler, who wrote a book with the title "America, the Land of the Future," is dead.

Surgeon G. F. Freeman, U. S. N., has been ordered to Guam, where he will have charge of sanitary reforms begun there.

The archbishop of York and the archbishop of Canterbury celebrated their silver weddings on the same day recently.

Senator Chauncey M. Depew will formally open the dinner season at Washington by entertaining Senator T. C. Platt and bride.

Camille Pissarro, famous French impressionist painter, and one of the pioneers in that movement, died in Paris the other day.

Rear Admiral Carlo Mirabello, commanding the Italian Asiatic squadron, has been appointed minister of marine in the new cabinet.

Col. George B. McClellan will speak at the annual banquet of the Princeton Club of Western Pennsylvania in New York in March next.

Arthur Duffy, American intercollegiate and international champion sprinter, has a collection of medals of which any athlete might be proud.

L. N. Parent, premier of Quebec, will resign soon to accept the chairmanship of the commission to build the government section of the new transcontinental railroad.

Senator Quay has some Indian blood in his veins. This is why, it is said, he takes such an interest in the affairs of Oklahoma and Indian territory. He is regarded by the Delaware tribe as one of themselves.

Gov. Bates of Massachusetts officiated as proxy godfather at the christening of Letitia Marshall, great great granddaughter of Patrick Henry and grandniece of Chief Justice Marshall at Vicksburg during his recent trip south.

LETTER OF MARQUISE DE FONTENOY

Copyright: 1903: By the Marquise de Fontenoy.

THE princely and ducal house of Sulkowski seems destined to monopolize a considerable portion of the time of the tribunals of Austria, Hungary, and Germany, where its name has for one reason or another been on the trial list almost without interruption for the last quarter of a century. It is a family whose fortunes are not without interest to the American people. For several years its members were born in this country, at a place called New Bremen, in Illinois. One of the leading members of a Shaker community which flourished there three or four decades ago was an eccentric old German nobleman of the name of Prince Louis Sulkowski, duke of Bielitz, who migrated thither with his second wife, a woman of the name of Gempe'le. He was one of the wealthiest members of the European aristocracy, his Hungarian estates alone yielding him an annual revenue of $3,000,000, and he owned the entire town of Bielitz, a trading center of eastern Austria, with a population of about 30,000. At least four of the old duke's children have been born in this country, and are, consequently, although German princes and princesses, entitled to citizenship of the United States.

Prince Joseph, the eldest son and present chief of the family and duke of Bielitz, is one of the most extraordinary characters of the European nobility. His first wife was his sister's governess, a woman of the name of Victoria Lehman, whom he persuaded to elope with him and to marry him for the avowed purpose of exasperating his father, the ex-Shaker. His amiable intentions were crowned with success. The old gentleman died of a fit of apoplexy on hearing that the wedding had taken place. Having come into the possession of his father's titles and estates, the duke decided that he had no further use for the ex-governess, and divorced her, after settling $10,000 a year upon her. He then set to work to seek another partner, and commenced traveling from one end of Europe to the other, attended by the most extraordinary retinue, comprising secretaries, chamberlain, cooks, servants, a band of musicians, several female acrobats, a cage full of monkeys, two full grown lions, several danseuses, etc. Of course this enormous suite necessitated the use not alone of one special train but frequently of two, while he was usually obliged to hire the entire hotel.

In course of time he married one of his ballerinas, named Ida Jaeger, first in Switzerland and subsequently at Bonn. The union resulted in the birth of a little daughter, who received the name of Ida, like her mother, and then, as the duke commenced to show signs of becoming tired of his wife, and there were indications that he would subject her to the same treatment as the ex-governess, she had him put in the famous lunatic asylum at Doebling, near Vienna—not a difficult job, as it was pretty generally acknowledged that, to use a French expression, there was a big spider at work spinning cobwebs in his upper story.

In the lunatic asylum he remained for the space of three years, during which time there were lawsuits by the score in which his name figured. To begin with, his half-brothers and half-sisters, some born in Illinois and some in Austria, while agreeing that he was in every sense of the word fit for a lunatic asylum, insisted that the duchess had no right to have control of his fortune while he was under restraint. They took the ground that she was not legally his wife, owing to the alleged invalidity of the divorce from his first consort, now dead. This was, however, decided in her favor, and the courts declared that she was his lawful wife, and as such entitled to the administration of his estates while he was demented. Eventually he escaped from the asylum, with the help of a woman of the name of Charlotte Friedlander, who subsequently sued him for $30,000 for her assistance in the matter. He made his way to Germany, where he assumed the seat in the Prussian house of lords which was his by inheritance, and then, on the strength thereof, secured a decree from the Prussian tribunals to the effect that he was sane, the courts naturally being reluctant to pronounce mad a member of the most august moiety of their national legislature. So at present he remains legally a lunatic in Austria, while a perfectly sane member of the house of lords in Prussia. The Prussian courts likewise helped him to get a divorce from his wife, which does not, however, receive recognition in Austria, and, inasmuch as the tribunals of the latter country consider him both insane and still married, they have, at the request of his wife, the ex-ballerina, confined the administration of all his immense property in the dominions of Emperor Francis Joseph to her lawyer, the Hungarian member of parliament, Dr. von Taganyi.

Two years ago the latter married the young daughter of his client and of Duke Joseph Sulkowski. But the union has not proved a success, and within the last few weeks the young wife has secured from the Hungarian courts not merely a divorce from her husband but likewise the permission to resume her maiden name of Princess Sulkowski. Her ex-husband is now called upon to repay to his former wife the large dowry which as trustee of the Sulkowski property in Austria-Hungary he assigned to himself when he married her, and the young princess' mother, the ex-danseuse, who makes her home in the magnificent château of Feistritz in lower Austria, has commenced proceedings in order to deprive her former son-in-law of his trusteeship of the property and also to force him to an accounting.

The count de Greffulhe, who has just been defeated in his attempt to secure election to the senate for the department of Seine et Marne, is the great-grandson of a peddler of Cevennes, who came to Paris at the time of the great revolution, where he made a fortune, and became during the early days of the empire one of the leading financiers. Realizing earlier than most people the wane of the Napoleonic régime, he turned his eyes in the direction of the Bourbons and became one of the most generous backers in a monetary sense of King Louis XVIII. while the latter was still in exile.

After the restoration Louis recompensed the services thus rendered by the ex-peddler by creating him a peer and investing him with the title of count. He married a Mlle. de Vintimille, the daughter of one of the great nobles entirely ruined by the revolution, and lived to see his eldest son marry into the De la Rochefoucauld family, leaving at his death an enormous fortune to his son Henry, who was the principal banker of King Louis Philippe, and managed all of the latter's colossal operations on the stock exchange of Paris and of other European capitals. For this most thrifty and crafty of old world monarchs was in the habit of running his government so as to accord with his stock exchange transactions, and having of course always in advance all official news calculated to affect the bourse was able to turn a pretty penny.

The present count de Greffulhe, while he still remains the friend of the house of Orleans, has, like so many other nobles possessed of large interests in France, become "rallie" to the republic—that is to say, has given his allegiance to the present government until something better turns up. He saw much of Felix Faure when the latter was president, and at his house in Paris and at his splendid château of Bois Boudran royalists, imperialists, and members of the present government meet on a common ground. He is one of the pillars of the turf, a friend of the Grand Duke Vladimir of Russia and of the king of Portugal, is a member of the Jockey club, and is married to one of the most fascinating and brilliant women in Paris, by birth a comtesse de Caraman Chimay, who is one of the most fervent admirers of Wagner, and with her friend, Countess Walkenstein, so long Austrian ambassadress at Paris, has done much to popularize the works of the great German composer in France, where formerly they were hissed off the stage.

Lucky for the Pilgrims.

The pilgrim fathers were about to land.

"How lucky," they exclaimed, "that there aren't any customs duties!"

Hereupon they disembarked from one to two million original pieces of furniture that came over in the Mayflower.—New York Sun.

Reason Enough.

"Gracious!" exclaimed the guinea fowl, "look at the way that dog is behaving. He must be mad."

"Perhaps there's a reason for it," suggested the wise house cat. "Maybe he's the dog they try all these new plays on."—Philadelphia Press.

A LINE-O'-TYPE OR TWO.

Another American Peril.

London Truth suggests that a protective tariff be imposed upon all matrimonial importations of American heiresses.

Our girls—they formerly were mild
Apologetic creatures—
As harmless as a little child—
With soothing, gentle features.
They used to be described as meek
As any dove, and fairer—
Alas! That Londoners should speak
Of them as England's terror!

Why should the Britons tremble thus
If heiresses are willing
To have the coin they take from us
Reduced to pound and shilling?
When one has pledged her hand and heart
It certainly seems cruel
To tax her as a work of art
Or possibly a jewel.

'Tis better for the noblemen
Whom obligations nettle
To find a moneyed maid, and then
To marry her, and settle.
What? Shall a barring tariff fall
On her who gives her boodle
For building the ancestral hall
And paying henchmen feudal?

Must bankrupt duke or noble earl
Whose debts impoverish him
Give up some pretty Yankee girl
Because the tax would dish him?
The tariff problem thus devised
Is a pons asinorum—
Shall she be taxed for what she buys,
Or simply ad valorem?

True hearts are more than coronets
And faith serene and simple
Than Norman blood, to him who gets
The dollars with the dimple.
But, pshaw! No subtle diplomat
Has power of persuasion
Or threat of heavy duties that
Will stop the girls' invasion.

CAPT. HOBSON will not be happy until we have a $2,750,000,000 navy. With a navy worth that much we would never think of expense in sinking a Merrimac or two.

PRINCETON is "not excited" over the rumor that Mr. Carnegie is going to give it a lake. It knows it will not get all the water that was squeezed out of the steel trust.

THE TSI ANN PROBLEM.

Pekin dispatches confirm the report that Empress Tsi Ann has purchased nine automobiles for her personal use. The question that arises is this: Is it as often to ride in nine automobiles at once as it would be to ride in one automobile nine times?

GEN. REYES says he is going to offer this country the Panama canal route for nothing. In an old, old magazine there is this moral tale:

"What are eggs worth today?" asked the customer.

"Thirty cents," answered the grocer.

"But Brown is selling them for 15 cents."

"Then why don't you buy them from Brown?"

"He hasn't any."

"Huh! If I didn't have any eggs I'd sell 'em for 10 cents."

CASUAL observation of a number of sermons induces the belief that a great many preachers did nothing on Thanksgiving day except think about what people should not do on that date.

AT least, Ida M. Tarbell has forestalled a whole lot of future historical novelists.

THE democratic party has one ex-president and no next president up to the hour of going to press.

HAD TO DISSIMULATE.

A damsel who vowed that athletics
Were better than all the cosmetics,
Discovered the truth
That no manly youth
Would woo till she talked of esthetics.

SO far Neidermeier has managed to avoid getting his dates and his confessions mixed.

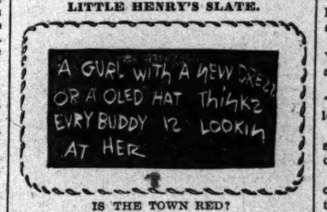
PRECEPTS FOR THE YOUNG.

When you are invited out to dine,
Be sure your cheeks with cleanness shine;
Do not ask for a second help,
Nor with ill mannered laughter yelp;
When elders tell an ancient joke
Coax up a smile, although you choke.

Don't rest your elbows on the cloth,
Nor overturn your bowl of broth.
Again we urge, of meat or pie
Do not request a new supply—
Not even underneath your breath.
Don't ask it, though you starve to death.

THE Zion City depositors are assured that they will have a run for their money, which is better than spending it in Wall street.

LITTLE HENRY'S SLATE.



IS THE TOWN RED?

M. Huth of Horicon brought a load of beer to town Friday.—Hustiford correspondence Neosho (Wis.) Journal.

ON THE DEEP.

"I hear a small sea urchin cry,"
Said little Tommie Gunn.
"Ah, yes," his father made reply,
"They're whaling him, my son."

"What need have folks of telescopes,"
Asked Tommie, "on the ships?"
His father said: "They hope to see
The moonfish in eclipse."

SIGNS OF THE TIMES.

The janitor smiles in the friendliest way
And asks if there's anything else he can do;
The postman was pleasant when he came today—
He said: "I am glad when I have mail for you."
The cook says she doesn't want afternoons out,
And "What are your favorite dishes?" she'll say.
It's hard to decide what they're thinking about—
But Christmas is something like three weeks away.

The boy with the papers comes early at last,
And tucks them securely against the front door;
The grocer's boy brings us our orders so fast
We cannot believe it was at him we swore;
The officer, too, who is watch of our street
Assures us he's eying our house night and day
And never a burglar can work his beat—
Well, Christmas is something like three weeks away.

The office boy begs for some errands to run;
Old friends write us letters from places afar;
The waiter inquires if our steak is well done,
And "if it's not right, then the chef gets a jar."
The grim elevator boy—O, what a change!
'Tis we who give orders, 'tis he must obey!
Yes, everyone's pleasant—and isn't it strange
When Christmas is something like three weeks away?

W. D.

POEMS YOU OUGHT TO KNOW.

Whatever your occupation may be, and however crowded your hours with affairs, do not fail to secure at least a few minutes every day for refreshment of your inner life with a bit of poetry.—Prof. Charles Eliot Norton.

THE NEVERMORE.

BY DANTE GABRIEL ROSSETTI.

LOOK in my face; my name is Might Have Been;
I am also called No More, Too Late, Farewell;
Unto thine ear I hold the dead seashell
Cast up thy Life's foam-crested feet between;
Unto thine eyes the glass where that is seen
Which had Life's form and Love's, but by my spell
Is now a shaken shadow intolerable,
Of ultimate things unuttered the frail screen.

Mark me, how still I am! But should there dart
One moment through my soul the soft surprise
Of that winged Peace which lills the breath of sighs,
Then shalt thou see me smile, and turn apart
Thy visage to mine ambush at thy heart
Sleepless with cold, commemorative eyes.

TUESDAY, DEC. 1, 1903.

DO YOU REMEMBER THAT—

ONE HUNDRED YEARS AGO TODAY:

English citizens were frightened by reports that 12,000 vessels were building and 800,000 Frenchmen under arms ready for an invasion of their island.

FIFTY YEARS AGO TODAY:

Over 65,000 bushels of grain were reported to have been shipped from Milwaukee, Wis., in thirty-six hours, of which 14,000 were for flour mills at Cleveland.

FORTY YEARS AGO TODAY:

President Lincoln was attacked by a mild form of smallpox, business at the White house being transacted practically under quarantine.

THIRTY YEARS AGO TODAY:

James G. Blaine was re-elected speaker of the national house of representatives, and Alexander H. Stephens, former vice president of the confederacy, was sworn in as congressman from Georgia.

TWENTY YEARS AGO TODAY:

John G. Carlisle was nominated by the democratic caucus for speaker of the national house of representatives.

TEN YEARS AGO TODAY:

Admiral Mello, commander of the Brazilian revolutionist fleet, succeeded in forcing his flagship past the Rio Janeiro forts after a sharp engagement and escaping to the open sea.

Caught in the Crowd

MR. JOSEPH HOPKINS had spent fifty successful years in keeping out of the limelight of publicity. He is a lawyer, and, at the same time, a most modest and retiring person—strange as that combination may appear.

The other morning an item appeared in the papers announcing that a highway robber named Joseph Hopkins had been arrested, charged with a series of crimes. Three friends of Joseph Hopkins, the lawyer, took advantage of this announcement to form a conspiracy against his peace of mind.

One of the conspirators was on familiar terms with the city editor of an afternoon newspaper. Through this friend arrangements were made for the sending of a reporter to interview Mr. Joseph Hopkins in his law office.

"Mr. Joseph Hopkins?" queries the reporter.

"Yes, sir."

"I am a reporter for the ——. What have you to say about this clipping?"

The item announcing the arrest of Joseph Hopkins on a charge of highway robbery was laid on the lawyer's desk.

"What do you expect me to say about that?" asked Mr. Hopkins. "That clipping doesn't interest me in the least."

"Then you deny it?" asked the reporter, who had been carefully coached.

"Deny it?" cried Mr. Hopkins, rising to his feet. "Were you sent here to insult me, sir?"

"Not at all, Mr. Hopkins, not at all, sir. We will be glad to print your denial and also would like to publish your photograph."

"My photograph!" groaned Mr. Hopkins. "My photograph! I'll have to ask you to leave my office, sir."

"Well, sir," concluded the reporter, "we shall be obliged, then, to use the old picture of you we have in our library."

Just as the psuedo reporter went out one of the conspirators, who had just come from the newspaper office, came into Mr. Hopkins' private room.

"There was a reporter from the —— just here," said Mr. Hopkins. "He threatens to print my photograph in connection with some cheap highway robbery. It's an outrage that one has no protection against that sort of thing."

"You'd better come over to the newspaper office with me," said the conspirator. "I know the city editor, and I think we can arrange it with him."

The conspirator had already "arranged it" with the city editor.

Mr. Hopkins and the conspirator called at the newspaper office. The city editor was sorry, but he couldn't suppress the story. And if Mr. Hopkins would give them his photograph he would be glad to use it, but, of course——"

That was the last straw. The usually mild Hopkins jumped from his chair, stormed, raved, threatened! He defied them to print his photograph.

"If you feel that way about it, Mr. Hopkins," said the city editor, "we'll take your photograph right now."

The city editor pressed a signal. There was a sudden and terrifying explosion of flash powder and the rapid click of a camera shutter.

"We're always ready to take a man's picture up here," said the city editor, as a door opened and a dozen stalwart men stepped into the room. "I'll bid you good afternoon, Mr. Hopkins."

Of course there was never a word printed about the story. Of course there had never been the slightest idea of printing the photograph. And equally, of course, Joseph Hopkins, Esq., watched every edition of that evening paper for a week and isn't aware, even yet, that somebody had put up a joke on him.

"It is the fighting spirit which wins football games, and the coach who knows how to develop that spirit is the coach who turns out a winning eleven.

"A great many people have been surprised at the fast and plucky team which Coach Walter McCornack developed at Northwestern out of a small squad of candidates and with the handicap of a succession of weak teams and nothing but defeats behind him.

"As an alumnus of Northwestern, interested in athletics, I went out to watch McCornack start his work, and, though this sounds like an 'I-told-you-so' story, I must say that I was not surprised at the good showing his men made.

"At one of the first meetings of the football squad for preliminary practice there was present one large and beefy individual in a brand new and spotless football uniform. McCornack watched the boys go through a scrimmage or two without saying anything. Then suddenly he rushed out on the field. The beefy man in the clean suit—which was still spotless—was sitting on the ground in close proximity to a large mud puddle.

"'Look here, you're too blamed careful of your clothes,' cried McCornack, as he grabbed the big man by the collar. With a sudden jerk he tipped the player over, and then, with a tremendous exhibition of energy, he dragged him twice through the mud puddle, once on his stomach and again on his back.

"'Now,' said McCornack, releasing his hold, 'get into the next play as if you meant business, and don't worry about getting dirt on your pants.'

"The big fellow's football suit was, of course, dripping with mud, and there was more or less mud on his face and in his hair. He was mad enough to do anything but lay his hands on the sacred person of the head coach—which was exactly the feeling the artful McCornack had started out to produce.

"The rest of the squad was laughing at the discomfiture of the embodiment of beef, and that also helped to rouse every ounce of fighting spirit in him. When the next play was called he went through the field like a mad bull on a rampage, and when the coach's whistle blew there were at least a dozen players who were just as mad as the man who had been inspired by the coach.

"There isn't any use in trying to disguise the fact that it is this fighting spirit—this do-or-die feeling—which wins football games. What distinguishes the football player from the barroom rough and tumble fighter is the fact the former plays fair, according to rules which are calculated to do away with unnecessary roughness and brutality.

"Every coach who develops a winning football eleven is forced to use methods similar to those so successfully adopted by McCornack. They are obliged to start out by making their men fighting mad. Some of them do it by publicly roasting the individual candidates before the rest of the squad.

"'Jones, you ought to be playing puny-in-the corner,' I heard one coach say to a big fellow who had not been especially active in a mass play. 'You know,' he went on, 'there is nothing like football to bring out a yellow streak.'

"All of Jones' colleagues laughed or smiled, while the player himself bit his lips, doubled his fists, and, when the next scrimmage came off, was dragged out of the center of it, with three men under him and the remainder piled on top. Incidentally he had the ball clutched in his arms.

"'That's more like it, Jonsey,' said the coach, and the big man was satisfied. Also he was determined that never again should anybody have even an excuse to suggest that he was a quitter.

"It is the spirit which fights to the death, which never knows when it is licked, which wins football games and most other battles in life."

A musical and literary entertainment had been arranged at the Garfield Park Congregational church. One of the features of the program was a bass solo by a physician prominent in that section of the city. The doctor, who is justly proud of his voice, had arranged to sing some simple little ballads.

He was introduced and got up to sing. The music began and at the proper place the doctor cut in with his deep, sonorous voice:

"'I remember, I remember,' he sang. Then he suddenly stopped and motioned to the musician to begin over again.

"'I remember, I remember,' rolled out in splendid volume. Then he stopped a second time.

The awful fact was that he couldn't remember. The rest of the words of that familiar song, which he had known by heart for twenty years, had utterly vanished from his mind. For the third time he sang "I remember, I remember," without going any farther. Then, amidst the laughter of his audience, he walked down to the piano and glanced at the words and music on the rack. After that it was easy enough—"The place where I was born" and all that follows it—but his three failures to remember after announcing so emphatically that he did so made easily the hit of the evening.

H. M. H.

THE ROUND TABLE

Against Arbitration of Labor Troubles.

Chicago, Nov. 25.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—My attention has been called today to your editorial commenting on my letter in reference to trade union holdups and the holdups of the highwayman. THE TRIBUNE'S ideas of trades unions and their tactics are akin, in a slightly higher degree, to those of the publication that issues an "extra every minute." The holdups of trades unions are identical with the tactics of the road agent, the burglar, etc. This was the point of my letter, and the same method of settlement should be applied to both. W. H. RICH.

Would our correspondent then have the members of a union which asks more wages sent to the penitentiary?

Discourage the Holdup Man.

Chicago, Nov. 30.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—About twenty-five years ago I was a resident of New York City and we had an epidemic of crime similar to the one now existing in Chicago. The state legislature passed a bill making it a twenty years' penalty for an attempted "holdup." Result: In a short time that class of transgressors had almost entirely disappeared. Now I would go further and make it a life sentence to any one who in the public streets, or on private property, pointed a gun and demanded money or valuables. The holdup man is a murderer to all intents and purposes, and should be held equally responsible for this act.

C. P. BROWN.

How to Catch Criminals.

Chicago, Nov. 28.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—Two deficiencies in tactical knowledge have been exhibited by the police in their late engagements.

The first during the recent strike, in the absence of mounted men when combating the rioting mob. I have been in two serious riots, in one of which many men were shot, and know the value of cavalry in street fighting. A mounted division would add greatly to the efficiency of the police force in such disturbances.

The other in the manner of attack. I have noticed many times that when officers have attempted to dislodge armed criminals who have taken refuge in a barn, house, or dugout, they invariably expose themselves to the bullets of their hidden foe.

The police should be supplied with some light kind of wagon or runabout, strong enough to chase over rough ground, and upon the back of which could be carried some material that would stop a bullet, such as a bale of hay or sand bags. Then upon approaching the spot protecting the desperadoes the horse could be unhitched, the wagon turned around and pushed forward as far as required. The men in the wagon would have secure cover and a commanding position. Such a plan would certainly have proved effective in the late engagement at the dugout. G. F. C.

Those City Ownership Demonstrations.

Chicago, Nov. 28.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—Those members of the council who are so fearful lest the foundation of our representative government be shaken by a demonstration in the council chambers of the popular will on the municipal ownership question should be reminded that only last spring our mayor, as well as two other would-be mayors, and several members of the present council (among others, Ald. Mayor, Foreman, and Bennett), all went down to Springfield, appeared before the state legislature, and in firm tones demanded of that body that they pass a bill giving the city of Chicago the power to take over its street car lines as rapidly as the then existing franchises expired. Before the fight on that bill was over the speaker of the house was forced to take the chair for attempting to block its way. There was even fistic combats in the assembly, and the local papers told bloody tales of the melee.

All this the result of the action of these men in forcing the issue before the state legislature!

Now, then, can these same men now consistently deny the chosen representatives of various local organizations that have been laboring in behalf of the same cause they themselves championed at Springfield, the privilege to appear before their own august body and demand that they continue the fight for municipal reform inaugurated last March? ALEXANDER HARRISON.

AMONG THE NEW BOOKS.

DISTINCTIVELY AN AMERICAN.

One of the Qualities Claimed for Whittier by George Rice Carpenter.

George Rice Carpenter in "WHITTIER," (American Men of Letters Series (Houghton, Mifflin & Co.), shows that the Quaker poet was distinctly an American man of letters. He portrays him as the poet of the common people of the New England of his period. This fact of itself is enough to make the book distinctive. Much more has been said of Whittier as a poet among New England poets, of Whittier as an abolitionist, a politician, a reformer, than of Whittier the writer of "Snow Bound," he who was "country born and country bred—a country man in education and sympathies."

Mr. Carpenter does not fail to consider any of the different phases of Whittier's self-expression. He expressly states that the main interest of the poet's life was politics rather than literature. But he writes of him particularly as "directly typical of his town and his district, and indirectly typical of all the country folk of his race and his nation who lived the same simple life, based on the old polity of the Puritan community." The following interesting comparison between Whittier's and Lowell's political verse is drawn. The former, a "peasant" himself, used the language which he had always heard and spoken, "a pure English speech with few dialectic peculiarities." The latter, on the other hand, brought up as a city man, and in a cultivated society, invented "a literary rustic dialect which no country man, if he used it at all, would have used when dealing with matters of importance." The result was that Whittier, the rustic, writing for rustics, was read by them, and influenced them widely in the north, while Lowell's political poems, artificial in form, found favor in city or literary circles. Yet the former, more effective at the time, were less lasting; it is Lowell's work which has passed into literature.

BACKGROUNDS OF LITERATURE.

Mr. Mabie Tells of the Influence of Environment.

"BACKGROUNDS OF LITERATURE," by Hamilton Wright Mabie (the Outlook company), is a beautiful giftbook, sumptuously bound, and with many charming and appropriate illustrations. The author has undertaken to show how certain great writers have been influenced by their environment. The subject affords occasion for a series of pleasant sketches, of Wordsworth against the background of the lake country, of Emerson and old Concord, of the land of Lorna Doone, of Goethe's surroundings at Weimar, of America as it appears in Whitman's poetry, and of the regions which inspired Washington Irving and Sir Walter Scott. Mr. Mabie has produced a book which will appeal to a wide circle of readers.

CALENDARS FOR 1904.

Some Quaint Productions of the Cornhill Press.

Alfred Bartlett of 69 Cornhill, Boston, who makes a feature of quaint little pamphlets and books, has published a number of calendars, etc. Among them is "THE CANTERBURY CALENDAR," a three-fold screen with illuminated Chaucerian pictures. Another is a "CALENDAR OF PRAYERS BY STEVENSON," a series of tied oblong sheets, decorated, and containing, besides the calendar, twelve of the private prayers of R. L. Stevenson. A third is called "THE SYMPHONY CALENDAR," though why is not shown. It also is decorated and bears thoughts in prose or verse from Thoreau, Du Maurier, Huxley, Emerson, Swing, Roosevelt, and others. Still another is a "STENCILED CALENDAR," the pictures in red and black, of domestic animals and fowl being made to represent stenciling. They are by Edward Penfield. Besides these there are some printed slips on "THE SEASONS," by Edwin Osgood Grover, and lastly, there is "A REMARKABLE ALMANAC," a quaint little book in imitation of the ancient almanacs, with wise saws, advice for farmers, verses, and imitation woodcut pictures.

SUNDAY NIGHT IN CHURCH.

A Clergyman's Plea for Better Sermons and Better Attendance.

The Rev. Wilbur Fletcher Sheridan, a Methodist clergyman, has published, through Jennings & Pye, a little book, "THE SUNDAY NIGHT SERVICE," at once a plea and a suggestion for a revival of interest and devotion on Sunday evening in the churches. He has evidently given much thought to the subject, and what he says must appeal both to clergymen and to the laity.

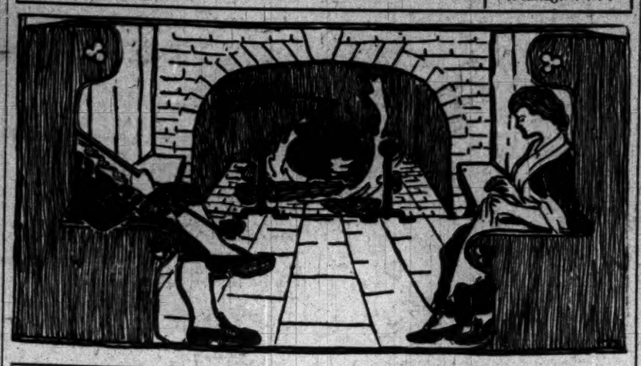
He says that in many creeds there is little pretense of keeping up the second service on Sunday, but he believes that it is the duty and function of the Methodists to revive interest and fill the churches. There is no excuse for a Methodist pastor to close his church on Sunday night. If John Wesley would preach two sermons a day for fifty years, surely, says Mr. Sheridan, we can preach two sermons a week. He makes many practical suggestions for Sunday night sermons, and he gives lists of sermons by others which have filled Methodist churches at such services. The book is earnest and helpful, and church workers will do well to read it.

Transportation of Today.

"Tube, Train, Tram, and Car, or Up to Date Locomotion," by Arthur H. Beavan, with many illustrations, is a volume of about 300 pages, written from an English, especially the London, point of view. And yet the whole subject of electrical locomotion is treated of, and that in a popular way. The age of power already is begun and electricity is predominantly that power. George Stephenson in 1825 predicted that his system, that of steam power, would supersede all other methods of transportation. Now the prediction is that throughout the world electrical traction is to supplant all other forms. (E. P. Dutton & Co.)

DOMESTIC SCIENCE

Conducted by the School of Domestic Arts and Science of Chicago. . . . .



"The most judicious use of money is to form for one's self, first of all, as pleasant and comfortable a home as is consistent with one's means. Money thus spent is money safely invested."—Edmond Demonlins.

Always arise from the table with an appetite
And you will never sit down without one.
—William Penn.

LESSON NO. 110—Versatility in Housekeeping.

O, hour of all hours, the most blessed upon earth,
Blessed hour of our dinners:
The land of his birth,
The face of his first love, the bill that he owes,
The twaddle of friends and the venom of foes,
The sermon he heard when to church he last went,
The money he borrowed, the money he spent—
All of these things a man, I believe, may forget,
And not be the worse for forgetting, but yet—
Never, never, O! never earth's luckiest sinner
Hath unpunished forgotten the hour of his dinner.

BUT, alas! in some cases the forgetting his dinner might be the least of his troubles. The dyspepsia that followed the eating would make him remember all "the ills that human flesh is heir to," and some others not scheduled. An old Scotch proverb says: "God sends meat and the devil sends cooks." Certainly there are cooks and cooks; some so-called for lack of another name by which to classify them.

Cooking is like greatness—some are born to it, some achieve it, and some have it thrust upon them.

In case of the former we speak of the woman as a born housekeeper; everything pertaining to her work is comparatively easy for her.

Some achieve through struggles with the butcher, the baker, the candlestick maker, but all—or nearly all—have it thrust upon them in some form during their pilgrimage through this vale of tears. And so all honor and "more power" to a school that will teach this most necessary part of business, for such it may and should be considered. A man as a rule expects to do one thing well in order to succeed in his business; more if he can, but the central thought must be mastered. A woman in her business must know a little of everything, from making a garden to educating her children. It makes one dizzy to think of the knowledge required to make the ideal home. And, thank heaven, our broad land is full of them. She must know how to buy, bake, and brew, scrub, wash, and sew, the relative values of fuels, and when to most economically lay in the supply; the preparing of fruit and vegetables in season for winter consumption. Some one has said of this work that they must eat what they can and can what they can't, so there shall be no waste; in short, she must have the entire care of every department of the home, and a knowledge that makes her wiser than Solomon in his day, who, fortunately for his reputation for wisdom, didn't have to wrestle with present conditions.

The household pets must be cared for, birds, cats, dogs, etc. It is really appalling to think how wise a woman needs to be. By all means let us help on the good work, so that our girls may be taught home making in the public and private schools, and graduate from them into a school of domestic arts, where they can take a post-graduate course in this most useful branch of education. Many wait until established in homes of their own, and find themselves at the mercy of ignorant servants or perhaps have to do the work themselves. And then as the "hour of fate," the dinner hour, approaches, they wonder if life is worth living. If the dinner is properly cooked and served, it a "blessed hour"; if not, not. Some one has said that poor cooking and indifferent home making have caused more crime than original sin. So that we may suppose that an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure. And therefore, in the interest of good citizenship, we should study domestic science in its every form. Certainly a knowledge of how to cook and serve a meal and make one's own clothes should be regarded as necessary in every girl's education, and should be a part of the curriculum of all schools. Then women would be equipped with a profession by which they could, if necessary, earn their living, but, still better, manage wisely their own homes.

MARY H. SHELDON.

Household Hints.

Laughing cheerfulness throws sunlight on all the paths of life.—Richter.

Cranberry Cleverness—

At the present day such a variety of fruits fill our market—products of foreign countries as well as those of our home land—that a housekeeper has great resources from which to draw and provide for her family, and there is so much reasonable in price, as well as wholesome, every one can be well supplied. There is one variety, however, which seems to an observer to be, perhaps, much used, but certainly much abused, and that is the good, wholesome cranberry.

Many people doubtless use them, but were their value known and the proper way to prepare them, they would be much more sought after and more frequently used.

The question, then, may arise, Why does not every one cook them properly? The best answer to this is to call attention to the way that cranberry sauce is served in our best hotels and restaurants, a well as homes.

A favorite way with many is to cook, sweeten a little, and strain, and serve a dish much resembling a tinted paste, with scarcely a vestige of the original fruit remaining. What a mixture!

At the next table they may be offered you cooked in a different way, but no better. Stewed with skins left in, and some sugar added, but, owing to the way they were cooked the skins are tough and the sauce an unpalatable dish.

Now for a recipe which has been used for several years without deviation, and given to many friends who have eaten them at my table. This was procured from the wife of a cranberry grower "away down east," on Cape Cod, the home of the cranberries.

Pick over the fruit, wash thoroughly (as the fruit grows on the ground instead of on bushes, as many unacquainted with it now believe), and cover well with cold water in your preserving kettle. Let them come almost to boiling point, then turn your gas low, add sugar, and cook slowly for a long time, stirring occasionally, but not too often, as that would break them in pieces. The sugar must be generously used, in about same quantity as of fruit. Do not be afraid of "wasting your sweetness," etc. If carefully cooked they will keep in perfect shape, grow transparent, and resemble preserved cherries when done.

There are numerous other ways in which this fruit may be used—in pies, puddings, tarts, sherbet, and as a pretty finish to fruit salad. Thoughtful housekeepers also can and put away for the coming winter and spring, the same way they do the summer fruits, and have ready for the time when the fresh berries cannot be purchased—and that season is near. Now is the time to get a good supply, and when canned and put away in your fruit closet with the other good things you can fall back on this variety some day when a demand comes for something appetizing, and they will surely prove to be as wholesome and valuable an article as you can place on your table, and prove to be all that they are recommended to be, in looks as well as otherwise. E. C.

The Housekeeper Beautiful—

"Don't wash your face too often," is one beauty's good advice.

"Don't wash it at all," is another's counsel.

"Don't be a goose," says a third; "but use a little common sense and wash your face twice a day—night and morning."

Don't be afraid of soap. It is infinitely better for the skin than the dirt which will collect in the pores after a warm day.

Don't sleep facing an unshaded window where a light will fall on your eyes in the early morning. To do so is an excellent way to encourage wrinkles.

Don't be afraid of a complexion brush. Used gently in connection with a toilet cream it has wonderful effect in removing the blotchy appearance of the skin.

Don't fuss. There is nothing more detrimental to good looks than constantly fussing and worrying. If you want to keep your beauty you must learn to take things calmly.

Don't forget, however, to rinse the face with clear water after using soap, because you don't want any left on the face to clog the pores. Once a day is quite often enough to use soap.

Don't wash it oftener. If cleansing is necessary during the day, use a little cold cream. Washing the face too frequently removes the natural oil, and gives the skin a withered look.

Canned Vegetables—

ASPARAGUS.—One can asparagus, one ounce butter, 1 round toast; salt. Warm the asparagus in the tin, and, having ready the toast, with the crusts cut off, on a hot dish, open the tin, dip the toast in the liquid, firm it, and arrange it neatly upon it. The butter meanwhile should be heated and ready to serve with it.

ASPARAGUS SALAD.—One can asparagus, two tablespoons olive oil, two eggs, one tablespoon lemon juice, one tablespoon mustard, one slice fried bread. Boil the eggs hard, and when cold make a sauce with the yolks ground, with the salt and mustard, the oil, and the vinegar stirred slowly in. Fry the round of bread and, when cold, trim it and put it on a dish. Dip each asparagus point in the sauce, then arrange them grotto fashion upon the toast and garnish with the white of an egg.

PEAS STEWED.—One quart canned green peas, two ounces of butter, one egg, one onion, lump sugar, spoonful Worcestershire sauce. Peel and slice the onion and frizzle it in the butter in a stewpan, add the sauce, the sugar, and the seasoning, and, after simmering a minute or so, and the peas, warmed in their can, with a small amount of their own liquor. Beat the egg, thicken it with a little flour, and stir in. Let all get hot, but do not allow the stew to boil.

GREEN PEAS.—One large can peas, one-half ounce butter, little dried mint, lump sugar, tiny piece soda. Open the can and put on the peas in their liquor, adding more water if necessary, with the sugar, the soda, and the dried mint tied in a piece of muslin. When warmed thoroughly they are ready for serving, and after the mint has been taken out they should be stirred into a hot dish with the butter and a seasoning of pepper and salt.

TOMATOES AND EGGS.—One-fourth can tomatoes, six eggs, bread, butter. Fry some rounds of bread—cut four slices at least an inch thick—a bright brown, in butter, and put aside to keep hot. Whisk the eggs, add them to the tomatoes in a saucepan; season well with pepper and salt, and simmer ten minutes, then fill the croutons, which should have had the centers scooped out to hold the purée, and serve hot on a paper laid on a hot dish.

IN THE SOCIETY WORLD.

WEDDING OF MISS HELEN RUNNION TO JAMES QUAN DEC. 14.

It Will Be Celebrated in the Afternoon at the Residence of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Crosby, 604 Division Street—Many Entertainments Planned for Holiday Week in Honor of Miss Louise Brega and Capt. R. H. James.

The marriage of Miss Helen Runnion to Mr. James Edward Quan will take place on Monday, Dec. 14. It will be quietly celebrated at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon at the home of Miss Runnion's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Crosby, 604 East Division street. Miss Runnion will be unattended, but Mr. Quan will have the support of his brother, Mr. Henry Quan, as best man. Only the immediate family of the bride and groom will be present and there will be no reception. After Feb. 1 Mr. and Mrs. Quan will be at home at 604 East Division street, having taken the apartment directly above the one occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Crosby.

Capt. R. H. James, whose wedding with Miss Louise Brega will be an event of Dec. 29, will arrive in Chicago on Thursday, Dec. 24. In celebration of his coming the festivities in honor of the bride and groom will begin.

Mr. Stanley McCormick will give a dinner at the Auditorium Annex on that night. Later the party will attend the theater and a supper as the guests of Mr. Robert Allerton, who is to be Capt. James' best man at the wedding. On Christmas day Miss Brega will give a dinner for the entire wedding party, together with a few friends from out of town.

On the day following Mrs. Edward S. Adams will give a large tea at the Skaters' club, on Lincoln Park boulevard, for Miss Brega and Miss Hazel Martyn, whose marriage to Dr. Trudeau of New York will be celebrated during the same week as that of Miss Brega and Capt. James. That same evening Capt. James will give his bachelor dinner at the Chicago club. These are only a few of the dates already scheduled, but there will be a number of small entertainments, such as luncheons and teas, for Miss Brega before Capt. James' arrival.

Miss Italia Blair will be the honored guest at a luncheon to be given tomorrow by Mrs. Frederick T. Haskell, 2824 Prairie avenue, and on Friday will be entertained at a dinner and theater party by Mrs. Henry A. Blair, 2735 Prairie avenue, the company to number twelve. On Saturday Mrs. Chauncey Keep will give a dinner for Miss Blair, the party to number eighteen, and on Dec. 9 Mrs. John J. Borland, 2027 Prairie avenue, will give a dinner. Miss Blair will leave for New York on Dec. 12 and will sail for England on Dec. 15.

The wedding this evening of Miss Jessie Crowell McLaren, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John McLaren, to Mr. James Simpson, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Simpson, will be a large affair. The Third Presbyterian church, in Ashland boulevard, will be the scene of the service, which will be read at 8:30 o'clock.

Miss Grace Hume McLaren will attend her sister as maid of honor and Miss Annie Jerrems, Miss Lucile Casey, Miss Annie Tatham, and Miss Mary A. Morgan will be the maids. The groom will have as his best man Mr. R. E. Smith, while acting as ushers will be Mr. Paul C. Troup, Mr. Roger K. Rogan, Mr. James H. Harper, and Mr. Charles M. Fair. The bride will wear a costume of white chiffon and will carry a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley, her sister to be gowned in white louisine silk. The bridemaids will wear white crêpe de chine, and, with the maid of honor, will carry American beauty roses.

Following the ceremony a reception will be held at the residence of the bride's parents, at 339 Ashland boulevard. During the hours music will be provided by a Hungarian orchestra. The decorations will be entirely of red and white blossoms. Mr. and Mrs. Simpson will take a wedding journey, after which they will reside at 1736 Sheridan road. They will receive after Feb. 1.

Mrs. Norman Williams Jr., 300 Schiller street, held the first of two at homes yesterday afternoon from 4 until 7 o'clock. Mrs. Williams, who was formerly Miss Joan Chalmers, has but recently settled in her apartment, and the affair of yesterday was the first entertainment she has given since her marriage, her wedding journey through Europe keeping her away from Chicago until the fall. It was, therefore, in the nature of a post-nuptial reception. Assisting the hostess were Mrs. A. A. Carpenter Jr., Mrs. W. Vernon Booth, Mrs. Joseph M. Patterson, Mrs. A. A. Sprague 2d, Miss Adelaide Hamilton, and Miss Catherine Eddy. Mrs. Williams will receive again next Monday during the same hours.

One of the prettiest affairs of yesterday was the tea given by Mrs. La Verne W. Noyes, 234 Lincoln Park boulevard, which took place at the Woman's Athletic club. The guests were asked to assemble at 2 o'clock that they might listen to a reading by Miss Barbee of Kentucky and hear a few old English songs. The rooms of the club were trimmed with southern smilax and American beauties. One hundred guests were present.

Mr. and Mrs. B. M. Hair of 248 Ashland boulevard announce the engagement of their daughter, Ida Ridgway Hair, to Harry S. Durant.

Mrs. Hiram Pearsons Murphy of 4402 Greenwood avenue announces the marriage of her daughter, Nellie Wilde, to Lieut. Joseph Robert McAndrews, First cavalry, United States army, at Manila, on Nov. 28.

Owing to the illness of her son Mrs. Carter H. Harrison, 295 Schiller street, has recalled her invitations for the luncheon she was to have given on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry G. Selfridge gave their usual Monday night dinner and theater party last evening, their guests being Mr. and Mrs. Henry Rutter and Mr. and Mrs. Burry. Mrs. John A. Spoor, 596 North State street, was also a dinner hostess, her guests being several of the noted visitors who are here to attend the stock show.

Mrs. Lucius G. Fisher, 317 Erie street, will give a luncheon for fifty guests on Dec. 8.

Mrs. John Barton Payne, 32 Astor street, will give a dinner Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. William Thompson, 369 East Chicago avenue, will receive on Wednesday, Dec. 9.

Mrs. Robert M. Wells, 3800 Michigan avenue, has arranged a meeting of women from the Presbyterian churches to take place at her home tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock to hear Mr. Robert E. Speer, secretary of the board of foreign missions, speak on Christian work among the women of this and other countries.

Dr. and Mrs. D. K. Pearsons of Hinsdale will spend the winter at Magnolia Springs, Ala.

Mrs. Conkey and Mrs. Walter Conkey will be at home Tuesday, Dec. 8, from 3 until 6 o'clock, at 5518 East End avenue.

A sale of books will take place at the Chicago Woman's club in the Fine Arts building today and tomorrow. The books belong to Mrs. Henrietta K. Howell, a former member of the club, whose work for the woman's exchange, the Erring Woman's Refuge, and the Industrial school at Glenwood has been a great help.

The South End assembly will give a card and dancing party at Grand Boulevard hall on Friday evening for the benefit of the Corpus Christi church building fund.

JEWISH WOMEN IN COUNCIL.

Celebrate Tenth Anniversary of Organization in Chicago and Outline Plans for Future.

"There is no way in which we can be of greater service to society than by aiding in the work of the Juvenile court," yesterday declared Mrs. Martin Barbe, president elect, at the reception given by the Chicago section of the Council of Jewish women at the Standard club in celebration of the organization's tenth anniversary. The speakers of the afternoon reviewed the work accomplished and outlined plans for the future. They were the following past presidents: Mrs. Henry Solomon, Mrs. Conrad Wickowsky, Mrs. Henry L. Frank, and Miss Julia Felsenthal.

SYRUP OF FIGS

To sweeten,
To refresh,
To cleanse the system,
Effectually and Gently;

Dispels colds and headaches when bilious or constipated;
For men, women and children;

There is only one Genuine Syrup of Figs; to get its beneficial effects

Acts best on the kidneys and liver, stomach and bowels;

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The genuine Syrup of Figs is for sale by all first-class druggists. The full name of the company—California Fig Syrup Co.—is always printed on the front of every package. Price Fifty Cents per bottle.

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"Heals Cuts and Wounds"

"My family of five persons all strongly favor Lifebuoy Soap. My husband finds it heals and cleanses cuts and wounds, of which he gets many in his business. We use it continually as a disinfectant about the house."

—Mrs. G. F. Haven, Peabody, Mass.

LIFEBUOY

HOW TO COOK A MINCE PIE A CIVIL SERVICE PROBLEM.

Dunning Baker Accused of Making Indigestible Pastry by Supt. Podstata—Exhibits a Feature of Trial.

How thick should a mince pie be? How much sogginess is allowable in the bottom crust? How much more indigestible is exhibit A than exhibit B?

These are some of the questions the county civil service board will be called upon to decide when Baker Frank Pluschke of the Dunning infirmary is put on trial. For Baker Pluschke stands accused of making indigestible mince pies—the kind that is 53 per cent nightmare and 47 per cent pain. Dr. Podstata shuddered when he found those pies.

It came about in this way: On Thanksgiving day Dr. Podstata made a careful inspection of the food served patients under his charge. In the insane departments he found fine crisp and juicy mince pies, but in the infirmary dining rooms he discovered thick and doughy pastry with thin pieces of mince in between. Sold by weight they would have made the baker a rich man.

Dr. Podstata collected samples of the good and the bad, and yesterday the civil service commission received the following letter from him:

"I hereby present charges of incompetency against Baker Frank Pluschke. The charges are based upon results of close inspection of pastry and other products of the bakery on Thanksgiving day, as well as upon the history of repeated evidences of incompetency in the past."

Dr. Podstata when asked about the charges waved his hand over the two samples of pie.

"Look at that," he said, "and then look at this. If that isn't evidence enough of incompetency, I would like to know what is. Both pies are made of the same material, and one is delicious and digestible, the other would lie on your stomach like a stone."

Tailor Sues Potter Palmer's Trustees.

F. H. Wollenhaupt, a tailor, has sued Mrs. Bertha Honoré Palmer and Adrian C. Honoré, as trustees under the will of the late Potter Palmer, to recover $5,000 damages. The plaintiff alleges that while calling upon his customers Aug. 21, 1901, he was ejected from the Palmer house by employes.

Central Y. M. C. A. Noonday Meetings.

The Rev. Gilbert D. Cleworth, pastor of the Wabash Avenue Methodist Episcopal church, will speak at the noonday meetings at the Central Y. M. C. A., 153 La Salle street, tomorrow, Thursday, and Friday.

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SHEET MUSIC AND MUSIC BOOKS
OF THE BETTER CLASS
is our specialty in the music line and of the
CHICKERING AND GABLER PIANOS
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We are offering some beautiful and extremely desirable volumes suitable for Christmas gifts and our stock of pianos is very complete. We lay special stress on the advantages of the

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for those who are contemplating the purchase of a piano for Christmas.

Not in years has the piano-producing world achieved anything like the success of the Chickering Quarter Grand. Because of its compactness and its many advantages over the Upright, this small Grand is sure to be given preference.

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Karo CORN SYRUP Makes You EAT A Hearty Meal

WHEAT TREND IS HIGHER.

DOMESTIC NEWS BULLISH AND PRICES UP OVER A CENT.

Visible Supply Increase Nearly Three Million Bushels Less than a Year Ago, Northwestern Receipts Much Smaller, Clearances Liberal, and Local Supplies Being Moved East—Corn and Oats Dull, but in Sympathy with Wheat—Provisions Strong.

All the domestic statistics of wheat movement and of wheat stocks were bullish, northwest advices still dwelt largely on the declared certainty there would not be enough wheat to go around up there, and there was the additional motive for local strength of liberal shipments and large charters for moving about 1,100,000 bu of the small Chicago supplies east.

There seemed to be every reason for the market going up, and go up it did, with some assistance at the start from Armour, who was an open buyer of December. This delivery went at one time to 1c premium over May, made a gain of 1⅝c from Saturday's close, and stopped at 82c bid, a gain of 1⅜c for the day, and ⅝c premium over May. The May advance was a little more sluggish at the start, but nearly made up for it, selling up to 81⅝c and closing at 81⅝c, a net gain of 1¼c. There was no help for a bull market in the foreign news, but the northwestern movement continued small, only 1,041 cars at Minneapolis and Duluth, compared with 1,537 a year ago, and the effect of the recent small receipts at those markets was shown in the visible supply figures, an increase of only 668,000 bu for the week, compared with an increase of 3,351,000 bu a year ago. Those stocks are now 30,140,000 bu, compared with 45,082,000 bu last year, a falling off of a third.

Northwest Stocks Small.

There was a joint decrease of 126,000 bu at the northwest markets, compared with an increase of 2,600,000 bu a year ago, and messages from there again predicted a falling off in country elevator stocks, declared country sales were light, and insisted there was not enough spring wheat left for northwestern milling requirements. Minneapolis stocks increased 285,000 bu for two days. Southwestern receipts were a shade heavier than last year, but the total at primary points, 1,546,000 bu, compared with 1,980,000 bu last year. May wheat in Minneapolis and Duluth was as strong as it was here, but December did not go up as much. Cash wheat in Minneapolis at last cost all its premium over May, and in Duluth dropped 3c at the close to a level with December, which gained ⅝c. There were sales of 235,000 bu No. 1 northern and 10,000 bu No. 2 red here, including 185,000 bu No. 1 northern for shipment east. Clearances were liberal, 942,000 bu, half flour, and the seaboard reported 120,000 bu taken for export. Local shipments for the day were 550,000 bu, and there were charters for 400,000 bu, making 1,100,000 bu for three days, of which amount at least 400,000 bu were No. 1 northern. The evidence of decreasing stocks here made local sentiment more bullish, and there was a big trade, although largely professional, for this and other markets. Around 81c for May, and again at 81¾c, there was heavy selling, and the suspicion that Armour might be taking profits on part of his line induced liberal selling by local holders. Armour was an open buyer, however, around 81¾c, and the close was only ⅛c under that figure.

Armour a Buyer Early.

There was December buying early by Armour and Edwards, and at the close there was buying of December and selling of May by brokers. McReynolds, the Alton Grain company, Ware, and Bartlett were early buyers, and on the advance there was selling by Lake, McReynolds, Slaughter, Spencer, and by local holders, who were playing for a reaction or reaching for the top. Wrenn and Harris-Gates, who were large sellers last week, were moderate buyers. The trade thought Armour a seller on the late bulge both here and in Milwaukee. There was no Argentine news except a cable to New York reporting no rain in the wheat districts. Liverpool was ¾d higher to ⅝d lower, London ⅜d to ½d higher, Paris ½c lower, and Antwerp unchanged. World's shipments were 10,328,000 bu, compared with 10,512,000 bu last week and 8,928,000 bu a year ago, Russia again shipping more than this country. There was a decrease on ocean passage, however, of 1,224,000 bu to a total of 26,856,000 bu, compared with 29,528,000 bu last year.

Corn an Assisted Market.

There was little activity in corn, trade being dull and the fluctuations influenced by the strength in wheat, that motive largely responsible for the advance of ¼-⅝c in December, to 41⅜-⅝c, and of ⅛c in May, to 42⅛c. There was scattered liquidation in December by longs who did not care to run the chance of having deliveries made for them, which reduced its discount to nearly ½c. Cash prices were about steady but new corn was arriving in better condition and there was a better tone to the market. There were shipping sales of 100,000 bu already afloat, and a good inquiry for old and new corn mixed, but little available. There were 238 cars in, with 2 contract, but 38 cars No. 2 corn were inspected out of private houses. The estimate for today is 340 cars. Primary receipts were 630,000 bu, compared with 760,000 bu last year. Clearances were 169,000 bu and export sales at the seaboard 40,000 bu. Local stocks decreased 61,000 bu, to 850,000 bu, while the visible supply increased 240,000 bu for the week, and is now 5,867,000 bu. Liverpool prices were steady to ¼d higher on a better spot demand, due to the cold weather. World's shipments were 4,212,000 bu. The amount on passage decreased 231,000 bu, to 15,644,000 bu.

Oats Borrow Some Strength.

Oats, like corn, were under the influence of the wheat strength, and advanced ½c, the trade light, with shorts doing some covering. Cash prices were about steady, the shipping demand moderate, sales 65,000 bu. There was some selling of December by scattered longs, but it was in demand by the Alton. Inspection showed 174 cars in, with no standard, but 22 out of private houses. Estimated for today 190,000 bu. There was an increase of 71,000 bu in local stocks and of 276,000 bu in the visible supply. Clearances were 96,000 bu.

Higher Hogs Help Product.

Provisions had the help of a falling off of a third in receipts of hogs from the estimate and an advance of 10@15c in their prices. About the best prices for product were at the opening, and they were not quite sustained, the close showing gains of 5@10c in pork, 7½@10c in ribs, and 7½@12½c in lard. Packers were apparently on both sides of the market, some selling of lard by Swift and by the English houses, but buying by Cudahy brokers and by the Anglo, the latter taking 3,000 tcs. A good cash demand was reported at 10c over the January price. Liverpool was 6d lower on bacon and 3d higher on lard. There were 30,000 hogs here, 16,000 under the estimate, and 24,000 estimated for today. At all western points there were 58,000, compared with 79,500 last year.

Rye Shows More Strength.

Rye was a little stronger, in sympathy with wheat. Cash not quotably higher, but May up ½c. No. 2 in store nominally 53c; fresh arrivals sold local 56½c; at the river, 55½c. No. 4 local sold 50c. Receipts 12 cars, no withdrawals from store, and no export clearances from the seaboard.

Barley was weak for everything but choice and fancy. For screenings there was a quotable range of 25@35c for poor to choice. Feed sold 34@35c local, or 1c lower, and 32¼@33½c at river; choice to fancy quotable 54@60c, nominal. Receipts 55 cars; only 1 car graded above No. 4.

There were good offerings of cash timothy. December quoted salable $2.95, $3.00 asked; January $3.00 bid, $3.05 asked; March nominally about $3.10. High grades of clover were salable and steady; poor quality easy. Contract grade, November and December deliveries, $11.00; country lots, common to choice, $8.00@10.75; fair to good about $8.25 @9.75.

Little interest was shown in the local flax market; offerings exceedingly small. No. 1 northwestern or No. 1 from the northwest remained steady, 97½c; No. 1 salable 91c; rejected quotable 85@91c; May sold 97c for small lots. Receipts were 13 cars, Minneapolis 100 cars, and Duluth 211 cars.

Range of Active Futures.

WHEAT.

	Closed Nov. 28.	Range— High.	Low.	Closed Yester- day.	Closed Dec. 1.
Dec.	80⅞	82¼	80⅞	82	82¼

INTERESTING TRADE GOSSIP ON 'CHANGE.

There was a great trade in wheat and a broader trade than for some time, but it is still largely of a professional character, the orders coming from the floor or from New York, Minneapolis, or other leading markets. The "countryman," the "outsider," has not yet apparently been attracted into the market, although it has had an advance of 5c and is once again well over the 80c mark. Local sentiment, however, is getting more and more bullish, and there is more and more disposition to believe that the market is going up on its own merits, regardless of any help, either from the outsider or from the foreigner. While Armour is undoubtedly long a big line, he is by no means the only bull in the market, and the number of local long lines held would foot up a liberal total. A large percentage of the local holders are looking anxiously for the first signs of Armour selling on any liberal scale, and there was a good deal of profit taking yesterday on the theory that after an advance of 5c there should be a fair reaction. The market apparently, however, had little chance to react, the buying orders following the advances closely, and while there was likely some Armour selling, it was not easy to say that it had been on any liberal scale. It was supposed, however, that Armour would not be the only bull not to take profits on so sharp an upturn, and the theory he was a large seller under cover was strengthened by reports of heavy selling for that interest in Milwaukee. There was a good deal of selling in the way of "feeling for the top," both by holders and by traders who believe the dull export trade is bound to tell on prices, but there was also a good deal of covering by these sellers as the market went on up.

All the news from the northwest on wheat was decidedly bullish. If the farmers are disposed to sell more freely on the present advance, the northwestern authorities either did not know it or were not saying anything about it. A Duluth message intimated there was little wheat there for shipment, saying: "We have no stock of No. 1 northern, either in public or private elevators, or of No. 2 northern either, for that matter. Boats waiting at elevators for wheat to come from the country to finish cargoes in order to complete sales east." A Minneapolis message to McReynolds said: "Our northwestern stocks are about 5,000,000 bu less than last year, and since Aug. 1 we have received about 6,000,000 bu more winter wheat than we did last year. I guess Jones is vindicated." Another Minneapolis bull had this to say: "A careful analysis of the present domestic situation reveals forcibly that the production of wheat in the northwest is falling below its own milling requirements, to say nothing of leaving any surplus for shipment. In this connection it is interesting to recall the fact that on the last crop the Minneapolis, Duluth, Superior, and northwestern interior mills ground a total of 145,000,000 bu wheat, and at the commencement of the present crop the terminal and country elevators and farmers' bins were practically empty. On basis Jones' estimate of present crop, 147,000,000 bu is correct, as we consider him the best authority, and that these mills will grind as much as they did on the last crop, and after making due allowance for shipment from Duluth and 18,000,000 bu required for seed, it is apparent there will be a serious deficiency up here."

In view of the apparent scarcity of wheat supplies in the northwest, it may be a comfort to the bread consumer to hear of one section of the country where there seems to be plenty of wheat, although just at present it is difficult to get at it. F. R. Warwick of the Glover Grain company of Kansas City, who was on the floor, said of supplies in western Kansas: "All the elevators are full all through the western half of the state, and in many places wheat is still piled on the ground, although every precaution has been taken to protect it. If the farmers market no faster in the future than they have so far, they will be marketing their grain for the next six months. There is a good deal of wheat still in stack there, and there would be more if farmers had taken the advice of dealers that there would be difficulty in getting cars. There is a great scarcity of cars and still more of motive power. We have bills of lading in our office of cars shipped forty-five days ago which are not yet in, and I do not look for much improvement in the situation before spring."

Harris-Gates: The northwestern country elevator stocks will tomorrow show a small total—the total of the Minneapolis, Duluth, and country elevator stocks between 18,000,000 and 14,000,000 compared with about 32,000,000 last year.

A correspondent from North Dakota writes W. P. Anderson: "I have traveled in all parts of this state from the valley to Bismarck and from Bismarck to Portal by train and team, before harvest and since, and I am fully convinced that if any error was made in the Jones report it was in estimating too much total wheat yield. As to marketing from first hands, I should judge that fully 60 per cent to 75 per cent has left the possession of the farmer, according to the local conditions, of the several sections of the state I have visited. The line elevator companies have offered strong inducements in the shape of good prices early in the fall. This was marked upon the part of those companies controlled by the Minneapolis milling firms. At many stations I visited they paid Minneapolis or Duluth price less freight for several weeks. Besides this they were unusually liberal in grading and dockage, consequently there was every inducement for the farmer to sell liberally, and I think you will find the next nine months of our crop year will confirm this contention."

The committee appointed to investigate the inspection and mixing of wheat in this market met in the president's room for the first time, Chairman H. B. Slaughter presiding. H. N. Speer had been unable to serve, and C. B. Rice, who has better than a speaking acquaintance with all kinds of wheat, has been appointed in his place. The committee decided to begin its investigations by inviting all members with any grievances of their own or others on the quality of grain or the justness of the state inspection to present them, and a meeting will be held Thursday at 2 o'clock for the purpose of hearing complaints.

The east was bidding up for old and new corn mixed yesterday, about as good a price as was offered for old corn early last week, 2⅝c over December, but little was available. There were sales of 100,000 bu now afloat. An evidence of the close manner in which local stocks have been shipped out is shown in the fact that one boat loading 100,000 bu yesterday at two houses, Keith's and the Alton had to take six grades of corn, No. 2, and No. 3 white, yellow, and mixed, to make up the cargo, and cleaned out the stock of both elevators.

Discussing the Argentine wheat prospect the Liverpool Corn Trade News says: "Taking a long look ahead it is difficult to see where America will come in with its surplus, admitting, of course, that the glowing hopes of the southern hemisphere and India are fulfilled, for it is an easy matter to count up an average weekly shipment of 900,000 quarters per week for Europe spread over the first six months of next year, without including a bushel of wheat or a sack of flour from the states."

There were charters for 400,000 bu wheat at 2½c to Buffalo, making about 1,100,000 bu room taken in three days. A good deal of it has been taken by Armour, and there are 400,000 bu No. 1 northern loading, of which 100,000 bu are going from store and the rest from private houses. There is said to be more profit in shipping the Duluth wheat east than in blending it here.

The claim that spring wheat in the northwest has been pretty thoroughly marketed in some sections is borne out by a letter from Preston of Blanchard, N. D., to Maynard, in which he says that he is closing his elevator and going away, as farmers in that section have sold out all their wheat, except what they have reserved for seed.

There was not much comfort for the wheat bears in any of the domestic statistics and even less in the course of the markets, but some of them were inclined to point to the fact that cash wheat in Minneapolis had at last lost all its premium over May as a possible straw in their favor.

A Duluth message reported eastern and western millers buying May wheat there as a hedge against long time flour sales, indicating the demand for flour is keeping up and mills are sold well ahead.

New corn is arriving in better condition, the result of colder weather, and for the first time in weeks the gluose company appeared as a buyer, giving the market a healthier tone.

C. E. Gray has gone with Lichstern and will represent that house on the floor. The commission business of Gray-Williams will be continued by Harvey Williams.

The firm of Hill-Moran will begin business today, succeeding to that of Hill-Munroe, James E. Munroe retiring. R. H. Moran has been with Geddes for a number of years.

Estimated arrivals for today are: Wheat, 175 cars; corn, 340 cars; oats, 190 cars; hogs, 24,000.

May ...	80¼	81⅝	80¼	81⅝ ...	75
July ...	75⅝	76⅜	75⅛	76-76⅛	73
		CORN.			
Dec. ...	41⅞	41⅞	41⅛	41⅜-⅝	53½
May ...	41⅜	42⅛	41⅜	42⅛	47⅛
July ...	41⅞	42¼	41⅝	42-42⅛	42⅜
		OATS.			
Dec. ...	33⅞-34	34½-⅝	33⅜	34⅜	31
May ...	35¼-⅜	36	35⅛	35⅝-¾	32⅛
July ...	33	33⅜-½	33	33¼-⅜	...
		MESS PORK.			
Jan. ...	10.85-87½	11.00	10.87½	10.92½	15.82½
May ...	11.12½	11.35	11.15	11.22½	14.95
		LARD.			
Dec. ...	6.32½	...	...	...	10.02½
Jan. ...	6.32½	6.45	6.37½	6.42½	9.47½
May ...	6.42½	6.52½	6.47½	6.50	8.80
		SHORT RIBS.			
Jan. ...	5.77	5.87½	5.85	5.87½	8.15
May ...	5.95	6.07½	6.00	6.05	7.95

GRAIN INSPECTION.

	No. 2 and better.	No. 3 Standard.	No. 4.	Low grade.	Total
Winter wheat.	5	...	64	37	106
Colo. wheat....	1	...	...	...	1
Spring wheat.	1	...	7	23	31
Corn	2	...	78	158	238
Oats	3	...	63	108	174
Rye	8	...	13	1	22
Barley	...	...	1	54	55
Totals	20	...	216	381	617

Inspected out: Wheat, No. 2 red, 8,400 bu. Corn—No. 2 yellow, 600 bu; No. 3 yellow, 15,000 bu. Oats—Standard, 10,000 bu. Loaded from uninspected elevators: Wheat—No. 2 hard, 1 car and 88,700 bu; No. 2 red, 15 cars; No. 3 hard, 236,900 bu; No. 1 northern, spring, 47 cars and 141,400 bu; No. 3 spring, 21,800 bu. Corn—No. 2 yellow, 3 cars; No. 3 yellow, 22 cars and 151,000 bu; No. 4 yellow, 38 cars; No. 3, 1 car; No. 4, 5 cars. Oats—Standard, 22 cars; No. 2 white, 2 cars; No. 3 white, 22 cars; No. 4 white, 1 car; No. 2, 5 cars; No. 3, 1 car; No. 4, 1 car.

The following are the amounts of grain in store and afloat in this city on the dates named [bu]:

	Nov. 28, 1903.	Nov. 21, 1903.	Nov. 14, 1903.	Nov. 29, 1902.
Wheat ...	2,370,000	2,045,000	1,613,000	7,453,000
Corn	850,000	911,000	1,231,000	1,966,000
Oats	1,256,000	1,185,000	1,159,000	2,066,000
Rye	195,000	190,000	161,000	211,000
Barley ...	161,000	60,000	12,000	.....

The secretary of the board of trade gives the following as the visible supply of grain [bu]:

	Nov. 28, 1903.	Nov. 21, 1903.	Nov. 14, 1903.	Nov. 29, 1902.
Wheat ...	30,140,000	29,472,000	27,940,000	45,082,000
Corn	5,867,000	6,116,000	7,280,000	2,637,000
Oats	9,584,000	9,308,000	9,792,000	7,054,000
Rye	1,119,000	1,338,000	1,130,000	1,256,000
Barley ...	2,637,000	2,455,000	2,231,500	3,831,000

Changes from the previous week are shown below:

	Increase. bu.	Decrease. bu.
Wheat	668,000	...
Corn	...	249,000
Oats	276,000	...
Rye	...	219,000
Barley	...	18,000

Cash Produce Transactions.

FLOUR—Firm; hard spring patents [favorite brands], $4.90; hard patent [in wood], $4.10@4.30; straight [export bags], $3.70@3.80; clear [export bags], $3.20@3.40; winter patent [in wood], $4.10@4.20; straight, $3.90@3.90; clear, $3.30@3.50; hard winter, $3.65@3.80; clear, $3.00@3.80; white rye, brls, $2.80@3.00; sacks, $2.65@2.75; dark, 10c discount. Sales, 2,000 sacks for export on p. t.

BRAN—Demand good; supply light. No sales reported.

WINTER WHEAT—Steady and firm for choice. Sales in store and to go: No. 2 red, 100,000 bu, 79c. Free on board: No. 3 red, 85c; No. 4 hard, 76c; No. 3 hard, 71¼@73¾c. Billed through: No. 4 hard, at river [rye mixed], 62c, 66@73c; No. 3 hard, 69@73c.

SPRING WHEAT—Fair demand and firmer feeling. Sales in store and to go: No. 1 northern, 185,000 bu, c. i. f. Buffalo, on p. t. From the board: No. 4, 75c; do hard, 78¼@81c; No. 3 hard, 76c; No. 4 white, 73c. Billed through: No. 4, at river, 63@74c; No. 3, at river, 74@79c.

CORN—Dull, with only local trade. Sales in store and to go: No. 2, 100,000 bu, in transit, on p. t.; no grade, new, 35¼c. Sales on track and free on board: No grade, 36@39¼c; No. 4, 37@45c; No. 3, 41½@42¾c; No. 2 yellow, 46@46c; No. 3 white, 42¾@43¾c; cars, 42c. Billed through: No grade, 23@37¾c; No. 4, 36@42c; No. 3, 41¼@43c; No. 2 yellow, 41½@45c; No. 3 white, 41¾@42c.

OATS—Easy early; advanced 4@5c, last sales being at about the top. Sales in store and to go: No. 4 white, 32¼c; white clipped, 45,000 bu on p. t. Sales on track and free on board: No grade, 33c; No. 4, 33@34c; No. 4 white, 31@37c; No. 3, 34¼@35c; No. 3 white, 34½@38c; standard, 37¾c; No. 2, 39¼c. Billed through: No. 4, 32c; No. 4 white, 34@35½c; No. 3 white, 35¾@37½c. At the river: No. 4 white, 29@34c; No. 3 white, 33¼@35c.

RYE—Market stronger. Sales free on board: No. 2, 56c; No. 3, 53½c; No. 4, 50c. Billed through: No. 2, at river, 53½c; No. 3, at river, 50@52c.

PROVISIONS—Fairly active. Cash lots mess pork, $11.12½@11.25; lard, $6.47½@6.50; ribs, $6.25 @6.50, according to weight.

COOPERAGE—Fair demand; firm. Ash pork brls, $1.22½@1.25; oak, $1.30@1.32½; lard tcs, $1.50@1.56.

WHISKY—Steady. Basis finished goods, $1.25.

HAY—Timothy in good demand and firm. Receipts, 951 tons; shipments, 54 tons. Sales on track: Not graded timothy, $9.00@13.00. Free on board and switched: Not graded timothy, $12.50; not graded prairie, Iowa, $8.00; Kansas, $10.00@ 10.50.

STRAW—Rye straw quotable $8.00@9.00; wheat straw, $6.00@6.50; and oat straw, $6.00@6.75.

DOMESTIC PRODUCE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—Wheat—Receipts, 116,025 bu; exports, 63,531 bu. Spot, firmer; No. 2 red, 85¾c, elevator; No. 2 red, 85¾c, f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 northern, Duluth, 91½c f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 hard Manitoba, nominal f. o. b. afloat. Options closed strong at ⅝@⅞c net advance; May, 84 5-16@85c, closed 84⅞c; July, 80⅝@81¼c, closed 81¼c; December, 88 7-16@88⅝c, closed 88⅝c.

Corn—Receipts, 46,250 bu; exports, 17,141 bu. Spot, firm; No. 2, 49¾c elevator and 50¾c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 yellow, 51⅝c; No. 2 white, 50¾c. Options closed firm at ½c net advance; May, 47⅞@ 48⅝c, closed 48⅝c; December, 49¼@49¾c, closed 49¼c.

Oats—Receipts, 222,000 bu; exports, 62,891 bu. Spot, firm; No. 2, 41c; standard white, 42c; No. 3, 39½c; No. 2 white, 42¾c; No. 3 white, 41½c; track white, 41@43c.

Cotton seed oil—Steady. Petroleum—Firm. Sugar—Raw, steady; refined, quiet.

Cotton—Spot closed steady, 15 points higher. Middling uplands, 11.65c; middling gulf, 11.90c. Sales, 900 bales. Futures closed firm; December, 11.41c; January, 11.48c; February, 11.53c; March, 11.58c; April, 11.58c; May, 11.58c; June, 11.55c; July, 11.58c; August, 11.18c.

Western Grain Markets.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Nov. 30.—May wheat sold up to 82@82¾c, closing 81⅞c; December sold to 80½c, closed 80¾@80¾c; July closed 81¾c. Cash market: No. 1 hard on track closed 82⅞c; No. 1 northern, 81⅞c; to arrive, 81½c; No. 2 northern 79¾c; to arrive, 79¾c; No. 3 wheat, 75@75¾c. Flax—Active; cash and to arrive, 94½c; November, 93½c; December, 94½c; May, 97½@98c. Bran—In bulk, $13.00.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 30.—Close: Wheat—Higher; No. 2 red cash elevator, nominal; track, 89½@90¾c; December, 90¾c; May, 83⅜c; No. 2 hard, 78¾@82c. Corn—Firm; No. 2 cash, 40c; track, 41½@42c; December, 39⅝@39¾c; May, 40¾@40¾c. Oats—Firm; No. 2 cash, 37c; track, 37½c; December, 36⅜c; May, 37c; No. 2 white, 39c. Lead—Quiet, $4.60. Spelter—Firmer, $4.75.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 30.—Close: Wheat—December, 69½@69¾c; May, 80¾c; cash, No. 2 hard, 72¼@73c; No. 3, 68@69½c; No. 4, 62@66c; rejected, 60@61c; No. 2 red, 81½@82c; No. 3, 77@ 80c. Corn—December, 36¾c; May, 36¾@36⅝c; cash, No. 2 mixed, 39½@40c; No. 2 white, 39½@40c; No. 3, 39@39½c. Oats—No. 2 white, 36c; No. 2 mixed, 34½@35c.

DULUTH, Minn., Nov. 30.—Close: Wheat—To arrive, No. 1 hard, 81¾c; No. 1 northern, 79¾c; No. 2 northern, 77¼c; on track, No. 1 northern, 81¾c; No. 2 northern, 79¾c; No. 3 spring, 76¼c; December, 79¾c; May, 81¼c. Receipts, 179,943 bu; shipments, 451,075 bu.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Nov. 30.—Wheat—Higher; No. 1 northern, 84@84½c; No. 2 northern, 82@ 83½c; May, 81¾c asked. Corn—Steady; November, 46@46¼c; May, 42@42¾c bid.

TOLEDO, O., Nov. 30.—Clover seed—Closed: Cash, $6.75; December, $6.75; January, $6.80; February, $6.85; March, $6.90; prime alsike, $6.50; prime timothy, $1.87½.

PEORIA, Ill., Nov. 30.—Corn—Old lower; new firm; No. 3, 42c; new No. 3, 38c; new No. 4, 37c.

Foreign Produce Markets.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 30.—Wheat—Spot No. 2 red, western, winter, steady, 6s 2d; No. 1 northern, spring, no stock. Futures steady; December, 6s 4¾d; March, 6s 4½d; May, 6s 5¼d. Corn—Spot steady; American, 4s 9¾d. Futures steady; December, 4s 9¾d; January, 5s 11½d. Cotton—Spot in limited demand; prices 2 points higher; American middling, fair, 6.53d; good middling, 6.36d; middling, 6.28d; low middling, 6.22d; good ordinary, 6.12d; ordinary, 5.92d. The sales of the day were 5,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export and included 4,300 American. Receipts, 12,000 bales, including 5,800 American. Futures opened and closed steady.

Elgin Butter Market.

Elgin, Ill., Nov. 30.—[Special.]—Upon reports of a stronger market in Chicago and the east the quotation of butter was made 1c higher by the Elgin board of trade today. The market is now quoted firm at 25c a lb. The output for the week was 323,000 lbs. Twenty-five tubs were offered today at 25c, but no sales resulted.

MONEY RATES ARE STEADY

IN SOME INSTANCES SAID THAT 7 PER CENT IS PAID.

Local Bankers Say Larger Amount of Eastern Paper Is Offered Here—Western Banks Are Reported as Being Practically Out of the Market, and It Is Considered Probable That They Will Soon Begin Shipment of Cash to Chicago.

The money market continued quiet and steady, quoted rates generally 6 to 6½ per cent. In some instances it is claimed banks have obtained 7 per cent. Some of the local bankers claim to notice a larger percentage of eastern paper offered here, while others are inclined to believe the quantity does not show any increase. There is always New York paper in the market as well as Chicago paper in the eastern city. A good deal of New York paper comes to this market because of the possibility of securing a better rate than eastern bankers are willing to make. As one local banker puts it:

"New York is essentially the stock gambling center of the country, and for this reason the banks there want their money on call. They keep it for this purpose rather than putting it out on time loans."

Western banks are reported as being practically out of the money market at this time, and it is considered altogether probable that they will soon begin shipments of money to this point and build up balances which have been largely reduced during the last two or three months.

There is said to be a noticeable falling off in the amount of money on deposit in Kansas banks. Bank Commissioner Albaugh admits the fact and says:

"The condition of the money market in the eastern financial centers is responsible. The money has not gone out of the local banks, but fewer loans are contracted, and when there are no loans made the deposits decrease. The greater part of the money a man borrows he keeps in the bank, and it shows there as increased deposits."

Clews on the Money Market.

"The monetary outlook," says Henry Clews, "is growing more favorable. Preparations for the $50,000,000 Panama canal payment, of course, exert an important effect upon the international exchanges, and are likely to materially check gold imports, which thus far have aggregated about $9,000,000. No serious disturbance to the money market need be expected (unless immediate payment is required, which is improbable), for the reason that the bulk of this money will be taken from the treasury and not from the banks; also the fact that bankers have been accumulating exchange in anticipation of this payment to an extent that will render transfer easy.

"Funds soon will be returning from the interior, and our credits abroad have been materially strengthened by heavy cotton shipments. Preparations for January disbursements may cause some temporary stringency, especially if the canal payments occur at the same time, but after these have passed the local money market should be in a safe and comfortable position.

"There are now two distinct parties on the stock exchange, one bullish on railroads and another bearish on the industrials. Whether such opposing conditions will stimulate activity or not remains to be seen. Much, no doubt, will depend upon the Northern Securities decision from the United States Supreme court, which is expected next month."

Financial News Notes.

Speyer & Co. state they have disposed of all the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern railway 3½ per cent bonds issuable against the old second mortgage 7s, due Dec. 1, amounting to over $6,000,000. They will therefore make no call on the syndicate participants.

Louisville and Nashville directors meet on Jan. 10 to declare the semi-annual dividend. It may be stated officially that the dividend question has not yet been broached even in committee. While directors admit that the current earnings would justify such an increase, they point to the fact that the present owners of Louisville and Nashville are quite conservative and are apt to give careful consideration to existing financial conditions before increasing the dividend.

It is believed in some well informed quarters that a plan to retire the Wabash B debentures is being developed. No dividend can be declared on the company's preferred stock until interest is paid on the debentures. These bonds are entitled to 6 per cent interest before dividends are possible.

It will be remembered that a quiet but steady absorption of Texas and Pacific income bonds by Gould and Rockefeller interests went on for several months previous to the conversion of these bonds into Iron Mountain 4s. It is hinted that a similar absorption of Wabash Bs is now going on, and this encourages the belief that a Wabash conversion plan is in view.

President Duntley of the Pneumatic Tool company left yesterday for New York. His last statement was a denial of any knowledge of an attempt to remove him from the head of the company.

"If my resignation is sought it has not been asked for as yet," he said, "and the revival of talk about an internal fight is simply the product of somebody's imagination. Everything is running along smoothly so far as I know, and the company is prosperous."

Union Traction company earnings for November, it is said, have averaged about $2,000 a day in excess of the same period last year.

A director of National Biscuit is quoted as claiming every reason for believing earnings will amount to nearly 6 per cent on the common stock for the fiscal year ending with January.

New York banks engaged $1,500,000 gold in London yesterday.

Railway Earnings.

IOWA CENTRAL.

		Increase.
October, gross	$ 219,523	$ *8,213
Operat. expenses and taxes	181,894	*14,942
Total income	44,937	
From July 1:		
Gross	826,978	*17,783
Operat. expenses and taxes	680,716	48,558
Total income	166,942	31,109

CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS.

October, gross	1,848,517	51,008
Operating expenses	1,461,145	76,580
Net	397,372	*25,573
Charges	297,006	3,745
Surplus	100,366	*29,318
From July 1:		
Gross	7,675,186	816,520
Operating expenses	6,578,530	560,380
Net	1,036,656	256,840
Charges	945,923	3,812
Surplus	990,733	253,028

CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO.

October, gross	1,714,237	389,110
Expenses	1,110,351	227,088
Net	604,186	162,023
From July 1:		
Gross	6,504,111	1,787,902
Net	2,334,070	858,008

CANADIAN PACIFIC.

October, gross	4,486,263	360,861
Expenses	2,834,236	322,969
Net	1,654,027	37,892
From July 1:		
Gross	16,498,763	1,919,075
Expenses	10,889,841	1,875,954
Net	5,608,922	43,421

PEORIA AND EASTERN.

October, gross	262,016	16,889
Expenses	211,832	22,046
Net	50,184	*5,157
Surplus	16,496	*6,157
From July 1:		
Gross	1,044,634	123,964
Expenses	822,244	150,183
Net	218,420	*26,219
Surplus	83,667	*6,219

NATIONAL RAILROAD OF MEXICO.

October, gross	757,528	71,353
Expenses	618,676	119,193
Net	243,850	*87,528
From Jan. 1:		
Gross	9,410,623	1,919,609
Expenses	6,325,590	1,438,603
Net	3,085,033	481,068

CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS AND LOUISVILLE.

Third week of November.	74,755	*2,903
From July 1	2,283,951	258,346

TOLEDO AND OHIO CENTRAL.

October, gross	340,934	38,222
Gross expenses	227,734	33,801
Net	92,199	34,418
Surplus	91,522	72,004
From July 1:		
Gross	1,350,954	311,018
Expenses	908,780	147,512
Net	442,173	170,506
Surplus	272,519	264,506

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

October, gross	1,766,749	*43,634
Net	791,532	*42,983
From July 1:		
Gross	6,065,419	17,725
Net	2,202,776	161,640

TWIN CITY.

Third week of November.	78,330	4,975
From Jan. 1	3,584,986	416,761

*Decrease.

Local Stock Trade Slow.

On the local exchange yesterday trade was in only moderate volume with prices not much changed as a result of the day's transactions. National Biscuit, Pneumatic Tool, and the common and preferred issues of American Can came as near being the popular stocks as anything in the list, barring United Boxboard preferred, which sold to the extent of 300 shares at 21 to 21¼, closing at the outside figure. Both issues of American Can lost ¼, the common closing at 3⅝, and the preferred at 29⅝. Swift stock was a shade stronger, selling from 103½ to 103¾, and maintaining the advance. An aggregate of $8,000 was done in bonds, divided between Lake Street, Northwestern, and Chicago Gas.

Sales on the Chicago stock exchange yesterday were as follows:

	Shares	High.	Low.	Close.
American Can	200	3¾	3½	3⅝
Do pfd	250	30¼	29¾	29⅞
Chicago Edison	16	142	142	142
Chicago Pneumatic Tool..	100	25	23	25
Diamond Match	20	128½	128½	128½
Lake Street Elevated	22	2	1¾	2
Metropolitan Elev. pfd....	10	54	54	54
National Biscuit	222	35	34⅞	35
Do pfd	17	97¼	97¼	97¼
National Carbon pfd.	25	97	97	97
North Chicago	24	90	90	90
Street's Stable Car pfd....	10	82	82	82
Swift & Co.	185	103¾	103¾	103¾
United Boxboard pfd.	300	21¼	21	21¼

BONDS.

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STOCKS SINK AND RECOVER

MARKET OPENS DECLINING AND THEN TAKES ON STRENGTH.

Trading in First Hour Was Comparatively Light and Day's Total Amounted to Only 430,000 Shares—Industrials Loaning at Premium—Upward Tendency Is Coincident with Similar Movement for Money—Call Loans Up to 9.

[BY A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—[Special.]—Prices at the opening gave some signs of a continuation of the selling movement which made its appearance on Saturday upon the publication of the bank statement, but in most cases these initial declines were entirely offset by the subsequent recovery. Trading in the first hour amounted to about 140,000 shares, and the slow pace thus spt was observed during the balance of the day, the sales of the entire session amounting to about 430,000 shares. During the afternoon the market showed its greatest strength, and curiously enough the upward movement of prices was coincident with a similar movement in the money market, when the call rates went as high as 9 per cent, being the highest reached this fall. To some extent the high rates of money as an unfavorable factor was offset by the day's announcements of further gold imports, the engagements being sufficiently large to suggest that the present movement will be considerably larger than predicted at the time it was begun, about one month ago.

Most of the preferred industrials, which for a week or more have been prominent features of the market, first because of the severe declines and subsequently on account of their recovery, were still loaning at premiums today.

Evidently the short interest in these stocks was not eliminated by the covering movement which followed the discovery that most of the stocks of this class were hard to borrow. Republic Steel preferred loat half a point in trading amounting to over 13,000 shares, but the movement of the stock was not upon any general knowledge of the postponement of the dividend, which was not announced until after the closing of the market.

Pennsylvania was the most active stock today, showing a total of about 90,000 shares. From 113¼, from which price the stock dropped in the market's early decline, the price rose to 115, and closed within a small fraction of the day's best price.

Louisville and Nashville showed much more than the usual activity and at the same time added 1¾ points to the gain of last week. About 12,000 shares of stock were dealt in up to 105½, the close being at 105¼.

Transactions for the London account were considerably smaller than the average last week. The estimated purchases for foreign account were about 7,000 shares, much of which was Union Pacific.

Close: Prime mercantile paper, 6@6½ per cent. Sterling exchange heavy, with actual business in bankers' bills at 483.40@483.45 for demand and at 481.70@479.90 for 60 day bills; posted rates, 481@484 and 484½@485; commercial bills, 479½@479¾. Bar silver, 56½; Mexican dollars, 43. Money on call steady, 6@9 per cent; lowest, 6 per cent; closing, bid, 6%; offered at 7. Time loans, firm; 60 days, 6 per cent; 90 days and six months, 6@6½. There was done in the bond market, but the tone was firm. Total sales, par value, $2,024,000. United States new 4s declined ¼ per cent on the last call.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Closing Nv.30.	Closing Nv.28.
Am. Sugar	7,000	122½	121¼	121¾	122¾
Am. Locomotive.	4,400	14¾	14¼	14¾	14¾
Do pfd.	1,200	75¾	75	75	74¾
Am. Cotton Oil.	200	29½	29½	29¼	...
Am. Smelting	1,000	44¼	44	44	44
Am. Car Foundry	300	16¾	16¾	16¾	15¾
Do pfd.	200	64¼	64	64½	...
American Ice	1,400	8¾	7¾	7¾	8½
Atchison	700	28¾	27	27	28¼
Atch Chal'ers pfd.	20	60¼	60¼	60¼	96¼
Ashton	16,000	66½	65¾	66¼	66¾
Do pfd.	300	94¾	94¾	94¾	96¼
Balt. & Ohio	9,200	39¾	37¾	38¼	38
Bos. Rap. Tran.	8,200	39¾	39¼	39¾	39½
Bal. & Ohio.	16,500	76¾	75¾	76¾	76¼
Can. & Atl.	3,100	62	32	32¾	32
Do pfd.	1,300	70¾	69¼	70	...
C. & A. St. P.	12,700	138¾	137¾	138¾	138¾
Chicago Southern.	100	66¾	66¾	66¾	66
Ch. Terminal	700	8¼	8¼	8¼	...
Do pfd.	100	18	18	18	...
Can. & Ohio.	700	30¼	30¼	30¼	30½
Cent. Tob. pfd.	900	102¾	102	102	101¾
Canadian Pacific.	3,300	117¾	116¾	117¼	116¾
Chi. Gt. Western.	1,000	17¾	17¼	17¾	17¾
C. C. C. & St. L.	400	73¼	73	73	...
Can. & Southern.	100	13	13	13	13
Do 2d pfd.	100	21¼	21¼	21¼	...
Chi. & Alton.	200	24¼	24	24	...
Chi. Gt. Western.	9,000	15¾	15¼	15¾	...
Do pfd. A.	200	66	65½	66	66
Con Products	500	18¼	17¾	18¼	64¾
Do pfd.	700	64¾	63¾	64¾	64¾
C. & E. I. pfd.	100	120	120	120	...
C. & W.	700	238	238	238	...
Del. & Hudson.	500	156	155	156	...
Detroit Southern.	300	8	7¾	8	...
D. M. & Ft. Dodge.	100	16	16	16	...
Detroit Un. Ry.	400	67¾	67¾	67¾	67¼
Del. Sec. Corpn.	200	21¾	21¾	21¾	...
Erie.	12,600	27¾	26¾	27¼	27
Do 1st pfd.	2,600	67	66½	67	66½
Do 2d pfd.	1,500	48¾	48¼	48¾	...
General Electric.	100	39	39	39	...
Hocking Valley.	100	74¾	74¾	74¾	...
Do pfd.	100	83½	83½	83½	...
Illinois Central.	1,600	129¾	129¾	129¾	129½
Iowa Central.	200	21¼	20¾	21¼	20½
Interb'l Paper.	400	11	10¾	11	10¾
Interb'l M. pfd.	70	96¾	96¼	96¾	...
Kan. & Mich.	100	27	27	27	...
K. City Southern.	900	20	18½	19¼	...
Do pfd.	1,700	37	33	33	...
Louis. & Nash.	12,600	105¾	104¾	105¼	103¾
L. & N. Alt.	100	27	27	27	...
Manhattan S. & M.	100	53¾	53¾	53¾	...
Met. Securities.	900	91	91	91	90¾
Manhattan	500	139½	139	139¾	...
M., K. & T.	2,000	17¾	17¼	17¾	17
Do pfd.	1,600	39	38¾	39	...
Met. St. Ry.	2,400	117¾	116¾	116¾	116¾
Mex. Cent. (Ltd.).	2,600	10¾	9¾	10¼	9¾
Mo. Pacific.	11,100	99¾	98¾	99¾	99¾
Minn. & St. L.	300	61	60	60	60
Missouri Pacific.	11,000	97¾	96¾	96¾	96¾
Minn. & St. L. pfd.	300	85¼	85	85¼	...
National Biscuit.	300	35½	35¼	35½	...
National Lead.	200	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾
N. Y. Central.	3,300	117½	117	117½	117¾
Norfolk & Western.	700	56½	56	56¼	56
N. Y. Ont. & W.	1,900	29¾	29¼	29¾	29½
N. Y. Air Brake.	1,900	127	122½	127	...
N. Y. C. & St. L.	1,200	34¾	34¼	34¾	35¼
Do 2d pfd.	300	61	60	61	...
Nat. Enamel.	300	18	18	18	...
N. C. & St. L.	100	106	106	106	106¾
People's Gas.	200	94¾	94¾	94¾	...
Penn. R. R.	95,200	115	113¾	114¾	113¾
Pressed Steel Car.	1,000	25	24½	25	24½
Pacific Coast	100	47½	47½	47½	...
Do 1st pfd.	300	85	85	85	...
Reading	16,000	42¾	41¾	42¾	40¾
Do 1st pfd.	200	75¾	75	75¾	...
Rubber Goods	1,700	15¾	14¾	15¾	...
Do pfd.	1,000	72¾	71¾	72¾	...
Rr. St. Spring pfd.	400	73	72½	73	72
Iron & S. pfd.	12,300	41	39¾	40½	41
Rock Island.	6,700	24¾	23¾	24¼	24
Do pfd.	400	50½	50	50½	...
Southern Railway.	4,900	20	19¾	20	19¾
Do pfd.	2,300	77¾	77¼	77¾	76¾
St. L. & S. I. 1st pfd.	100	34	34	34	...
Southern Pacific.	20,900	46½	45½	46¼	46
Do pfd.	300	14	14	14	...
St. L. & S. F. 2d pfd.	800	45¾	45	45¾	45
Sloss-Sheffield.	100	24	24	24	...
Toledo Ry. & Light.	800	23¼	23¼	23¼	23¾
Texas Pacific.	7,300	24¾	23½	24¾	23¾
Tenn. C. & Iron.	700	28¼	27¾	28¼	28
U. S. Rubber.	100	20	20	20	21
Do pfd.	200	33¼	32¼	32¾	32¾
U. S. Leather.	300	94	92	93½	92¾
Union Pacific.	35,300	74¾	73¼	74¾	73¾
Union B. & Paper.	200	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾
U. S. Realty & Inv. Co.	500	10½	10	10	...
Do pfd.	100	6	6	6	...
U. S. Steel.	500	38¾	38	38	38
U. S. Rubber pfd.	100	55¾	55¾	55¾	...
U. S. Steel.	3,800	11	10¾	10¾	11
Do pfd.	22,100	52¾	51¾	52¾	51¾
Va. Car. Chem.	500	38	37	38	...
Do pfd.	200	20¾	20	20	19½
Wabash.	2,600	15¾	15¾	15¾	...
Do 1st pfd.	100	44	44	44	43½
Do 2d pfd.	400	24¾	23½	24¾	...
Wheeling & L. E.	200	10¾	10¾	10¾	10½
Do 1st pfd.	4,000	35¾	34¾	34¾	35
Do 2d pfd.	400	16¾	16¾	16¾	16½
Wisconsin Central.	100	37	37	37	...
Western Union.	100	85¾	85¾	85¾	85¼
Warehouse.	500	138½	138	138½	...

New York stock sales, total, 432,100 shares.

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams	220	United States	100
American	180	Wells Fargo	195

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

Ref. 2s, reg	106¾	Do coup	133½
Do coup	106¾	*U. S. old 4s reg	109
New 4s, reg	107	Do coup	110
Do coup	107	U. S. 5s, reg	101¼
New 4s, reg	133¾	Do coup	101¼

*Ex-int.

NEW YORK BOND SALES AND QUOTATIONS

—10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.

Atch gen 4s	100¾	H-I C gm 4s	91
Do adj 4s	93¼	Do 1-Gt 2d 4s	93½
Alby-Sus 7s	107½	Do K C 2d 6s	97
Ann Arbor 4s	92	Do K C-P 1st	86½
Atlantic Coast L 1st	103¼	Do Mex Cent 4s	72¾
Adams Ex 4s	93¼	Do 1st inc	14¼
Do 5s	102¼	Do 2d inc	3¾
Bkn R T 4s	93¾	Do M & T 4s	88
Do 5s	88¾	Do 2d	76¾
Do C-H 4s	100¾	Do ext 5s	90¾
Do P L E W V 4s	94½	Do S W 2d	90
Beech Creek 4s	93¼	Do 4s	75
Do 2d	83¾	Do N-W con 4s	97¾
B R T 5s	100	Do Pocc 4s	90
Bkln El 4s	98¾	Do M C 1st 3½s	85½
Do 2d 5s	104¾	Do 2d	76¾
Buffalo Gen 5s	104	Do 4s	76¼
Do con 5s	104	Do 4s	102¾
Can Sou 2d 5s	106	Do L E-W 1st	90¾
Cent of Ga 5s	107¾	Coal 6s	112½
Do con 5s	114¾	Do C & I 4s	92¾
Do 1st inc 5s	93¾	Do C & I 5s	106
Do C-O 4½s	101¾	Do con 5s	114¾
Do con 5s	114¾	Do C & I 5s	106
Do C-J 5s	106¾	Do R-D 1st 4s	95¼
Do 2d 5s	93¼	Do 2d 4s	82¾
Do 3d 5s	94¾	Do 3d 4s	70¾
Do 4th 5s	94¾	Do 4th 4s	70¾
Do 5th 5s	94¾	Do 5th 4s	70¾
Do 6th 5s	94¾	Do 6th 4s	70¾
Do 7th 5s	94¾	Do 7th 4s	70¾
Do 8th 5s	94¾	Do 8th 4s	70¾
Do 9th 5s	94¾	Do 9th 4s	70¾
Do 10th 5s	94¾	Do 10th 4s	70¾
Do 11th 5s	94¾	Do 11th 4s	70¾
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CARS CRUSH OUT FORTY-TWO LIVES

Despite Strike, Death Roll During November Is Up to the Average.

LIST GIVEN BY CORONER.

Record of Accidents Shows Cables Are Much Less Dangerous than Trolleys.

Steam, electric, and cable trains caused forty-two fatalities in Cook county during November. Two deaths were caused by accidents on elevated railways, nine on trolley lines, four by cable trains, and twenty-nine by locomotives and railway trains.

Despite the fact that about one-third of the surface car system of Chicago was tied up during thirteen days, the month shows only one less cable and one less trolley car fatality than recorded in October.

The number of minor accidents on surface cars was reduced by a large percentage. There were ninety-eight accidents and 105 persons injured on electric lines in November, as against 123 accidents, with a total of 136 persons injured, in October.

Coroner's Record of Fatalities.

The list of fatalities on steam, electric, and cable lines for the month, as shown by the coroner's records follows:

Nov. 2—Edward Arndt, 11 years old, 7125 Emerald avenue, killed by Halsted street trolley; John Milke, 12 years old, 29 Berlin street, killed by Chicago and Northwestern train.

Nov. 3—Alfred H. Swanson, 5 years old, 979 North Forty-second court, killed by Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul train.

Nov. 4—Frank Fasch, 56 years old, 8067 Chicago avenue, killed by Fort Wayne train; Louis Sawyer, 30 years old, 1709 Ohio street, killed by Chicago and Northwestern train; William Dressler, 14 years old, 894 North Springfield avenue, killed by Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul train; Gaetano Percibesco, 26 years old, 6735 Hermitage avenue, killed by Belt line engine.

Nov. 5—Alexander Ordman, 20 years old, 108 Barber street, killed by cable train; Frank W. Smith, Bedford, Ind., killed by Wentworth avenue car.

Nov. 6—Walter E. T. Beck, 10 years old, killed by Madison street trolley car.

Nov. 8—Valentine Horan, 35 years old, killed by a Chicago and Northwestern train.

Nov. 9—Edward W. Bittney, Syene, Wis., killed by Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul train; Tony Denna, Twenty-second street and Archer avenue, killed by a Santa Fé train.

Nov. 10—Ernest Truckenbrodt, 39 years old, 1454 Milwaukee avenue, killed by Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul train; Thomas La Bekie, 72 years old, 6857 Calumet avenue, killed by Fort Wayne train; William Bondejow, 24 years old, killed by Chicago, Burlington and Quincy train.

Nov. 11—John Caborn, 23 years old, 8427 Mackinaw avenue, killed by a Lake Shore and Eastern train; Angelo Ciamproni, 2125 Clark street, killed by a State street cable train.

Nov. 12—Joseph Evans, 50 years old, 3042 Butler street, killed by a Fort Wayne train.

Nov. 14—Belle McMillen, 20 years old, 6502 Wentworth avenue, killed by Pennsylvania train; Claude Saunders, 648 Forty-fifth place, killed by Chicago Junction engine; John Conboy, 23 years old, 3259 Canal street, killed by a Chicago and Western Indiana train.

Nov. 15—Joseph Bibbo (supposed), 45 years old, killed by Chicago, Burlington and Quincy train.

Nov. 16—Harry Higgins, 42 years old, 15 North Ashland avenue, killed by Twelfth street trolley; Michael Mandyk, 26 years old, 82 Lister street, killed by trolley car.

Nov. 17—Alphonse Munth, 42 years old, 895 West Fortieth avenue, killed by Kedzie avenue trolley; John Olsen, 34 years old, 45 Townsend street, killed by Chicago and Northwestern train.

Nov. 19—John Skeba, 2640 Thirty-eighth street, killed by trolley; Anthony Hoffman, 1031 Wolfram street, killed by third rail on Northwestern elevated; Edward Timmerman, 12 years old, 4328 Milwaukee avenue, killed by cable train; Ole Ediderson, 40 Norwood park, killed by Chicago and Northwestern train.

Nov. 20—John Larkin, 44 years old, Highland Park, Ill., killed by Chicago and Northwestern train; John Dunne, 17 years old, 609 West Eightieth street, killed by Chicago and Eastern Illinois train.

Nov. 23—George Kingsberry, 31 years old, 5918 Stewart avenue, killed by Ailey "L" train.

Nov. 23—Albert Rohm Jr., 23 years old, 63 Twenty-fifth place, injured by Pennsylvania railway train.

Nov. 24—Eugene M. Welch, 27 years old, 6546 Union avenue, killed by Lake Shore and Michigan Southern train.

Nov. 25—Beasie Molchesold, 16 years old, 3225 Wallace street, killed by Chicago Junction train; unidentified man, 50 years old, killed by Baltimore and Ohio train.

Nov. 28—E. E. Mohler, 33 years old, 1202 Thirty-ninth street, killed by Pittsburg and Fort Wayne train; John Jungell, 17 years old, Pullman, killed by Illinois Central train; Fred Jaeder, 50 years old, 148 North Wood street, killed by Chicago and Northwestern train.

Nov. 29—Andrew Fields, 27 years old, crushed by cable train.

A complete record of the cable train accidents, kept by the police department, and included in the police report of the month, for the first time show the cables only to be one-third as dangerous as the trolley cars.

List Shows Forty-two Suicides.

During the month of November forty-two persons in Cook county committed suicide, and of these the majority chose carbolic acid as the means of self-destruction. The bullet, the knife, the rope, and gas were the means employed by others, but carbolic acid remains the favorite method of those weary of life. November's record exceeded that of the same month a year ago by twelve, and the number of suicides in October was three less than for November.

ACTOR HAS MANAGER ARRESTED

Following Strike at Cleveland Theater, E. J. Ratcliffe Accuses W. S. Cleveland of Assault.

W. S. Cleveland, proprietor and manager of the new theater at Wabash avenue and Hubbard court, was arrested yesterday, charged with assault, on the complaint of Edward J. Ratcliffe, an actor. The alleged assault was committed Sunday night, Nov. 22, when the actor was on strike.

"Although I have no agreement directly with Ratcliffe," Mr. Cleveland said, "and should not pay him, personally, any money I have been obliged to make advances to him, as he had no costumes and could not pay his board. Instead of repaying me, he insisted I keep this up. This got tiresome, and I told him he was not needed. Then, that Sunday night, Nance O'Neil delivered the ultimatum that she would not appear unless Ratcliffe was put back. I had to make some arrangements at once or abandon the performance.

"Ratcliffe was taken to a room and given to understand that he would have to go on the stage whether he wanted to or not, and he weakened and agreed to do his part. My contract was with McKee Rankin, who agreed to furnish the necessary players for the attractions I chose. I have now parted from him."

The case will be heard by Justice Martin.

POOL TABLE OWNERS FINED.

Three Halsted Street Proprietors Pay Penalty for Allowing Minors in Their Places.

The proprietors of the three Halsted street pool and billiard rooms who were arrested in a raid on Saturday were fined $10 each yesterday by Justice Chott for allowing minors in their places. Of the seventy-five men and boys taken at the same time, those under age were fined the costs and the others were discharged. The proprietors are: Anthony Pope, 95 Halsted street; Frank Cochran, 110 Halsted street; John Sterling, Halsted and Quincy streets.

"The evil influence of one of these pool rooms is greater than that of a saloon," said Justice Martin, telling of his experience while at the Harrison street police court. "There used to be one on State street that turned out more confidence men, crooks, thieves, and pickpockets than any other dive in the city.

"The rooms have cheap tables, and the games are so cheap, 2½ cents a cue, that boys are enticed into them. Cigarets and pool lead to dice and cards and gambling, and these prepare the way for criminal practices."

GIVE ORCHESTRA NEW LIFE

THREE MEN TAKE TITLE TO SITE OF PROPOSED BUILDING.

Option Expiring, J. J. Giessner, Bryan Lathrop, and D. H. Burnham Purchase the Ground North of Railway Exchange, They and Several Others Signing Notes for $350,000 to Secure Trust Deed — Structure to Be Erected When Money Is Raised.

Arrangements completed yesterday not only give the Chicago orchestra a new lease of life but make it extremely probable that the institution before another year will be occupying a new temple of music in Michigan avenue.

Bryan Lathrop, John J. Giessner, and D. H. Burnham took title to lots 165 to 168, 105x171 feet, immediately north of the new Railway Exchange building, for $450,000. Of this sum, $100,000 was paid a year ago, and to secure the balance a trust deed was executed to the Northern Trust company for $350,000. Ten Chicago men gave notes, each for $35,000, to secure this loan.

It is intended to erect on the site a $350,000 building if friends of the orchestra can succeed in raising the $750,000 fund proposed a year ago.

Expiration of the Option.

Negotiating the loan was necessitated by the expiration of the time limit in which funds were to be raised to pay for the site. The owner of the property, John Howard Whittemore of Boston, did not care to extend the time any further than next Saturday, so the arrangement was made with the security company.

Bryan Lathrop, president of the board of trustees of the orchestra, a year ago took title in his own name to the Michigan avenue property to give the orchestra an opportunity to acquire it whenever the funds were available. Mr. Lathrop did not care to assume the entire responsibility again, so D. H. Burnham and John J. Giessner became co-trustees with him.

The loan made by the trust company is for twenty years at 5 per cent. The guarantors are Bryan Lathrop, John J. Giessner, D. H. Burnham, Harold F. McCormick, Albert A. Sprague, Arthur Orr, William T. Carrington, George E. Adams, Frank O. Lowden, and William L. Brown.

Mr. Lathrop, though expressing considerable satisfaction over arrangements made to preserve the orchestra, declined to enter into a discussion of future plans with reference to the institution.

"There will be a meeting of the trustees within a few days," said he, "at which various plans will be discussed."

Orchestra Returns to Chicago.

The orchestra returned at 1 o'clock yesterday morning from a successful fourteen days' tour of cities in Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota, and Manitoba. It was its first visit in Canada, and enthusiastic receptions were accorded the musicians in Winnipeg, where the orchestra appeared two nights.

SHOWS A JURY HER NEW COAT.

Demonstration in Court Wins Mrs. Fannie Alschuler a $32 Verdict Against Her Tailor.

After watching Mrs. Fannie Alschuler try on a coat made by Meyer Sommer, a tailor at Forty-seventh street and Indiana avenue, a jury yesterday in Judge Mack's court gave a verdict in her favor for $32. The plaintiff alleged that the garment bulged out in places, was right in others, and altogether was improperly made. She sued the tailor to recover the price of the coat. The case was appealed from Justice Martin's court, where Mrs. Alschuler received a verdict for a similar amount.

Dunning Head Nurse Resigns.

Helen Scott Hay, superintendent of nurses at Dunning, yesterday filed her resignation with the civil service commission and it was accepted. Illness is given as the cause of the resignation.

THREE ON TRIAL; ONLY ONE IN COURT

Prosecution of Judges of Election Is a Precedent in Criminal Practice.

ONE IS DYING; ONE AWAY.

Men Are Charged With Permitting the Ald. Brennan Election Frauds.

With one defendant dying at his home, and another speeding eastward from the Pacific coast, accompanied by a bride, it is said, the trial of the three judges of election, charged with permitting the election frauds of which Ald. John J. Brennan and his codefendants were convicted yesterday, was opened in Judge Gary's court yesterday.

Before proceeding to the trial Judge Gary entertained a motion for a new trial in behalf of Brennan and his colleagues. The grounds of the appeal were not outlined in court, but will be presented Saturday morning, when the motion will be argued. Meanwhile, the trial of the judges of election may have been completed. If carried on as proposed by the attorneys—without the presence in court of two of the defendants—it will mark a precedent in the Criminal court practice.

Only One Defendant Present.

Harry O'Donovan, a cab driver, was the defendant present. Examining the indictment, which charges O'Donovan, Hiram B. Sherman, and John J. Kelly with "corrupt performance of duty," Judge Gary demanded:

"Where are the other defendants?"

"My client, Kelly, is ill. He is so ill that he may not recover," said Attorney W. S. Forrest, who had defended Brennan. "He is kept alive by the use of stimulants. He is at 180 West Madison street, and my statement may be verified there."

"The use of stimulants hardly would be an heroic remedy in that neighborhood," suggested the court.

"My client, Sherman, is in San Francisco," explained Attorney C. Stuart Beattie. "He leaves there today and will be here on Thursday."

Asks Forfeiture of Bond.

"I ask that his bond be forfeited," demanded Assistant State's Attorney Barnes. "He went to San Francisco to avoid testifying against Brennan. He left the city after his attorney was informed that his trial would follow that of Brennan."

There were a few smiles among the attorneys for the defendants, and, later, the word was passed around that Sherman's visit to the Golden Gate was made at the beck of Cupid.

"My client will be here Thursday," said Attorney Beattie. "It will take us until then to get a jury, and he will be here in time for the hearing of evidence."

Eight Jurors Are Secured.

The case was begun, and eight jurors were secured during the day. At that rate the jury will be completed today, but a later arrangement was made by which the trial may proceed in the absence of Sherman.

The specific charge against the defendants is that as judges of election they permitted Brennan and McCarle to go inside the voting booths, and allowed names to be voted twice. The case will be fought on technicalities, and the evidence will be supplied by the polling lists of the Twenty-seventh precinct of the Eighteenth ward.

DR. DE PEW CURES

PILES, FISTULA, VARICOCELE AND HYDROCELE AT HIS OFFICE

IN ONE DAY

WITHOUT PAIN, DANGER OR LOSS OF TIME.

HIS CURES ARE POSITIVE AND HIS GUARANTEES ARE THE ONLY ONES THAT GUARANTEE

Dr. De Pew's absolute certainty of cure is based upon a successful experience of more than thirty years in the treatment of thousands of cases. Not a single failure among them. This is the only kind of guarantee which you can absolutely depend on. How could Dr. De Pew afford to make you such an offer if he were not confident that he could cure you? His time and services are valuable, for he is one of the busiest practitioners in the United States. Yet he stands to lose both time and trouble if he does not cure you. Surely on these terms you can with confidence intrust your case to his care.

DR. DE PEW'S METHODS.

You may have tried other physicians and failed to find relief. But the failure of one physician is no proof that you cannot be cured. Medical science has made as gigantic progress as any other science in recent times, and what old-fashioned methods could not effect is quite possible with up-to-date, scientific methods. No matter how long you have suffered or how malignant the character of your disease, Dr. De Pew will cure you without fail by methods that involve no danger, no cutting, no loss of time. You do not run the slightest risk in placing your case in his hands. Dr. De Pew takes the risk in the matter. He guarantees a positive cure of

VARICOCELE

by harmless methods that do not maim or injure the organs, that restore you to vigor and health in a few days, and remove all the debilitating effects of Varicocele upon the nervous system and functional powers. Why run the risk involved in the old surgical methods, with their accompanying pain and danger and the tedious period of convalescence, when the modern methods employed by Dr. De Pew restore you to health, vigor and happiness without danger or loss of time?

HYDROCELE

or dropsy of the scrotum, which is often mistaken for rupture. In this disease Dr. De Pew does not resort to the usual practice of inexperienced physicians in drawing off the water every few weeks, but he has perfected an original method of treatment that enables him to effect a positive and permanent cure in one day without pain or use of the knife. Dr. De Pew guarantees a certain cure of

PILES, FISSURES, FISTULA

and all diseases of the rectum by a speedy and safe method. His success warrants him in saying that HE CANNOT FAIL to cure you. He has not met with a single failure in all his long practice.

HAVE YOU A RUPTURE?

And are you being tortured with a truss? THROW IT INTO THIS BASKET.

A truss will not cure you. It can only cause you pain and misery. Don't neglect a rupture. Strangulation of the bowel has caused countless deaths, and the smaller the hernia the greater the danger. Don't submit to the knife. It is a needless risk. Dr. De Pew will cure you WITHOUT THE KNIFE and cure you TO STAY CURED.

MAKE LIFE WORTH LIVING.

Are you a victim of any form of chronic disease of the Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Bowels, Blood, Skin or Nervous System? Have you Enlarged Glands, Sores or Ulcers? Are you weak, run down, nervous and easily exhausted? Are you suffering from Nervo-Vital losses, caused by violation of the laws of health? Come and consult Dr. De Pew. It will not cost you a penny. Nor will treatment cost you anything unless you are absolutely, permanently cured. Don't delay. Why continue to spoil your usefulness and happiness in life when the road to health and all the enjoyments of life lie plain before you? Call or address, with stamp.

NOTICE—If you cut out this advertisement and bring it to my office I will allow you 5 per cent cash upon final settlement of a cure.

DR. H. H. DE PEW,

Suite 211 and 212 Chicago Opera House Building,

Southwest Corner Clark and Washington Streets, Entrance at 112 South Clark Street, Chicago, Ill. (C. T.)

Hours: 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Sundays, 9 to 12.

Marshall Field & Co.

"The Home-Store for Gift Givers."

Fur Coats and Neck Pieces at Low Prices.

Every item in this list a remarkable bargain.

They are for the most part odd numbers gathered throughout our entire assortments which for various reasons have been greatly reduced in price. Exceptional opportunities are afforded for the purchase of acceptable Christmas gifts.

Fourth Floor North Room.

An Interesting Sale of Fine Fur Coats.

An offering without precedent in the quantity of garments included and in the extremely low prices at which they are to be sold.

Sealskin Coats—New genuine Alaska Sealskin Coats, 20 and 22 inches long, sizes from 34 to 40. Exceptionally well made and finished and high-class in every detail—a large number—$195.00.

Persian Coats.

Plain Broadtail Persian Blouse Front Coats, from very choice flat skins, Leipzig dyed, $175.00.

Plain Persian Box Front Coats, with lapels, $50.00.

Broadtail Persian Short Coats and Blouses, trimmed with real chinchilla, Russian sable or mink; a surprising value, $165.00.

At $145.00 we make the most extraordinary display of trimmed Persian Coats of which we ever have known. There are very many included, all new and covering the latest ideas in Short Coats and Blouses, trimmed with mink, blended sable, chinchilla and blended baum marten; lined with heavy all silk brocades and thoroughly first class; choice, $145.00.

Broadtail Persian.

Good quality genuine Broadtail Coats, made from Leipzig dyed skins, with trimmings of real chinchilla or natural Russian sable, $295.00.

Caracul Coats.

Very choice Black Caracul Coats and Blouses with natural mink collars and lapels, $95.00.

A very beautiful quality in a black Caracul Long Loose Coat, with collar, facings and cuffs of black fox, $150.00.

A Pattern Box Coat made in plaits, black caracul and natural Russian sable, $150.00.

Near Seal and Electric Seal Coats.

These coats were made in our own factory from the same pattern and with the same care as our sealskin coats. The skins used were the best obtainable and the qualities are as good as can be procured. Sizes range from 34 bust to 46 bust and the lengths are 34 and 36 inches.

The best Electric Seal Coats for $22.50.

The best Near Seal Coats for $30.00.

Remarkable Price Inducements in Fur Neckpieces.

MUFFS.

Blended Russian Sable Muffs.
Round, $65.00, $85.00 and $95.00.

Chinchilla Muffs.
Melon Shaped Muffs, 24-inch block; good color chinchilla, $15.00.
Melon Shaped Muffs, made from real chinchilla; very good quality skins and close thick fur, $40.00.

Blended Baum Marten Muffs.
Round Muffs, three and four stripes, 26-inch, blended baum marten, $35.00.

Blended Stone Marten.
Round Muffs of blended stone marten, very good quality, large size, $15.00.

Dyed Raccoon Muffs.
Round Muffs, exceptional value in a large quantity of black marten-dyed raccoon, large size, $3.00.

Alaska Fox Muffs.
Choice quality of Alaska fox; round muffs, $15.00. Saddle shape, $20.00.
Pointed Fox Saddle Muffs, $20.00.

Otter Muffs.
Natural, plucked otter, Round Muffs, 24-inch block; very choice quality, at $9.00, $10.00 and $13.50.

Beaver Muffs.
Most exceptional value in Beaver Round Muffs, made from choice Lake Superior skins, at $5.00, $6.50 and $8.00.

Mink Muffs.
Natural Mink Round Muffs, 3, 4 and 5 stripes, 24 and 26 inch blocks, for $25.00 and $30.00.

Electric Seal Muffs.
Electric and Nearseal Flat Muffs, in both saddle and empire shapes, at $5.00, $7.00 and $8.50. Electric Seal Round Muffs, very good quality, at $2.50.

Australian Opossum.
Natural Australian Opossum Round Muffs, at $3.50, and Saddle Muffs at $4.50.

Squirrel Muffs.
Round Muffs, good color, squirrel back, clear gray, 24 inch, at $7.00.

Bear Muffs.
Natural black and brown bear, 24 and 26 inch, Round Muffs, very good quality, at $7.50, $10.00 and $12.50.

SCARFS.

Blended Stone Marten Scarfs.
Blended Stone Marten Scarfs, made from two large handsome skins, ornamented with six tails, at $19.00 and $15.00.

Blended Baum Marten.
A number of superb Blended Baum Marten Long Shawls and Stoles at extremely low prices, $225.00, $175.00, $150.00 and $115.00.

Mink.
A numbr of very handsome Natural Mink Stoles and Long Shawls, extremely good value at $125.00, $95.00 and $75.00.

Mink.
Small Natural Mink Bishop Stocks at $8.00.
Handsome Three-skin Scarfs, ornamented with six tails, $17.50.

Broadtail.
Very choice quality broadtail Long Stoles, trimmed with mink tails, at $85.00 and $110.00.

Squirrel.
Natural Squirrel Back Shawls and Long Stoles at $40.00, $30.00, $25.00 and $20.00.
Squirrel Stock Collars with short tabs, plain or trimmed with marten, imitation ermine tails or mink tails, at $3.50.

Bear Scarfs.
Natural Black and Brown Bear Long Boas, Stoles and Victorines at these extremely low prices: $37.50, $30.00, $25.00, $20.00 and $15.00.

Electric Seal Scarfs.
Electric and Nearseal Wide Shawls and Stoles at $17.50, $15.00 and $10.00.

Alaska and Pointed Fox Scarfs.
Pointed Fox Long Scarfs and Stoles at $30.00 and $75.00.
Large Scarfs of Alaska fox at $22.50 and $20.00.

Black Fox.
Lace Trimmed Shawls in Stoles and Scarfs of black dyed fox, at $85.00, $65.00, $30.00 and $20.00.

MISCELLANEOUS.

One Natural Silver Fox Single Skin Scarf $75.00.
One Natural Blue Fox Long Two-Skin Scarf at $70.00.
White Caracul Stoles, $15.00.
Musquash and Ermine Shawls at $20.00.

Beaver.
Natural Pale Beaver Flat Stoles, very good quality, at $32.50 and $22.50.

Krimmer.
Krimmer Pelerines, with pointed ends, trimmed with passementerie and very good in quality, at $15.00.

Squirrel.
Very long Pelerines of natural squirrel backs, ornamented with passementeria, $40.
Shorter Pelerines at $26.50 and $19.00.

Bear.
Natural Black Bear Collarettes, with long tabs, $23.00.

Chinchilla.
Persian Lamb and Chinchilla Short Pelerines at $60.00, $40.00 and $30.00.

Moleskin Sets, $47.50—*The most fashionable fur of the season—moleskin. The sets consist of an attractive tie scarf with long tab ends and a flat cushion muff; the quality is very good and the price very low, $47.50*

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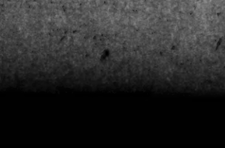

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